Stratigraphic analysis of the southwestern quadrant of the Cedar Hills Regional Landfill:

Incorporating recent borehole explorations and radiometric dating with previous investigations.

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I. Executive Summary

This report presents the results of my stratigraphic analysis of the southwestern quadrant of the Cedar Hills Regional Landfill (CHRLF). This analysis is a product of my internship work with Anne Udaloy of Udaloy Environmental Consulting (UEC), which lasted from June to November, 2014. During my time with UEC I acted as a field and office assistant, performed a Hydrologic Evaluation of Landfill Potential (HELP3), and conducted this stratigraphic analysis. My report was intended to incorporate the recent Area 8 borehole data into the pre-existing analyses. This analysis was conducted during the preparation of the Area 8 Hydrogeologic Report, but is my independent investigation and does not represent the opinion of UEC or their associates.

The CHRLF, in Maple Valley, WA, south of Squak Mountain, is a municipal solid waste landfill that has been in operation since the 1960s. A network of borings, the product of previous investigations, exists for my study area. I utilized the compiled boring logs, previous investigations, and the recently acquired data to produce a series of interpretative cross-sections for my study area.

I recognized 9 distinct stratigraphic units, including fill, within my study area. My interpreted stratigraphic units are similar to those identified in previous investigations such as the Area 7 Hydrogeologic investigation (HDR Engineering and Associates, 2008). These units include pre-Olympia aged non-glacial alluvium, glacial alluvium, and glacial till. Additionally, younger, Vashon-aged deposits of glacial till, recessional outwash, recessional lacustrine, and ice-contact were observed. An isolated "till-like" deposit was observed below the Vashon till. This could possibly represent an older till as mapped by Sweet Edwards (1985) and Booth (1995).

I cite the continuity of the lower contact of the Vashon till (Unit 5, Table 2) and the upper contact pre-Vashon non-glacial fluvial deposits (Unit 9, Table 2) as evidence that faults or other structural features do not offset the deposits in my study area. This conclusion supports the findings of the pre-existing body of work within the landfill property (Sweet Edwards and Associates, 1985; R.W. Beck and Associates, 1983 and 1984; EMCON, 1995; CH2M HILL and UES, 2004; and HDR and Associates, 2008) and the nearby Queen City Farms property (Landau and Associates, 1990, 1991a, 1991b, and 1992, and Golder, 1997).

II. Abbreviations and Acronyms

Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Earth and Space Sciences
Hydrologic Evaluation of Landfill Potential
King County Solid Waste Division
Light Detection and Ranging
Master's in Earth and Space Sciences: Applied Geosciences
National Priorities List
Puget Sound LiDAR Consortium
Queen City Farms
Seattle Fault Zone
Site-Wide Hydrogeologic Report
Udaloy Environmental Consulting
Udaloy Environmental Services
Volatile Organic Compounds
Washington Administrative Code

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This report presents the results of my internship work with Anne Udaloy, LHG, of Udaloy Environmental Consulting (UEC) and has been performed as a partial requirement for the degree of Master of Science: Applied Geosciences through the University of Washington's department of Earth and Space Sciences (ESS). My research focuses on the Cedar Hills Regional Landfill (CHRLF) in Maple Valley Washington. During my time with UEC I served as a field and office assistant, generated a HELP model (Hydrologic of Landfill Potential), and conducted the following stratigraphic analysis of the CHRLF, which utilizes data made available in the investigation of the proposed Area 8 lateral expansion.

1.2 Objective

The goals for this project were to analyze the stratigraphy of the southwestern quadrant of the CHRLF, produce a series of interpretative transects, and determine whether or not faults, or other structural features, are present in my study area. In addition to the pre-existing body of research, I utilized subsurface data collected for the proposed Area 8 lateral expansion of the CHRLF.

1.3 Scope of Work

This project was intended as an opportunity for me to incorporate the most recent borehole and radiometric data into the interpretation of the CHRLF's subsurface under the tutelage of a professional geologist with more than 20 years of experience at the site. The scope of work necessary to complete my work included: (1) a review of the geologic setting, (2) a review of the geomorphic setting, (3) a stratigraphic analysis of the subsurface via cross-sections, and (4) the preparation of this report. My deliverables include my interpretive cross-sections and this report.

1.4 Site Description and Available Data

The CHRLF, located in Maple Valley, Washington (Fig. 1), is a solid waste disposal site run by the King County Solid Waste Division (KCSWD). The landfill was opened for municipal waste disposal in the 1960s and has undergone several lateral expansions. Most recently, Area 8, along the southwestern border of the property, has been selected for development (Fig. 2).

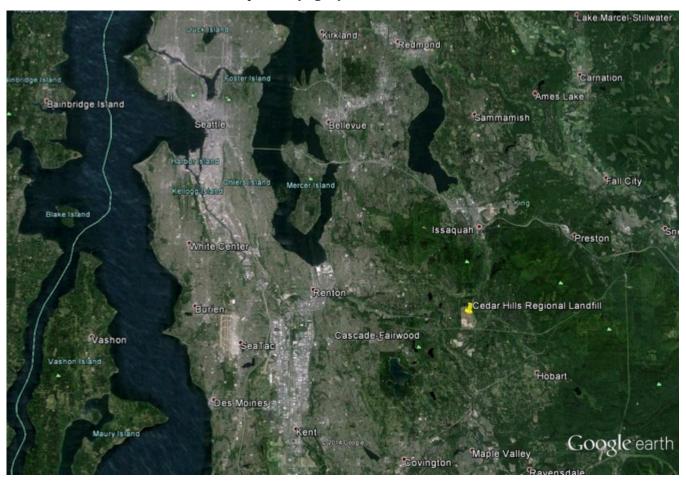


Figure 1.
Location map of the Cedar Hills Regional Landfill with relation to the city of Seattle

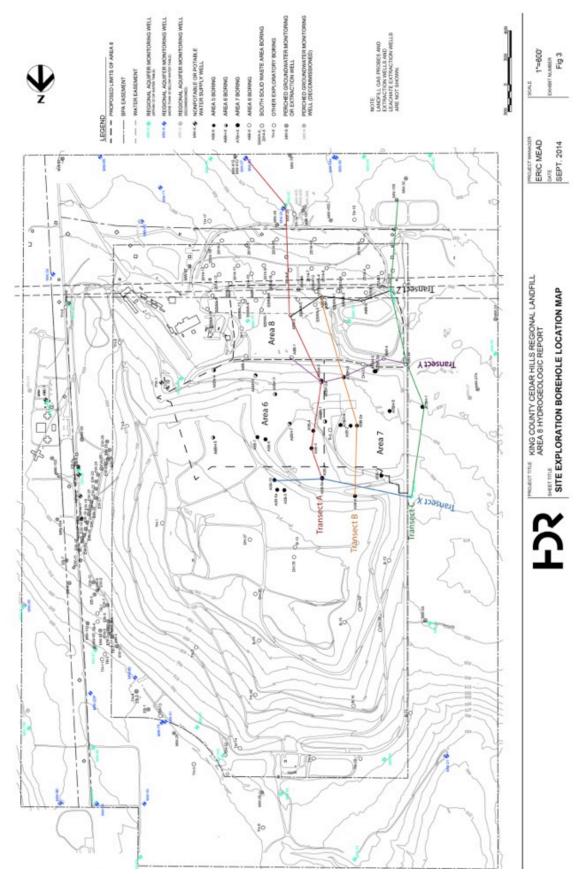


Figure 2.
Area map of the CHRLF, borehole data, and my chosen cross-sectional transects. Modified from (CH2M-HILL and UES, 2004)

A significant set of subsurface data exists for the Cedar Hills area. The geology of the area has been characterized in state and federal studies, and on behalf of private developments or assessments. These studies, along with those conducted for the Areas 5, 6, 7, and 8 expansions, have generated a grid of boreholes throughout the property. The borehole logs were consolidated, and interpreted, in the Site-Wide Hydrogeologic Report (SWHR)(CH2M HILL and UES, 2004), and in the Area 8 Hydrogeologic Report (HDR et al., 2014). The analysis presented in this report was conducted at the same time as the Area 8 investigation, but stands independent. I have utilized the boring logs and radiometric dates, collected for the Area 8 investigation, but do not reference the Area 8 Hydrogeologic Report's interpretations.

1.5 Geographic Setting

The CHRLF property is in northern Maple Valley, WA, south of Squak Mountain. The CHRLF is located on a plateau, between the Cedar River to the west and Issaquah Creek to the east (Fig. 3). The town of Mirrormont is to the east across Issaquah Creek.

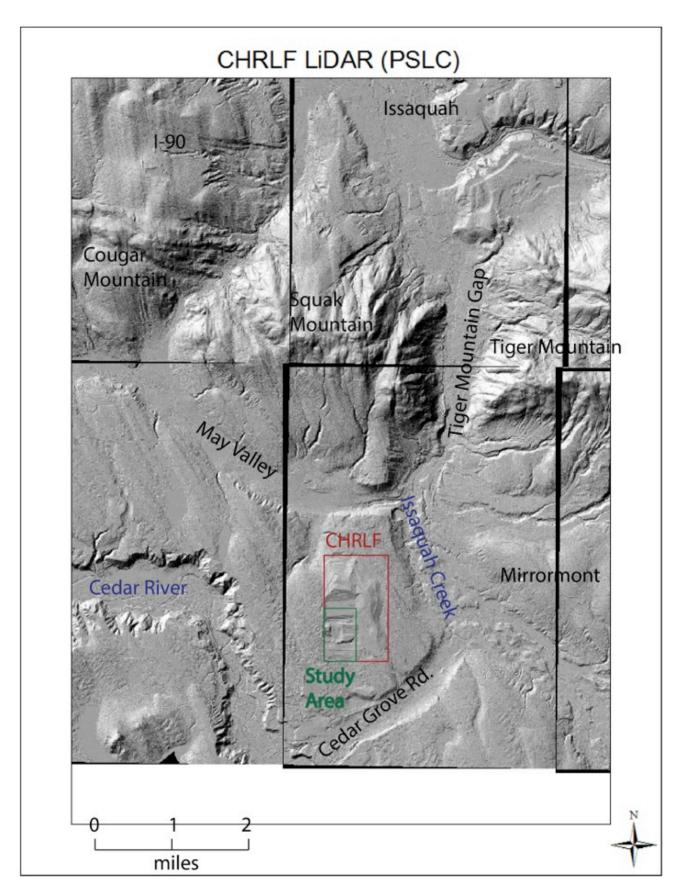


Figure 3. PSLC LiDAR imagery of the CHRLF and surrounding landmarks.

1.6 Geomorphic Setting

The CHRLF sits atop a plateau surrounded by outwash channels to the east, south, and west, and mountains to the north. Light detection and ranging (LiDAR) imagery, from the Puget Sound LiDAR Consortium (PSLC), shows a NW-SE trending glacial fabric, above the river valleys (Fig. 3). Vine (1962), mapped prior to development of the CHRLF, notes three drumlins on the property that is now the CHRLF. These features were labeled "Qgm: drumlinized ground moraine, chiefly till, in the lowlands".

The nearby lakes, Lake McDonald, Lake Kathleen, Queen City Lake, Webster Lake, and Francis Lake are likely kettle features, formed by isolated blocks of melting glacial ice, which remained after the last glaciation receded. Features such as these could exist in the stratigraphy below the CHRLF.

Development of the CHRLF has significantly altered the morphology of the site. The land at the peak of the hill has been graded, deforested, and the percentage of impermeable surfaces, i.e., roads and facilities, has increased. These changes may have altered the hydrogeology of the area, which could influence the rate of weathering of deposits over the life of the landfill.

2. Background

2.1 Surrounding Land Use

The land surrounding the CHRLF is used for several purposes (Fig. 4). The area to the north, east, and west is primarily residential. The former King County Alcoholism Treatment center is located on the southeast border of the property. Cedar Grove Composting, the Stoneway Concrete gravel mining operations, and the Queen City Farms property (QCF) are to the south.

QCF is currently listed on the National Priorities List (NPL) for groundwater contamination and was the catalyst for many of the detailed geoscience investigations in the area. QCF contained a pig farm, rendering plant, and small gravel mines. From 1952-1970 QCF also operated a disposal facility for farm, industrial, and commercial waste. On September 8, 1983 the QCF property was

proposed to the NPL under the Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA). This recommendation was made based on water quality tests from the site, which showed elevated levels of heavy metals and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs). QCF was officially accepted onto the NPL on August 16,1988. The final remedy was selected on December 31, 1992 and construction of the remedial methods, which included removal of contaminated material, an upgradient groundwater diversion system, and monitoring well installation, was completed on September 9, 1997. At present the QCF property is still listed on the NPL, due to groundwater contamination. The area is currently the home of the 4-Tek solvent repackaging facility.

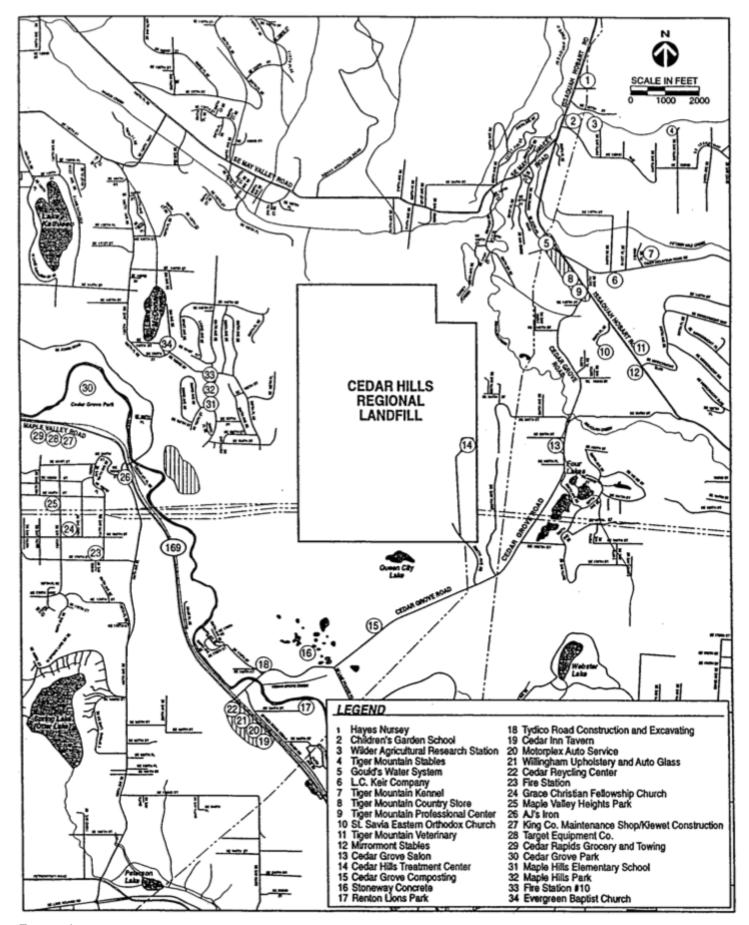


Figure 4.

Nonresidential land uses of the area immediately surrounding the CHRLF (CH2M HILL and UES, 2004,

2.2 Area Structural Geology

The CHRLF is set in the Seattle Uplift, i.e., the upthrown southern block of the Seattle Fault Zone (SFZ), east of lake Washington. This region is characterized by Quaternary deposits over sedimentary and volcanic, tertiary bedrock. Depth to bedrock at the CHRLF is estimated from Booth (1995) to be roughly 500 feet or more.

North-south tectonic shortening and consequential faulting and folding have affected the area to the east of Lake Washington, where the CHRLF is located. Booth and Minard, 1992, estimate that the CHRLF lies roughly 7-8 miles south of the Seattle Fault Zone (SFZ). The SFZ is a >70-km-long, 5-7-km-wide, east-west trending, thrust or reverse fault that defines the southern extent of the Seattle basin and the northern edge of the Seattle uplift (Liberty and Pratt, 2008). Aeromagnetic imagery from Blakely et al. (2002) suggests that the SFZ extends through Sammamish, north of the Newcastle Hills, and that a second fault zone, the Newcastle Hills Anticline, trends NW-SE just one mile north of the CHRLF (Fig. 8).

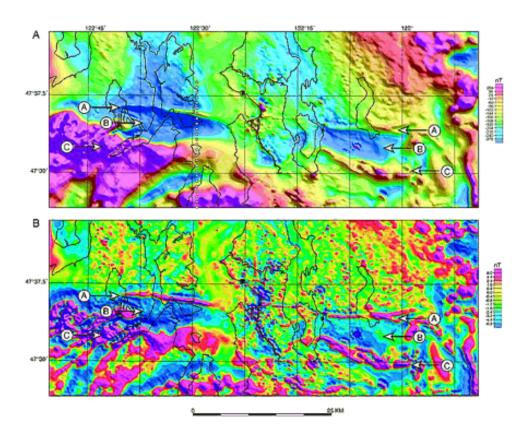


Figure 5.
Aeromagnetic imagery of the Olympic Peninsula, Puget Sound, Seattle, and the area east of Lake Washington (Blakely et al., 2002). A, B, and C correspond to aeromagnetic anomalies, which were used to establish the bounds of the SFZ.

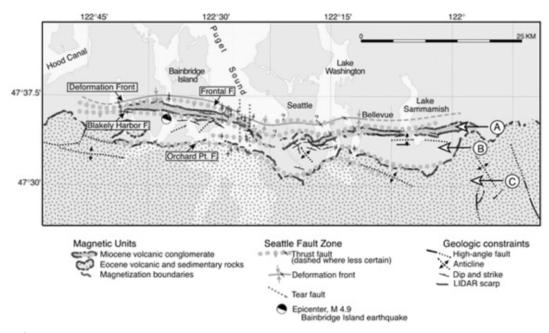


Figure 6. Generalized geology of the area discussed in Figure 5. A, B, and C correspond to aeromagnetic anomalies discussed in Blakely et al. (2002). The CHRLF is located south of the SFZ, east of Lake Sammamish.

The following figure (Fig. 7), modified from Troost and Booth (2008), illustrates the location of the CHRLF with relation to important structural and depositional features of the Puget Lowland. Of note is the proximity of the SFZ to the north of the CHRLF, just at the border of the Issaquah Alps. In addition, the study area discussed in this report falls well within the footprint of the Cordilleran Ice Sheet of the Vashon Glaciation. Therefore, I would expect to find glacial deposits in my cross-sections. The blue dotted line estimates the extent of the recessional lake, Lake Russell. Although the CHRLF is not clearly within those bounds it would not be unreasonable to assume that recessional lacustrine deposits could exist on site.

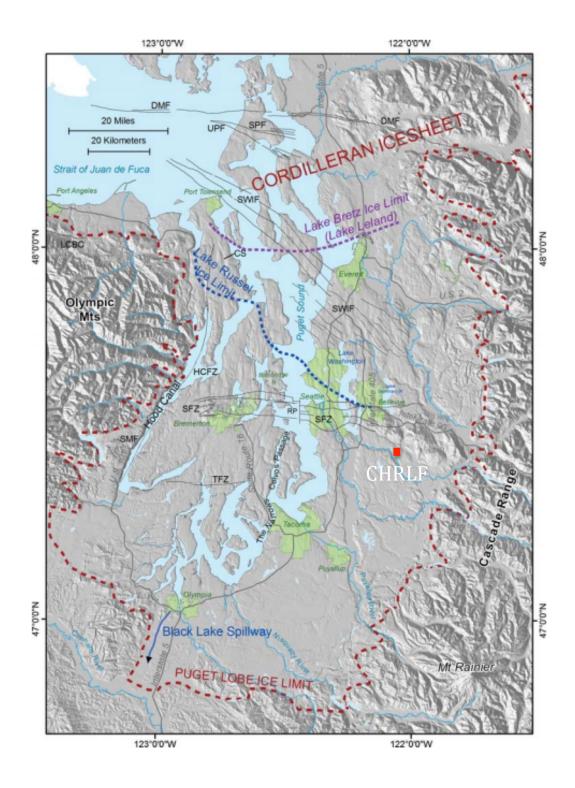


Figure 7.
Summary of major structural and glacial featrues of the Puget Lowlands relative to the CHRLF. Modified from Troost and Booth (2008).

Regional mapping efforts have identified faults in the region surrounding the CHRLF. Vine, 1962 mapped the Hobart, Sherwood, and Tiger Mountain faults 1-2 miles east of the CHRLF property as well as several unnamed faults in the Cedar River Valley walls $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 mile east (Fig. 8). Walsh (1984), proposed that a normal fault could occur within the bedrock $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 mile below the landfill. Based on the general NE-SW/E-W trends of the faulting observed to both east and west of the CHRLF it is possible that similar features could trend below my study area (Fig. 8).

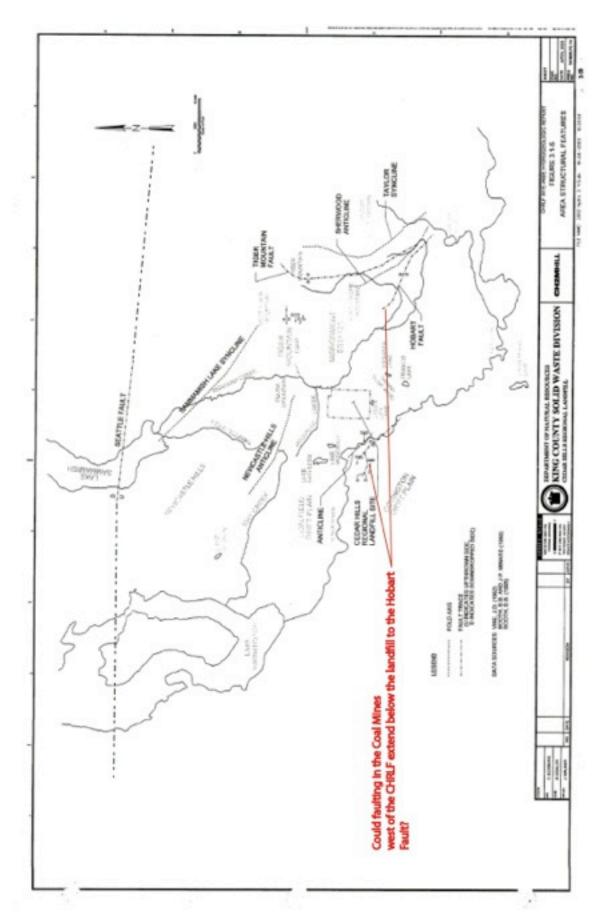


Figure 8. Generalized map of the structural features surrounding the CHRLF, from the SWHR, 2004. The faulting to the east and west trend towards the CHRLF and may extend below.

Investigations have been conducted to determine whether Holocene faulting has occurred within the bounds of the CHRLF property (Sweet Edwards and Associates, 1985; R.W. Beck and Associates, 1983 and 1984; EMCON, 1995; CH2M HILL and UES, 2004; and HDR and Associates, 2008). A stratigraphic analysis was performed during the preparation of the Site-Wide Hydrogeologic Report (CH2M HILL and UES, 2004). This report identified several laterally continuous "marker" beds below Area 5 that were also observable in some portions of Area 6. A marker bed of continuous silt at 520 feet in elevation was cited as evidence against the presence of Holocene faulting within the bounds of the study. In 2008, HDR and Golder released their geomorphic assessment of the Area 7 expansion. This evaluation concluded that there are no significant fault-related geomorphic features within a 5-mile-radius of Area 7 in the CHRLF. Additionally, it was determined that the faults to the west of area 7, mapped by Walsh in 1984, do not displace the surficial Vashon deposits and therefore, have not been active in the Holocene.

The hydrogeologic reports for areas 5, 6, and 7 did not find evidence of offset in the pre-Vashon sediments of the CHRLF. In addition to the 520-foot silt marker bed, the Area 5 and 6 reports, referenced laterally continuous units within pre-Vashon deposits as evidence that pre-Vashon deposits had not been offset in their study area (HDR and Associates, 2008, p. 2-3). These units included "laterally extensive silts within Unit D" (My units 6 and 8 from Table 3), and channel surfaces within unit E soils (My unit 9 from Table 3). The Area 7 report stated that "surfaces created by discrete depositional processes (e.g., gravels deposited in channels) that extend laterally beneath adjacent areas of the site also extend beneath Area 7 (HDR and Associates, 2008, Sec. 2 p. 4)" and that the surface of their Unit F gravels (Gravel packages within my unit 9 from Table 3) is "remarkably consistent beneath Area 7 and adjacent areas (HDR and Associates, 2008, Sec. 2 p. 4)".

2.3 Area Stratigraphy

2.3.1 Surficial Geology of Vine, 1962

In 1962, Vine mapped the surficial geology of the Maple Valley quadrangle, where the CHRLF is found. Vine's map is the earliest attempt to map the surficial

geology of this region. The top of the plateau is mapped as "Qg" (Quaternary glacial drift, primarily till) with isolated "Qp" deposits (Quaternary peat) and three NW-SE trending drumlins labeled "Qgm" (Quaternary ground moraine). The outwash channels nearby, through which Issaquah Creek and the Cedar River now flow, contain "Qs" (Unconsolidated Quaternary silt and sand), "Qt" (Terrace gravel and stratified drift), and "Qal" (Quaternary alluvium). The tertiary bedrock of the Renton formation, assigned the symbol "Tr", was observed in the eastern Cedar River valley wall. This bedrock was upthrown in the hanging wall of a fault observed in coal mines.

2.3.2 Surficial Geology of Sweet Edwards and Associates, 1985

In 1985, Sweet Edwards and Associates performed an analysis of the surficial geology of the CHRLF (Fig. 9). In this analysis, five geologic units, other than the existing landfill, were mapped. These units include, from youngest to oldest; Vashon recessional outwash, Vashon till, interbedded silt/sand within the Vashon till, pre-Vashon outwash and till, and Vashon and pre-Vashon outwash. The general interpretation of this analysis, which has influenced following analyses, is that two till units, separated by a sequence of outwash sands comprise the geology of the site. According to Sweet Edwards (1985) (Fig. 9), I would expect to find Vashon Till and Vashon recessional outwash at the surface of my study area. Additionally, if the mapped outwash sands and till units are laterally continuous they would extend below my study area at depth.

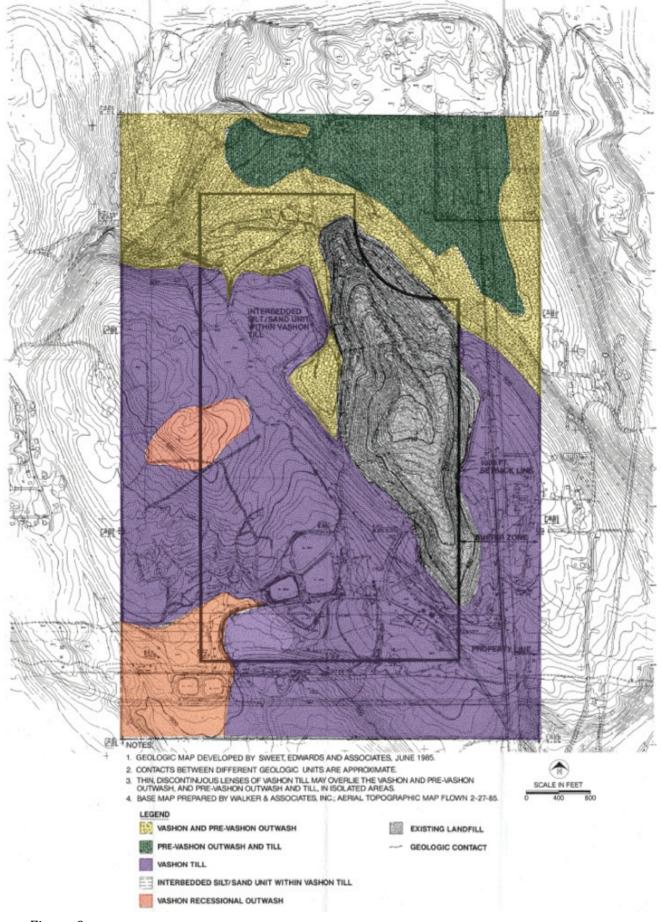


Figure 9.
Surficial geologic map of the CHRLF, edited from Sweet Edwards (1985).

2.3.3 Surficial Geology of Booth, 1995

Booth, the author of the 1985 Sweet Edwards map, revisited the surficial geology of the Maple Valley Quadrangle in 1995. This map contains additional details of the geology of the valley walls near the CHRLF (Fig. 10). The drumlins at the surface of the Cedar Hills plateau, mapped by Vine, are visible as topographical features but are not distinguished from the surrounding "Qvt" (Quaternary Vashon till) or the "Qm" (Quaternary modified land) representing the CHRLF. Below the Qvt of the plateau surface, in the recessional valley walls, Booth mapped a unit of "Qva" (Quaternary Vashon advance outwash sands).

Along the north and eastern border of the Cedar Hills Plateau this Qva meets the "Qvr" (Quaternary Vashon recessional outwash) of the recessional channels. These recessional deposits are further classified into "Qvr1", "Qvr2", and "Qvr3" by age, where Qvr1 is the oldest and Qvr3 is the youngest. These recessional deposits are of a similar age with "Qvi" (Quaternary Vashon ice-contact deposits).

In the eastern wall of the Cedar River Valley, Booth mapped a sequence of pre-Fraser deposits below his Vashon advance outwash. This includes a discontinuous, pre-Fraser till at a relatively consistent elevation near 450 feet. The sedimentary deposits below the mapped pre-Fraser till are labeled as "Qpf" (Quaternary pre-Fraser deposits).

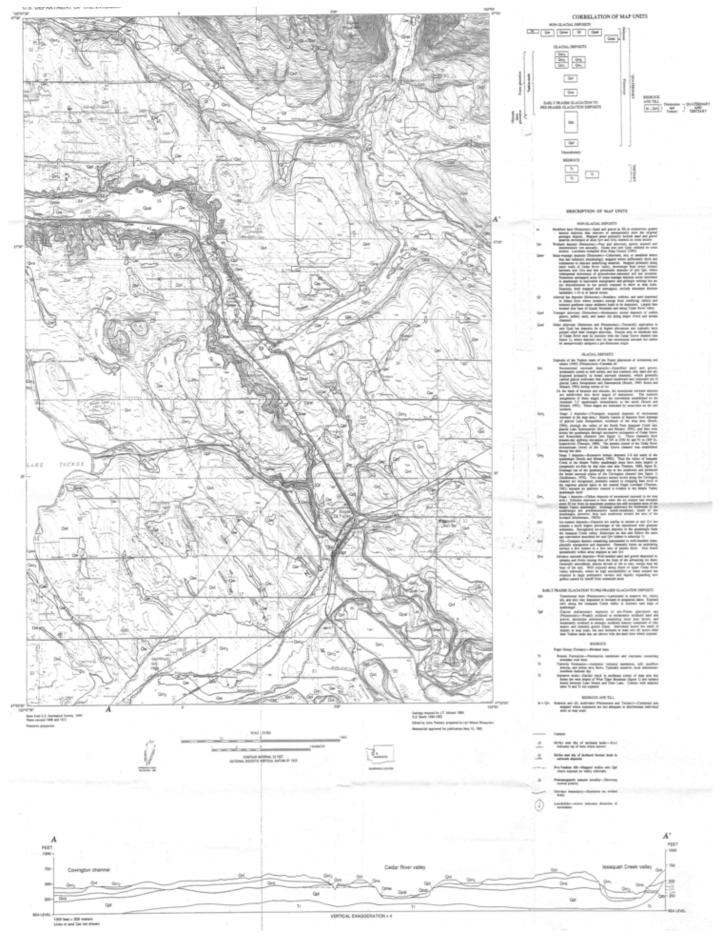


Figure 10.
Surficial geology map of the Maple Valley Quadrangle (Booth, 1995)

2.3.4 Area 7 Hydroegologic Report Stratigraphy

The most recent Hydrogeological report for the CHRLF, prepared for the Area 7 lateral expansion, by HDR and Associates (2008) interpreted 8 stratigraphic units below the CHRLF (Table 1). This interpretation says that the subsurface of the CHRLF contains sedimentary bedrock overlain by pre-Vashon fluvial, lacustrine, and alluvial deposits with possible pre-Vashon till. These pre-Vashon deposits are overlain by Vashon-aged ice contact and till deposits, capped by Vashon Recessional outwash and young alluvium. Contacts between units are interpreted as erosional unconformities, which may be angular, especially in the case of channelized erosional unconformities.

		Table 3.2-1 Summary of CHRLF Site Stratigraphic Units	
Formation	Depositional Facies	Sediment Type	Approximate Elevations and Locations Beneath CHRLF
Unit A: Recent alluvium	Stream channels, swales, enclosed depressions	Peat (in enclosed depressions); fine sands and silt with abundant organic material.	Occurs as thin (less than 10-foot-thick) surficial deposits overlying glacial soils.
Unconformity			
Unit B: Vashon recessional outwash	Aeolian	Yellow-brown and brown and brown silt, sandy silt, and silty sand.	Occurs as a thin (less than 10-foot thick) surficial deposit at elevations of about 510 to 540 feet in the northeastern corner of CHRLF.
Unit B: Vashon recessional outwash	River channel and deltas	Brown and orange-brown gravels and sands.	Occurs as a surficial deposit at elevations of about 419 to 550 feet in the southwestern corner of CHRLF; also occurs as a thin (less than 10-footthick) surficial deposit on and near the topographic high west of Area 5 and Area 6.
Unconformity			
Unit C: Vashon till (ablation till)	Meltwater of receding glacier	Gray silt with varying proportions of gravel and sand, less dense than lodgement till. May include glaciolacustrine deposits.	Occurs as surficial deposits, inconsistently differentiated from lodgement till and ice contact deposits, likely present in most portions of the CHRLF and QCF sites.
Unit C: Vashon till (lodgement till)	Beneath continental glacier	Dense to very dense gray silt with varying proportions of gravel and sand.	Generally occurs below surficial deposits; a relatively (15-foot) thick section occurs at elevations of about 405 to 440 south of the SSWA.
Unit C: Vashon ice contact (stratified drift) deposits	Glaciolacustrine and glaciofluvial, transitional with till	Glaciolacustrine deposits are gray fine sand and silt, occasionally varved; glaciofluvial deposits are silty gravels and silty sandy gravels with sandier and siltier interbeds; includes clean sandy gravels as channel deposits. Less dense than lodgement till.	Occurs as surficial deposits (where it may include ablation till) and beneath lodgement till at elevations above about 500 feet. Identified beneath the Main Hill and subsequent developed areas and above lodgement till at the QCF site. Absent from the north and northeastern periphery of CHRLF.
Unconformity			
Unit D: pre-Vashon deposits: alluvial gravels and possible till	Alluvial fan, braided river charuel, and braidplain; may include glacial till.	Silty to slightly silty with interbedded clean gravels and sands; typically contain trace to little yellow brown and brown fines; silt content generally increases upwards, dated as Olympia interglacial deposits (HDR Engineering and Aspect Consulting, 2003). Uppermost silty gravel mapped as till by Minard (see Figure 3.1-4).	Occurs at elevations of 410 to about 600 feet beneath the all portions of the CHRLF site north of the SSWA and east of the western Perimeter Road.

Table 1.
Stratigraphic units identified in the Area 7 Hydrogeologic Report (HDR and Associates, 2008)

		Table 3.2-1 Summary of CHRLF Site Stratigraphic Units	
Formation	Depositional Facies	Sediment Type	Approximate Elevations and Locations Beneath CHRLF
Unit D: pre-Vashon deposits: alluvial gravels	Braided river channel and braidplain.	Slightly silty to clean gravels with interbedded sands; typically contain trace to few yellow brown and brown fines; grades upwards into brown and yellow brown silty gravel with interbedded silty sand, dated as Olympia interglacial deposits or older (HDR Engineering and Aspect Consulting, 2003).	Occurs at elevations of about 400 to about 500 feet beneath the all portions of the CHRLF site north of the SSWA and east of the western Perimeter Road.
Possible unconformity			
Unit E: pre-Vashon deposits: lacustrine or fluvial sands and silts	Sequence of meandering fluvial deposits or possibly lacustrine turbidites	Repeated sequences of fine sand with few to no fines and trace to some gravel; gravels are dispersed in matrix when present; sequences are typically capped by laminated silts, dated as Olympia interglacial deposits or older (HDR Engineering and Aspect Consulting, 2003). Includes laterally-equivalent clean gravels and gravelly sands.	Occurs at elevations of 320 to about 400 feet beneath the all portions of the CHRLF site north of the SSWA and east of the western Perimeter Road.
Unconformity			
Unit F: pre-Vashon deposits: fluvial gravels	Channel deposits within meandering or anastomosed fluvial deposits, consists of gravel channels deposits incised into underlying fine-grained soils; includes associated floodplain deposits.	Sandy gravel and gravelly sand channel deposits with lateral deposits of gravelly sand, gravelly silts, silty gravels, sand, silty sands, sandy silts, and silts; occurs above and below soils, dated as Olympia interglacial deposits or older (HDR Engineering and Aspect Consulting, 2003).	Occurs at elevations of 250 to 320 feet beneath all portions of CHRLF north of the SSWA and east of the western Perimeter Road.
Unit F: pre-Vashon deposits: fluvial sands and silts	Meandering or anastomosed fluvial deposits, includes minor sandy gravel channels deposits and minor eolian deposits	Gray fine sand, coarse silt, silt, occasional thin (less than 10-foot-thick) layers of varved silts and clayey silts, includes occasional thin (less than 10-foot-thick) sandy gravels or gravelly sands, dated as Olympia interglacial deposits or older (HDR Engineering and Aspect Consulting, 2003).	Occurs at elevations below about 250 feet beneath all portions of CHRLF north of the SSWA and east of the western Perimeter Road. Occurs at elevations below about 360 feet beneath all portions of CHRLF south of the SSWA and at elevations below about 400 feet beneath the CHRLF site buffer zone west of the western Perimeter Road.

Table 1 Continued (Pg. 2/3).

		Table 3.2-1 Summary of CHRLF Site Stratigraphic Units	
Formation	Depositional Facies	Sediment Type	Approximate Elevations and Locations Beneath CHRLF
Possible unconformity			
Unit G: pre-Vashon deposits: massive clayey lacustrine deposits	Lacustrine	10- to 40-foot-thick deposit of blue to gray silt, clay, silty clay, or clayey silt, with possible gravel interbed. Typically very dense, varved, with obvious slickensides.	Identified only in southeast portion of CHRLF: well MW-54 at 284 to 296 and 302 to 312 feet (also identified beneath eastern boundary of QCF site: well K(2) at elevation 299 to 341 feet, well G(3) at elevation 235 to 245 and 269 to 294 feet, and well P(2) at elevation 315 to 334 feet).
Unconformity			
Unit H: Bedrock	Siltstone or sandstone	Quartzose silt and fine sand with minor calcareous cement.	Potentially identified in ATC-1 at elevations of 90 to 170 feet.

Table 1 Continued (Pg. 3/3).

2.3.5 Summary of Stratigraphy

Based on earlier efforts by Vine, Walsh, Booth, HDR, and others, I expect to find primarily glacial sediments within the bounds of my study area. Figure 11, modified from Troost and Booth (1999), illustrates the general stratigraphic units of glacial and interglacial units in the Puget Lowlands. Based on the discussed interpretations from the previously listed authors, I expect that the sediments at the CHRLF will be born of the Fraser glaciation, the Olympia interglacial period, and possibly pre-Olympia periods such as the Possession drift, Whidbey formation, or Double-Bluff drift. However, I cannot rule out the possibility that deposits from the Puyallup Valley section are not present due to major unconformities in the subsurface.

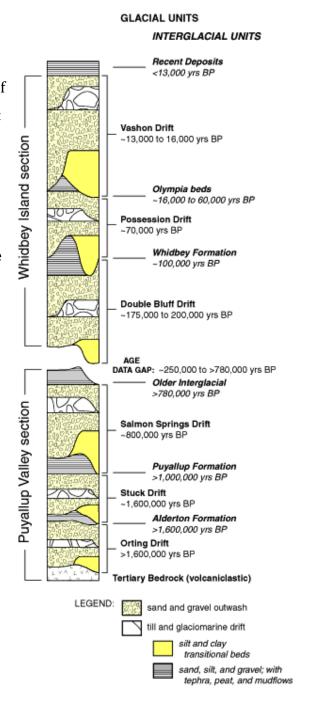


Figure 11.
Generalized stratigraphic column of glacial and interglacial deposits observed in the Puget Lowlands. Modified from Troost and Booth (1999).

2.4 Groundwater

Groundwater is a primary source of weathering in subsurface deposits and has affected the sediments in my study area. Beneath the CHRLF are a series of saturated zones, suspended on clay and silt lenses, above a deeper regional aquifer. The regional aquifer is recharged by precipitation and discharges to the northeast towards the Tiger Mountain Gap (Fig. 3). The primary recharge area for the CHRLF is located to the south, within the QCF property, just north of Main Gravel Pit Lake. The general trend of groundwater flow is radial from the recharge zone in the QCF property and trends to the northeast below the CHRLF (HDR and Aspect, 2003).

3. Methods

The findings I present in this report are drawn from my stratigraphic analysis and were informed by my literature review of previous CHRLF hydrgeologic reports. The field component of my work was minimal limited to the drilling and logging of A8B-8 and A8B-9.

In order to place the CHRLF within a regional geologic framework, I reviewed papers by Liberty, Pratt, Troost, Blakely, and others alongside the regional maps produced by Booth, Minard, and Walsh. The Site-Wide Hydrogeologic Report, along with the Area 7 Hydrogeologic Report informed my interpretation of the geologic contacts in the subsurface of my study area.

My stratigraphic analysis utilized boring logs that had been compiled in the SWHR (2004) (Area 5, Area 6, MW, and DH wells), the 2008 Area 7 Hydrogeologic Report (Area 7 wells), and those passed on to me by my mentor (Area 8 wells). I chose to plot six cross-sections, three trending north to south, labeled A, B, and C, and three trending east to west, labeled X, Y, and Z (Fig. 3). I then performed a stratigraphic analysis, based on the borehole data now plotted (Appendix 1), and produced corresponding interpretative cross-sections (Discussion, Section 5, Fig. 13-18).

4. Analysis

4.1 Radiometric Dates

Radiometric dating of organic material in the CHRLF was incorporated into my analysis. Six samples, four from A6BH-2a, one from A8B-2, and one from A8B-5 were utilized in my analysis. These samples are summarized in Table 2. The samples taken at 540.6 and 512.6 feet in elevation in A6BH-2a fell within my interpreted Vashon till unit (Unit 5). There is a significant margin of errors inherent to the date independent of the testing errors. Glacial environments are very high in energy and will rework material in their path. Therefore, radiometric dates taken from glacial deposits may be dating material older than their bearing unit.

Dates of samples taken within the high-energy fluvial deposits below the till (Unit 6 from Table 3) suggest an age consistent with the Olympia interglacial period (Troost, 2008). Assuming these materials are in-situ and representative of the age of the surrounding material I would classify these deposits as Qob (Quaternary Olympia Beds). However, it is unusual to not observe advance outwash deposits where more than one till exists (Personal Communications with Kathy Troost, November 2014). I would expect deposits of both within this unit, but they may be indistinguishable from one another. For this reason I have labeled unit 6 as Qob/Qva (Quaternary Olympia Beds or Quaternary Vashon Outwash) (Table 3, unit 6).

Borehole	Transect	Sample Depth (ft.)	Sample Elevation (ft.)	Radiometric Age (ybp)	Bearing Unit (Table 3)
		48.0 - 49.0	539.6 - 540.6	35,500 ± 830	5
A6BH-2a	A and Y	76.0 - 77.0	511.6 - 512.6	> 45,810	5
Абвп-2а	A and Y	209	379.6	> 46,600	9
		328.0 - 328.5	260.1 - 260.6	> 46,880	9
A8B-2	A and Z	130	456	32,030 ± 190	6
A8B-5	Z	88	442.6	31,210 ± 170	6/8

Table 2. Radiometric dates utilized in this analysis (HDR and Aspect, 2003, Table A-1 and HDR et al., 2014)

4.2 Stratigraphic Units

Sand, gravel, silt, clay, cobbles, boulders, and peat comprise the subsurface of my study area. I identified patterns of deposition consistent with fluvial, lacustrine, and till deposits. My interpretative cross-sections of the borehole data are presented in section 4.3.

I interpreted nine major stratigraphic units within my study area (Table 3 and Figure 12). The deepest boreholes encountered a unit of fluvial deposits, below 412 feet in elevation, which continued beyond the base of the boreholes. This unit contained distinct black and white sand, a relatively high occurrence of organic material, and possible ash layers, below. This unit gives way to a higher-energy, channelized, fluvial unit wherein the black and white sand is absent and organics appear much less frequently. In A6BH-2a, of cross-sections A and Y, a deposit of intact till-like clasts, within a well-graded gravel, was logged between 444.05 and 430.5 feet in elevation. This could correspond to the older till described by Booth (1985 and 1995) (Fig. 9 and 10). Assuming that unit 7 is indeed a distinct till unit, by the law of superposition, I separated the high-energy fluvial deposits above this unit from those below.

A unit of sand and gravel with a silty matrix, and some cobbles and boulders appears near or at the surface of each borehole. This unit was typically difficult to drill compared to the sediments below. This description is consistent with a lodgement till. Given the shallow position of this unit in the stratigraphic column and radiometric ages from its basal contact (Table 2) I interpret this to be the Vashon till.

Unit 5, my proposed Vashon till, is visible at the surface of the majority my study area, except where it is overlain by artificial fill or possible recessional deposits. Units 1, 2, 3, and 4 in Table 2, all overlay my interpreted Vashon till, but have differing properties. Based on superposition, topography, and my interpretation of the described material properties of the unit, I expect that unit 4 is the oldest of a sequence of recessional deposits. Booth (1985) (Fig. 9) mapped a

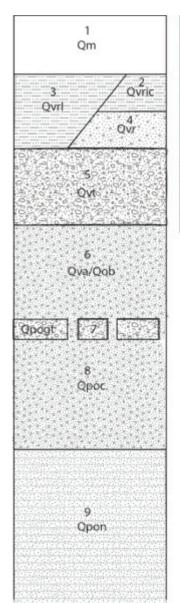
recessional deposit at the southwestern border of the CHRLF property. It stands to reason that my unit 4, observed in the southern-most two boreholes of transect A (Fig. 32), is the same recessional outwash observed by Booth, and that his surficial map of the CHRLF underestimated the lateral extent of the deposit (Fig. 9).

Unit 3 is observed above the Vashon Till in cross-sections A, B, C, and X (Fig. 13, 14, 15, and 16) to the north. This deposit of interbedded silt and clay with some gravel and trace organics may be the result of a recessional lake due to ice damming of outwash channels.

Unit 2 lies above unit 3 and was recognized in cross-sections A, C, and X (Fig. 13, 15, and 16). This deposit is significantly harder and dryer than unit 3 and was logged as "weathered till" in borehole MW-72. I do not think it's likely that this is actually a younger till than unit 5, but is more plausibly a Vashon recessional ice contact deposit. A block of ice, left behind after the glacier receded could have left such a deposit. The nearby kettle lakes, discussed in section 1.4, may have been formed in a similar manner and lend weight to the theory of isolated ice blocks remaining during the recession of the Vashon glacier.

Unit Relative Age (Young to Old)	Unit Description	Interpretation	Apparent Locations	Label
1	Modified land, fill	Fill	Transect Z: Above 500 ft.	Qm
	·	 Unconformity	Transect Y: Above 538 ft.	·
2	Gray, sometimes brown, SILT and SAND with some gravel, trace organics, and trace orange mottling.	Vashon Recessional Ice-Contact Deposit	Transect A: Above 600 ft. Transect B: Above 600 ft. Transect C: Above 655 ft.	Qvric
3	Gray, dark gray, brown, dark brown, and black, SILT and CLAY with some gravel and trace organics.	Vashon Recessional Lacustrine	Transects C and X: Above 598 ft.	Qvrl
4	Gray, gray-brown, brown, and yellow- brown, GRAVEL, SAND, and SILT with some clay, a few cobbles, and trace organics.	Vashon Recessional Outwash	Northern end of transects A, B, and C above 510 ft. Transect X: Above 510 ft.	Qvr
5	Gray, brown, or yellow-brown, GRAVEL and SAND with some silt and a few cobbles and boulders, trace orange mottling, hard and dry.	Vashon Till	Found in all transects at the surface where not overlain by recessional deposits or modified land.	Qvt
		Unconformity		T
6	Yellow-brown, brown, orange-brown, yellow-gray, and gray SAND, SILT, and GRAVEL with trace mottling, organics absent.	Pre-Vashon fluvial deposits, possibly Olympia Beds (Based on radiometric dating) and Vashon Advance Outwash	Found in all transects below the Vashon Till.	Qob/Qva
7	Gray, well-graded GRAVEL and silty SAND with gravel, trace orange mottles, hard.	Pre-Olympia Glacial Till	Most apparent in Transects A and Z between 405 and 442 ft. Is likely present elsewhere but in a very weathered state.	Qpogt
8	Yellow-brown, brown, orange-brown, yellow-gray, and gray SAND, SILT, and GRAVEL with trace mottling, organics absent.	Yellow-brown, brown, orange-brown, yellow-gray, and gray SAND, SILT, and GRAVEL with trace mottling, organics grained Deposits likely present below unit 8.		Qpoc
		Unconformity		T
9	Gray, dark gray, brown, dark brown, and black SILT, SAND, and GRAVEL, lack and white sand, some organics, a few peat layers, and apparent fining-upward sequences with silt caps.	Pre-Olympia Non- glacial Deposits	Basal unit present in all transects below 412 ft.	Qpon

Table 3. Stratigraphic units delineated in my analysis.



Unit Number (Youngest to Oldest)	Label	Abbreviation Meaning
1	Qm	Quaternary modified land (fill)
2	Qvric	Quaternary Vashon recessional ice contact deposits
3	Qvrl	Quaternary Vashon recession lacustrine deposits
4	Qvr	Quaternary Vashon recessional outwash
5	Qvt	Quaternary Vashon till
6	Qva	Quaternary Vashon advance outwash
6	Qob	Quaternary Olympia beds
7	Qpogt	Quaternary pre-Olympia glacial till
8	Qpoc	Quaternary pre-Olympia coarse-grained deposits
9	Qpon	Quaternary pre-Olympia non-glacial deposits

Figure 12.
Generalized stratigraphic column of the units delineated in my stratigraphic analysis.

4.3 Interpretative Cross-Sections

In this section I present my interpretative stratigraphic cross-sections of the southwestern quadrant of the CHRLF. Transects A, B, and C trend north-south with east into the page. Transects X, Y, and Z trend east-west with north into the page. The location of the transects are illustrated in the CHRLF borehole map (Fig. 13) and the color of each transect in corresponds to the title-color at the top of each cross-section.

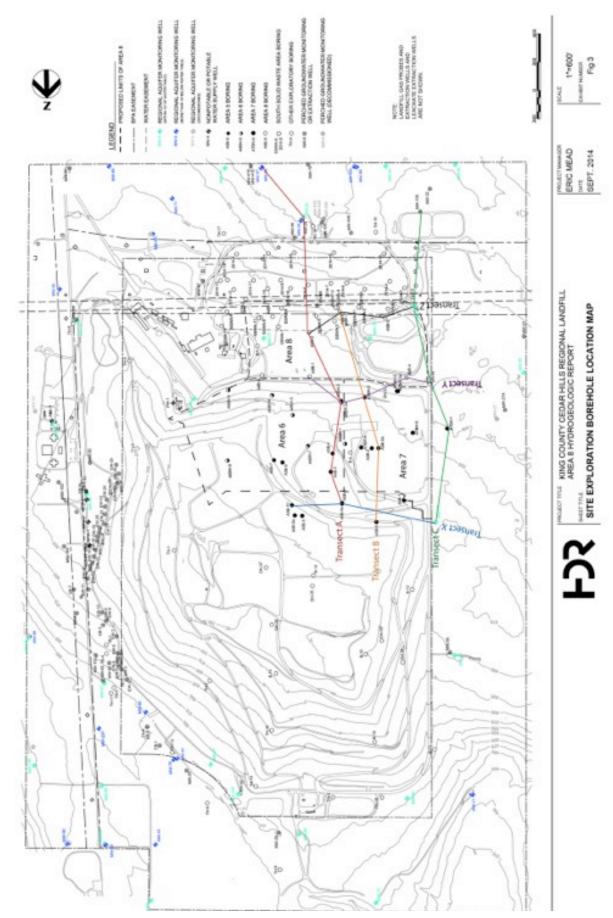


Figure 13.
Area map of the CHRLF, borehole data, and my chosen cross-sectional transects. Modified from (CH2M-HILL and UES, 2004)

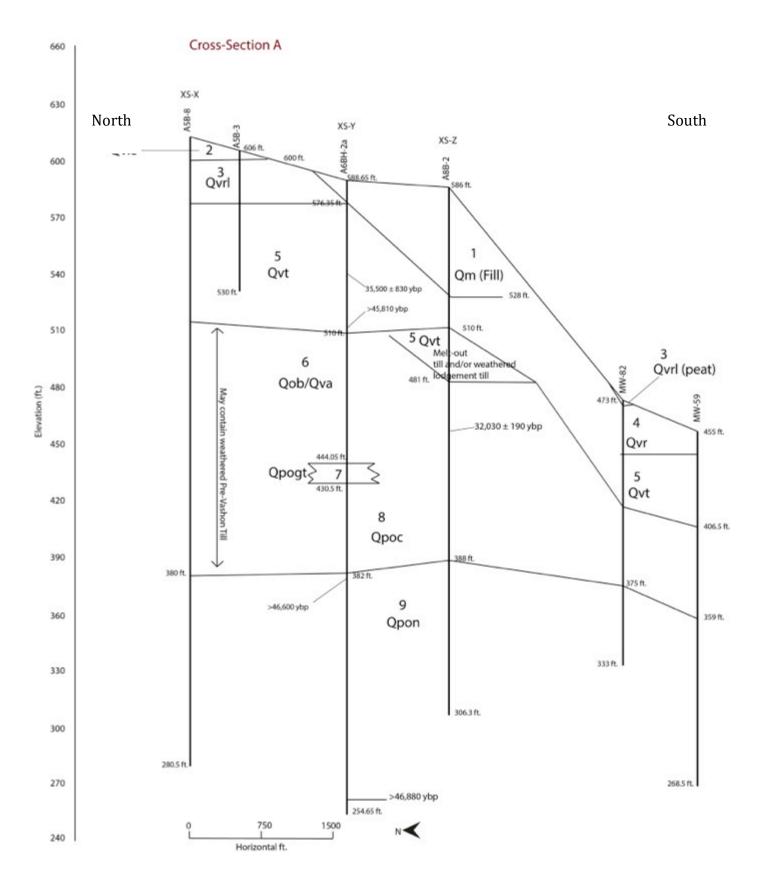


Figure 14.
Interpretative cross-section A. VE=20X

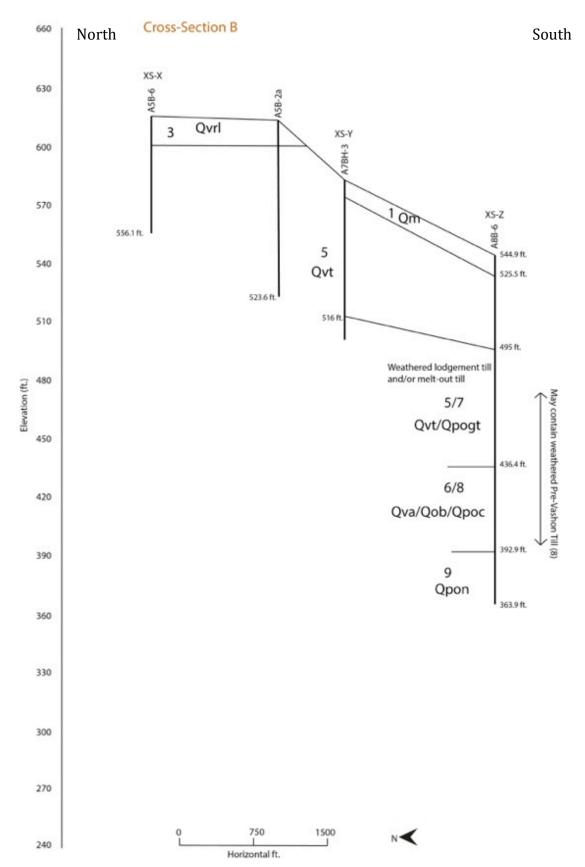


Figure 15.
Interpretative cross-section B. VE=20X

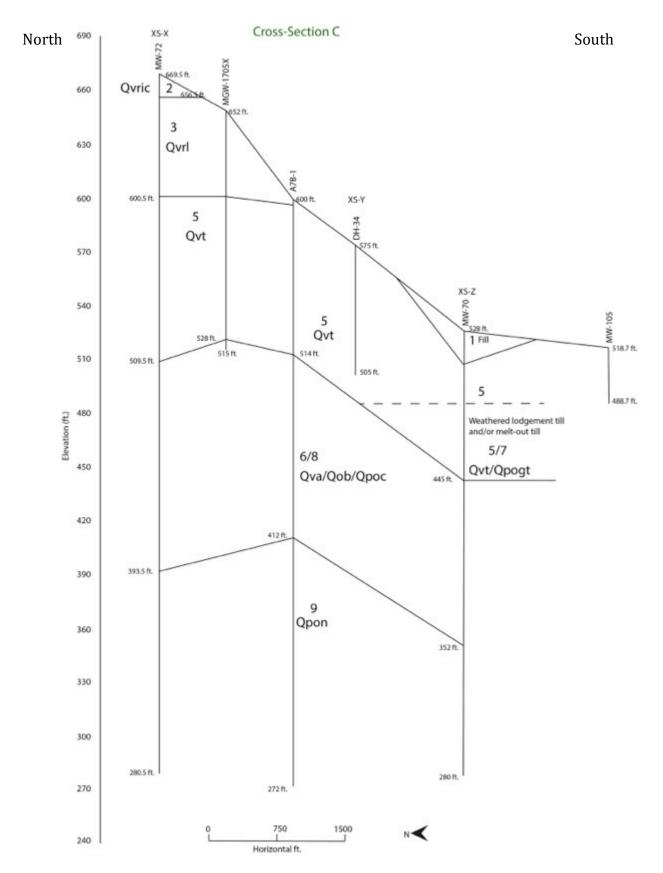


Figure 16.
Interpretative cross-section C. VE=20X

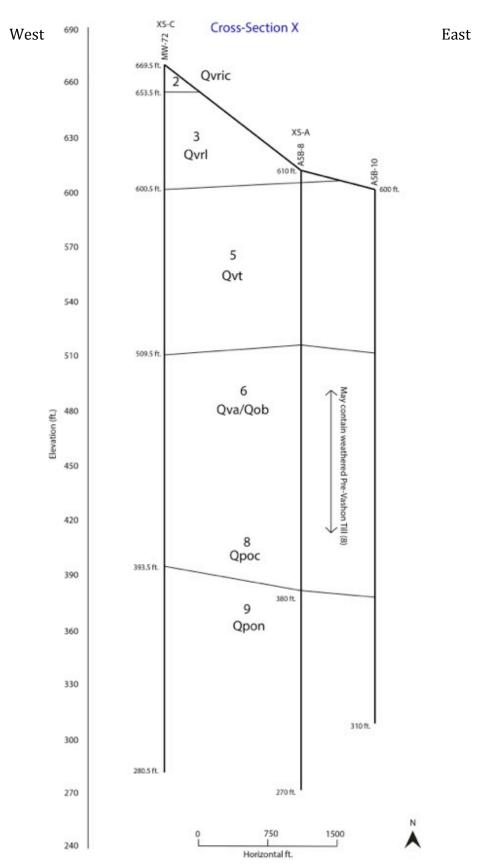


Figure 17.
Interpretative cross-section X. VE=20X

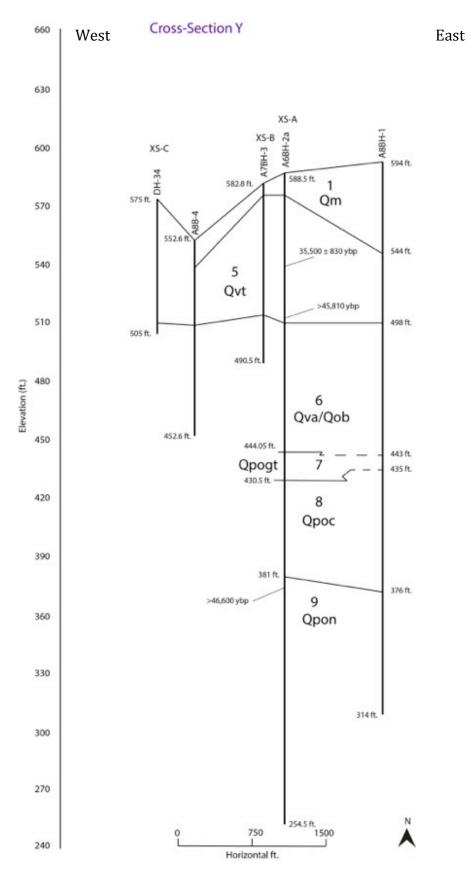


Figure 18.
Interpretative cross-section Y. VE=20X

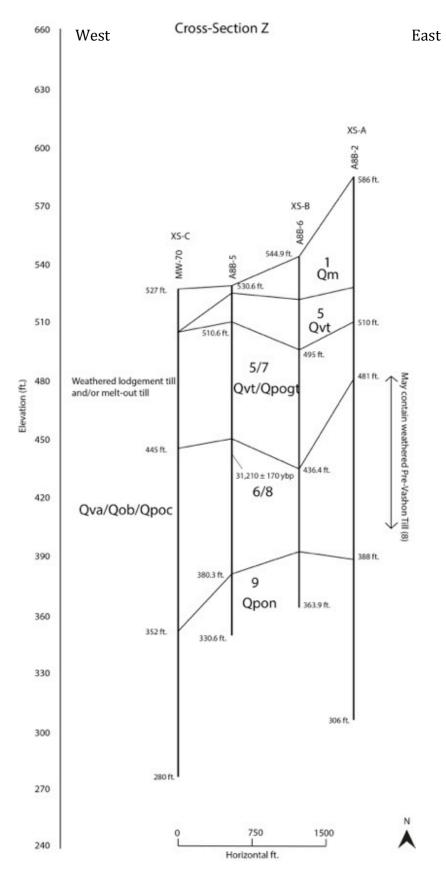


Figure 19.
Interpretative cross-section Z. VE=20X

5. Discussion

5.1 Conceptual Models

My stratigraphic analysis of the southwestern quadrant of the CHRLF suggests a geologic history of at least one glacial advance over non-glacial fluvial deposits. I interpret nine primary stratigraphic units, including fill, within my study area (Table 3).

The presence of a second till unit could not be confirmed or disproved in this study. Therefore I hypothesize two potential conceptual models for the stratigraphy at the CHRLF. The first hypothesis, which I refer to as the "Single-Till Hypothesis", assumes that only one sequence of glacial deposits is recorded in the subsurface (Fig. 19).

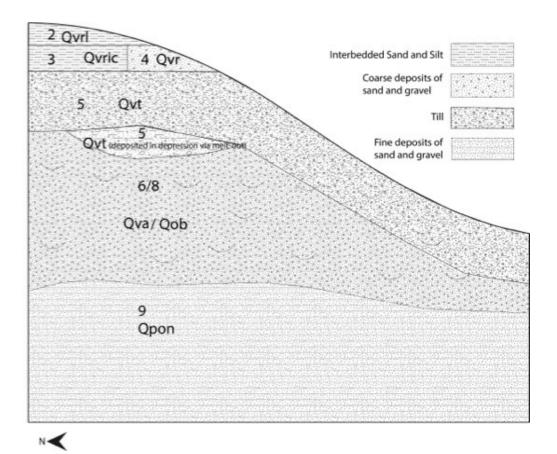
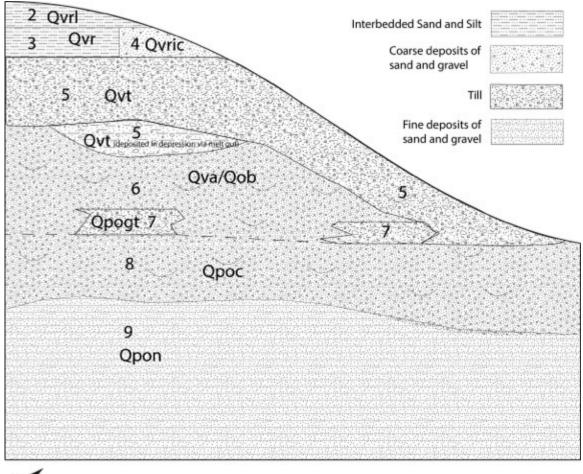


Figure 20.

"Single-Till Hypothesis"

Conceptual model of the shallow subsurface of the CHRLF, assuming only one glaciation is recorded in the stratigraphy.

The alternative to the Single-Till Hypothesis is that at least two sequences of glacial deposits are present in the subsurface of the CHRLF. This alternative model, which I refer to as the "Layered-Till Hypothesis" is presented below (Fig. 20). In the maps by Booth (Sweet Edwards, 1985) (Fig. 5) and (Booth, 1995) (Fig. 6), the proposed second, deeper till unit was not visible at the surface of the CHRLF, yet the Vashon till is at the surface everywhere it is not overlain by recessional deposits. In the Layered-Till Hypothesis I propose that the Vashon Till may crosscut the proposed deeper till along an erosional unconformity.



1

Figure 21.

Conceptual model of the shallow subsurface of the CHRLF, assuming that at least two glacial sequences are recorded in the stratigraphy.

[&]quot;Layered-Till Hypothesis"

5.2 Unconformities

Stratigraphic contacts at the CHRLF are most likely the result of erosional unconformities. The transitions between non-glacial fluvial deposits (Unit 9, Table 2), fluvial/glaciofluvial deposits (Units 6 and 8, Table 2), and glacial deposits (Units 5, 4, 3, and 2, Table 2) would have been accompanied by changes in energy and climate, which could create erosional surfaces.

Individual depositional layers may not be laterally extensive within units 6,7,8, and 9 (Table 2), but I do not expect that faulting has truncated these features. These units were deposited in fluvial environments, which would leave uneven records of channels aggrading, avulsing, and eroding. I would also expect to find amorphous mass wasting deposits in these channels. Therefore, it is unlikely that they were deposited in laterally extensive units. And those that were deposited over large areas, such as flood plain deposits, were likely incised into at later times by migrating channels

During my investigation of the southwestern quadrant of the CHRLF I did not find evidence of faulting. The irregular basal elevation of the Vashon till roughly conforms to topography and does not truncate at any point other than where it was removed and replaced with artificial fill. Therefore, I conclude that neither faults nor other forms of structural deformation have offset Vashon and Holocene deposits. Pre-Vashon deposits also do not exhibit offset. I cite the contact between the non-glacial unit 9 (Table 2) and the younger fluvial deposits, which is very consistent across my study area.

Walsh proposed that faulting to the west could extend below the CHRLF at a depth of ½-1 mile below the surface. I cannot prove or disprove their existence because my data did not extend to these depths.

6. Conclusion

6.1 Findings

Based on my analysis of borehole data from the investigation of the Area 8 lateral expansion of the CHRLF in Maple Valley, Washington, and previous

investigations, I conclude that the subsurface of the southwestern quadrant of the landfill contains non-glacial, fluvial deposits overlain by fluvial, lacustrine, and at least one sequence of glacial deposits. I expect more than one till unit is present in the subsurface of the CHRLF. I cannot prove or disprove the existence of a pre-Vashon till with my current data set. However, both Sweet Edwards (1985) and Booth (1995) observed and mapped a second till unit below the Vashon till at separated by a sand and gravel unit. An isolated "till-like" deposit, logged in A6BH-2a, could correspond to the deeper till described previously.

Faulting or other structural deformation, to the depths that I have analyzed, has not offset the deposits in my study area. In this conclusion I cite the basal contact of the Vashon till (Unit 5, Table 3) and the upper contact of the pre-Olympia non-glacial unit (Unit 9, Table 3), which were both continuous across my study area. The elevation of the basal Vashon till contact does vary, but this is likely a result of the deposition of the lodgement till over paleotopography, not offset.

6.2 Assumptions and Sources of Error

In drawing the contacts of my stratigraphic analysis of the southwestern quadrant of the CHRLF I made several assumptions. (1) Faults do not offset the deposits within my study area. (2) The materials sampled during the logging of the boreholes is representative of the material in the subsurface. (3) Bedrock is at depth below the base of boreholes in my analysis.

This report relies on data collected by scientists, other than myself, over a roughly 30-year period. Drilling methods, weather conditions, objectives, and experience levels all varied during the course of their investigations. Therefore, the boring logs utilized in my analysis are not free from bias.

The CHRLF property has been altered from its natural state. I expect that the rate of weathering in the subsurface has been affected by grading, installation of impermeable surfaces (roads, facilities, liners), and by the removal of material. This could affect the appearance of the same unit between studies.

6.3 Suggestions for Further Investigations

There are several investigations that could be undertaken in the future to improve my analysis. With regards to the question of the number of till units below the CHRLF, expanding the study area and improving the network of boreholes, especially to the west where Booth originally mapped the pre-Vashon till, could offer more insight.

Although I trust in the skills of the geologists who have worked in the area before my time, we now have a greater wealth of data for this site. I would like to revisit the surficial geology of the Cedar River Valley in particular, and compare observations of the potential pre-Vashon till of the CHRLF to the unit mapped by Booth in 1995.

Additional radiometric dates and an analysis of the validity of the dates would be very useful. Currently, if we assume that the dates utilized in my analysis are representative of their bearing units, we must conclude that the fluvial deposits below the shallow till are of pre-Vashon age. This means that Vashon Advance Outwash is not present in this study area, which is unusual in the Puget Lowlands.

A detailed provenance study of the sediments below the proposed Vashon till could better constrain transitions from non-glacial to glacial deposits.

I also expect that a detailed analysis of the perched saturated zones and other hydrogeologic features could greatly inform the interpretation of this study area. This is an analysis that I hoped to perform, but did not due to time constraints.

7. References

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Appendix 1: Working Cross-Sections

During the early stages of my investigation, my transects were labeled to correspond to those used by my mentor, Anne Udaloy, of UEC. They were then relabeled for this report. Following is a key to the labeling scheme:

Initial label	Adjusted label for this report
D	A
D-E	В
Е	С
J	X
K	Y
L	Z

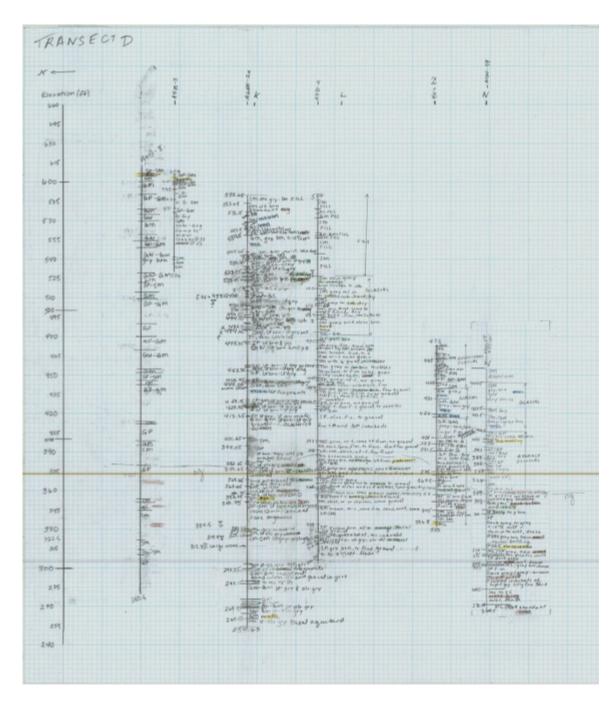


Figure 22.
My working cross-section for Transect A.

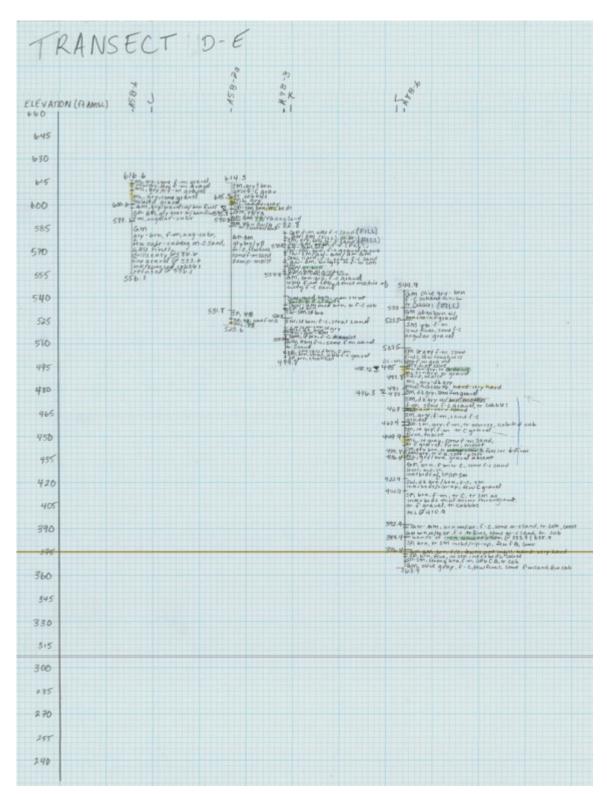


Figure 23.

My working cross-section for Transect B.

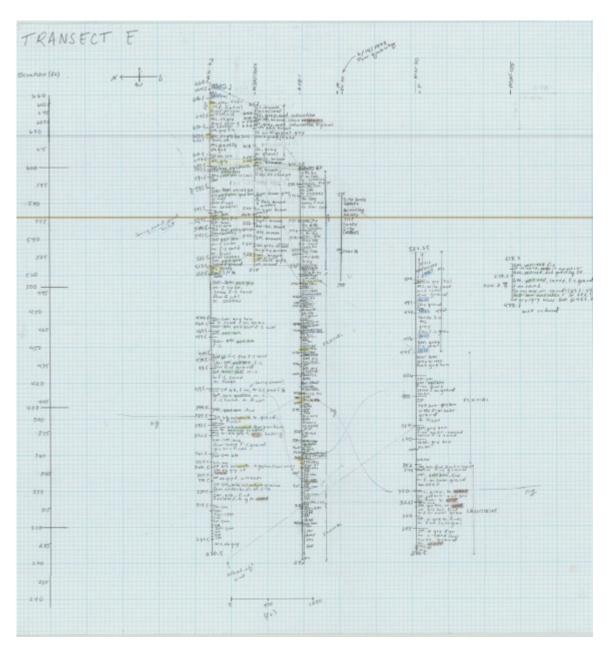


Figure 24.
My working cross-section for Transect C.

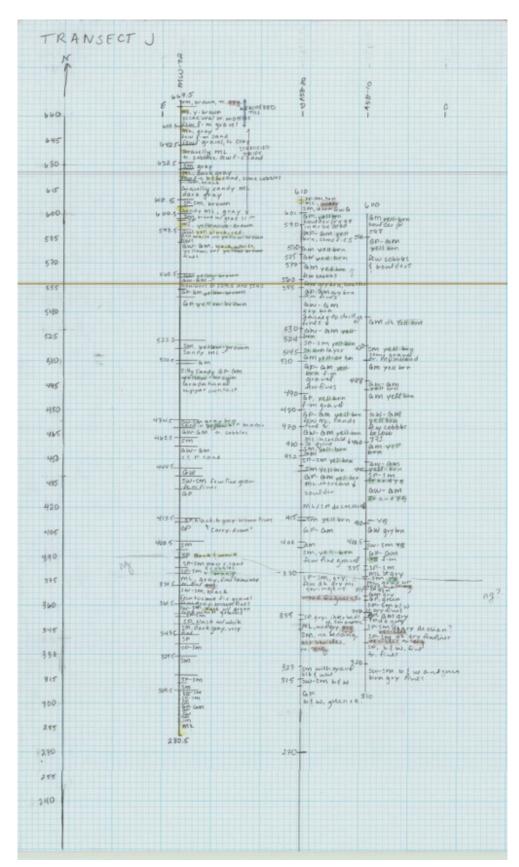


Figure 25.
My working cross-section for Transect X.

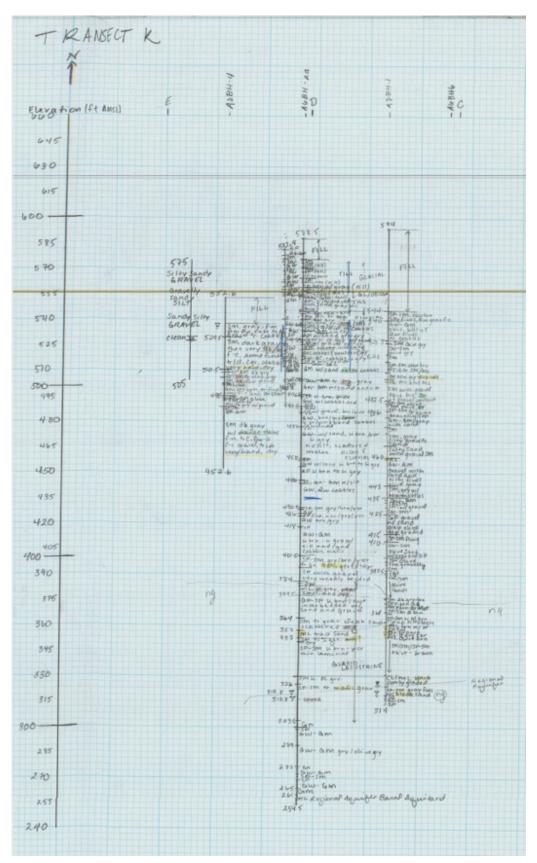


Figure 26.
My working cross-section for Transect Y.

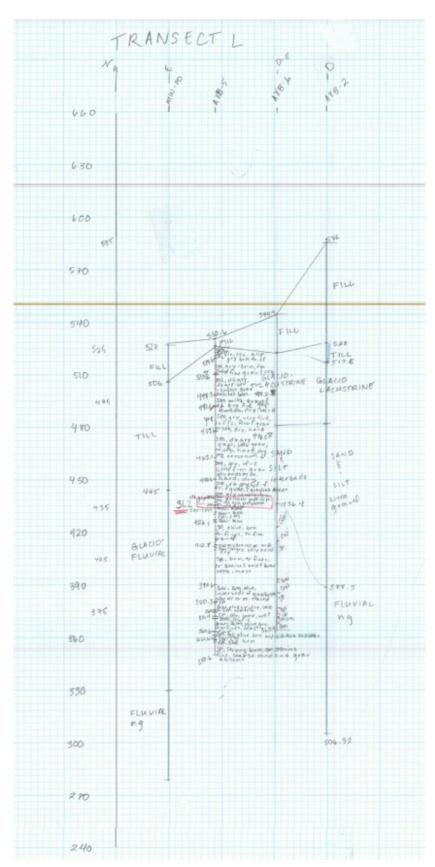


Figure 27.
My working cross-section for Transect Z.

Appendix 2: Boring Logs

DH-34	54
MW-59	55
MW-70	60
MW-72	72
MW-82	92
A5B-2a	100
A5B-3	104
A5B-6	108
A5B-8a	112
A5B-10	133
A6BH-2a	148
A7B-1	165
A7B-3	182
A8B-1	187
A8B-2	202
A8B-4	217
A8B-5	223
A8B-6	232

Sweet, Edwards & Associates, Inc.

BORING LOG

PROJECTCedar Hills Ground	Water Study Page 1 of 1
Location _ S.W. borrow area	Boring No. DH-34
Surface Elevation approx. 575 ft.	Drilling MethodAir Rotary
Total Depth70 ft.	Drilled ByUnitas Enterprises
Date Completed6/14/83	Logged By D.A.Cordell

WELL DETAILS	PENE- TRATION TIME/ RATE	DEPTH (FEET)	<u> </u>	MPLE	PERME- ABILITY TESTING	SYMBOL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	WATER QUALITY
	MAIL	L 0 -	NO.	TYPE				
		5	1	Bag			0.0'-70.0' SILTY SANDY GRAVEL, GRAVELLY SANDY SILT, SANDY SILTY GRAVEL (till)- tan to grey, vari-	
		10	2	•	а		able ratio of silt, sand and gravel with occasional cobble or boulder, dry to	
		12	3				moist, gravel is typically 0.25" to 0.75" diameter.	
		20	4					
ITE		25	5					
ALLED		30	6					
L INST		35	7	-	ь			
NO WELL INSTALLED BACKFILLED WITH BENTONITE		40	8	."				
BACK		45	9	"			45.0'-48.0' CLEAN GRAVEL	
		50	10					
		55	11					
		- 60	12					
		65	13		С		Hole abandon 6/15/83 by	
		70	14				backfilling with a ben- tonite slurry.	

SEA-300-02a

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CEDAR HILLS LANDFILL - South Property Line See Figure 2

Tacoma Pump & Drill. Cable Tool John Cooper

BORING NO. MW-59 PAGE 1 OF 5 REFERENCE ELEV. 455.00 TOTAL DEPTH 185.50 DATE COMPLETED 8/16/88

								DATE COMPLETED 8/16/88
TIP READINGS	SPECIFIC COND.	(SAMPLE) BLOW COUNT	SESSEES LEVELS	雅咒.	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
00.5		(S-1) 26-35-41		5-	<u> </u>	ին ինդիրի իրակարարարարարարարարարարարարարարարարարար		0-10.5 feet: GRAVELLY FINE SAND (ALLUVIUM), some silt to silty, brown with minor tan mottling to yellow brown with rusty brown mottling, 25-30% silt, 40-50% fine sand, dry, dense. (SM) @ 10.0 feet: becomes olive brown sandy gravel, damp to wet.
00.2	132.3	(S-2) 30-50/3- 25-50/2		15 -		dependentententententen Albertententententententen		10.5-31.5 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL to GRAVELLY SANDY SILT (WEATHERED TILL), gray brown to yellow brown, 25-40% fine to coarse sand, very dense, dry to wet. (GM)
-00.1		(S-4) Cuttings		20 -		રિકારી કર્યાં કર્યાં છે. પ્રતિકારી મુખ્ય મિલા મેલા મુખ્ય મિલા મુખ્ય માના છે.		• -
		(S-5) 00/4-NR Cuttings (S-6)		25 -	# # # #			
00.2	82.8	00/4-NR Cuttings (S-7) 100/5		35 -	Ž			31.5-38.5 feet: FINE SANDY SILT (TILL), gray to blue gray, 20-30% fine sand, 10-20% gravel and boulders, <5% coarse sand, dry, dense.
00.2	79.2	(S-8) 100/3		- 40-				(GM) 38.5-48.5 feet; see page 2 for description.

REMARKS



Tip values represent difference between ambient/headspace readings. *=top of casing value. **S-16 sunlight exposed, tip value questionable. Sp.Cond. readings from drill slurry. Sample taken with 3" dia. sampler. NR=no return.

S2102.07.CEDAR.CJF.12/05/88

PROJECT NAME

CEDAR HILLS LANDFILL - South Property Line

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD See Figure 2
Tacoma Pump & Drill. Cable Tool

BORING NO.

MW-59 2 OF 5

PAGE REFERENCE ELEV.

455.00

TOTAL DEPTH 185.50

	GED BY		Coope	r				TOTAL DEPTH 185.50° DATE COMPLETED 8/16/88
TIP READINGS	SPECIFIC COND.	(SAMPLE) BLOW COUNT	SHOWERS LEVELS	RPP.	SAMPLES	ETAILS L	ITHO- LOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
00.2	86.6	(S-9) 100/2			=			38.5-48.5 feet: GRAVELLY FINE TO MEDIUM SAND (TILL), gray to slightly gray brown, 20-30% silt, 10-20% fine gravel, <5% clay, damp to wet, dense. (SM/GM)
00.0*	-	(S-10) 100/7		45 -				
00.0*	139.9	(S-11) 100/6		50 -	<u>=</u>			48.5-54.0 feet: GRAVELLY MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND (ADVANCE OUTWASH), gray brown with occasional orange brown mottling, 5-10% silt, wet, dense. (SP/GP)
-00.1*	146.9	(S-12) 100/3		55 -				54.0-56.5 feet: GRAVELLY FINE TO COARSE SAND (ADVANCE OUTWASH), gray brown with minor pinkish brown mottling, 15-20% silt, damp, very dense. (SM)
3.4	90.3	(S-13) 100/2.5- TR-Cutti~		60 -	**************************************			56.5-62.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (ADVANCE OUTWASH), gray brown to light brown, 15-30% sand, 10-15% silt, dense, (GM) 62.0-64.0 feet: GRAVEL and MEDIUM TO
00.4	107.4	(S-14) 100/4		65 -				COARSE SAND (ADVANCE OUTWASH), gray brown to light brown, <5% silt, dry, dense. (SP/GP) 64.0-68.0 feet: GRAVELLY FINE TO COARSE
4.9	152.3	(S-15) 100/3		70				SAND (ADVANCE OUTWASH), light brown to light gray brown, 5-10% silt, wet, dense. (SW/GW)
41.9**	145.5 144.1	(S-16) 100/3.5		75	=			68.0-73.0 feet: GRAVELLY MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND (ADVANCE OUTWASH), gray brown to light gray brown, 5-10% silt, wet, dense. (SP/GP)
			<u> </u>	- 80			=	73.0-78.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (ADVANCE OUTWASH), light brown to light gray brown, 10% silt, wet, dense. (GW-SW)

REMARKS



Tip values represent difference between ambient/headspace readings. *=top of casing value. **S-16 sunlight exposed, tip value questionable. Sp.Cond. readings from drill slurry. Sample taken with 3" dia. sampler. NR=no return.

S2102.07.CEDAR.CJF.12/05/88

	LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING										
DRII DRII	JECT NA ATION LED BY L METH GED BY	See Taco OD Cab	OAR HIL Figure 2 oma Pum le Tool a Cooper	p & Dr		Property Line BORING NO. MW-59 PAGE 3 OF 5 REFERENCE ELEV. 455.00' TOTAL DEPTH 185.50' DATE COMPLETED 8/16/88					
TIP READINGS	SPECIFIC COND.	(SAMPLE) BLOW COUNT	STRONG ST	RPT. SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION				
4.0	307.0	(S-17) 100/9	E	-			Continued from previous page. @ 76.5 - 78.0 feet: increased silt to 15-20%.				
2.4	178.6 166.4 137.4	(S-18) 100/2		85			78.0-87.0 feet: GRAVEL AND SAND (ADVANCE OUTWASH), light gray brown, 5-10% silt, dense. (GW-SW)				
1.4	221.0 188.1	(S-19) 100/3		90 =			87.0-96.0 feet: GRAVEL and SAND (PREVASHON), gray brown with light gray, orangish brown and chocolate brown mottling, 15-30% silt, dense. (GM)				
00.0- 00.2	174.5	(S-10) 100/4.5 NR		95			96.0-102.0 feet: SAND and SILT TO SAND with some SILT (PREVASHON), gray brown with				
2.8	196.0 214.0	(S-21) 100/4	E 1	∞ <u>=</u>			black, orange, brown, and light gray mottling. 10-20% gravel, damp, dense. (SM)				
1.3	221.0	(S-22) 100/3		05			102.0-110.0 feet: GRAVELLY SAND (PREVASHON), gray brown to dark rusty brown, 10-20% silt, gravel, have iron stains, damp, dense. (GM/ML) @ 105.0-110.0 feet: increasing silt content to 20-30%. (GM/ML)				
00.7	138.3	(S-23) 100/3	1	10			110.0-114.0 feet: FINE SAND (PREVASHON), rusty brown to yellow brown, 10-15% silt, 5%				
1.0		(S-24) 100/5	1	115			fine gravel and gray fine sand, dry, dense. (SP) 114.0-141.0 feet: FINE TO VERY FINE SAND (PREVASHON), dark gray to gray, 0-10% silt, damp to wet, dense. (SP) Continued on following page.				

REMARKS



Tip values represent difference between ambient/headspace readings. *=top of casing value.

**S-16 sunlight exposed, tip value questionable. Sp.Cond. readings from drill slurry. Sample taken with 3" dia. sampler. NR=no return.

SWEET-EDWARDS/EMCO

\$2102.07.CEDAR.CJF.12/05/88

PROJECT NAME LOCATION

CEDAR HILLS LANDFILL - South Property Line

See Figure 2 Tacoma Pump & Drill. Cable Tool

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY John Cooper BORING NO.

MW-59 4 OF 5

PAGE REFERENCE ELEV.

455.00

TOTAL DEPTH 185.50

(SAMPLE)	Brog I	1,,1			
COUNT		SAMPLES	WELL ETAILS	COLUMN COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
(S-25) 100/7					@ 120.0 feet: 5% medium sand and gravel, wet.
(S-26) 80/17	-				@ 125.0 feet: gray to gray brown, minor bedding, trace wood fragments, soft.
(S-27) 100/8					@130.0 feet: micaceous.
(S-28) 50/12	135				ş
(S-29) 50/18	E 140				141.0-145.0 feet: INTERBEDDED VERY FINE SANDY SILT and FINE TO MEDIUM SAND
(S-30) 100/6	145				(PREVASHON), gray, trace of wood fragments, wet, dense. (ML/SP) 145.0-146.0 feet: CLAYEY SILT (PREVASHON), gray, dry, dense. (ML)
(S-31) 12/18 NR 40/18	150	<u>=</u>		iiii	146.0-152.0 feet: FINE SAND (PREVASHON), dark gray, 5% medium sand, 5% silt and clay, minor wood fragments, wet, dense. (SP) 152.0-153.0 feet: CLAYEY SILT (PREVASHON),
(S-32) 100/5	15:				gray brown, dense. (ML) 153.0-171.5 feet: FINE TO MEDIUM SAND (PREVASHON), dark gray, occasionally gray brown, 0-10% silt, <5% gravel and coarse sand, minor wood fragments, isolated interbeds of
	(S-26) 80/17 (S-27) 100/8 (S-28) 50/12 (S-29) 50/18 (S-30) 100/6 (S-31) 12/18 NR 40/18	(S-26) = 125 80/17 = \frac{\sqrt{128.27}}{128.27} (S-27) = 10/14/8830 100/8 = 135 50/12 = 140 (S-29) = 140 (S-30) = 145 100/6 = 150 (S-31) = 150 (S-31) = 150 (S-32) = 150 (S-	(S-26) 125 X3 (S-26) 125 X3 (S-27) 100/8 135 X3 (S-28) 50/12 140 X3 (S-30) 100/6 150 X3 (S-31) 12/18 NR 40/18 (S-32) 155 X3 (S-32) 155 X3 (S-32)	(S-26) 125 NN (S-27) 100/6 (S-30) 145 (S-30) 100/6 (S-31) 150 NN (S-32) 100/5 (S-32) 100/5	(S-26) 80/17

REMARKS



Tip values represent difference between ambient/headspace readings. *=top of casing value. **S-16 sunlight exposed, tip value questionable. Sp.Cond. readings from drill slurry. Sample taken with 3" dia. sampler. NR=no return.

S2102.07.CEDAR.CJF.12/05/88

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY CEDAR HILLS LANDFILL - South Property Line See Figure 2

Tacoma Pump & Drill. Cable Tool John Cooper BORING NO. PAGE REFERENCE ELEV.

MW-59 5 OF 5 7. 455.00'

TOTAL DEPTH 185.50° DATE COMPLETED 8/16/88

			. Сооре	•				, DATE COMPLETED 8/16/88
TIP READINGS	SPECIFIC COND.	(SAMPLE) BLOW COUNT	SROUND LEVELS	유판.	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
00.1		f86 7 32		-	=			Continued from previous page. @162.0 feet: increasing interbeds of light gray silty fine sand and sandy silt, wet.
00.0		(S-34) 50/12		165 -	3			
00.9		(S-35) 50/12		170 -	<u>Z</u>		inisi Taristi	@170.0 feet: becomes dark gray to black, <5% silt gravel and coarse sand, abundant wood fragments.
00.0	143.0	(S-36) 50/17		- 175 - -	3			171.5-180.5 feet: MEDIUM and COARSE SAND (PREVASHON), dark gray, 15-20% gravel, 5-10% fine sand, 0-10% silt, wood fragments, wet, dense. (SW)
00.00	149.3	(S-37) 50/17		180 -	2			180.5-185.5 feet: CLAYEY SILT (PREVASHON), gray to blue gray, dense. (ML) @185.0 feet: abundant wood fragments.
00.0		(S-38) 100/12 (S-39)		185 -	=		Ш	
				190 -				Bottom of borehole @ 185.5 feet.

REMARKS



Tip values represent difference between ambient/headspace readings. *=top of casing value.

**S-16 sunlight exposed, tip value questionable. Sp.Cond. readings from drill slurry. Sample taken with 3" dia. sampler. NR=no return.

SWEET-EDWARDS/EMCO

S2102.07.CEDAR.CJF.12/05/88

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

Ramlo Well Drilling Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70 1 OF 14 527.85

GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

246.50

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	СОГЛИИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	1 2			5-		5		2.0 to 5.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), dark brown, little to some fine to coarse sand, few fine to medium gravel, moist. (TOPSOIL) 5.0 to 17.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), yellow brown, some fine to coarse sand, few fine to coarse subrounded gravel. (WEATHERED TILL/FILL)
G	3			15				@ 15.0 feet: wet.
								17.0 to 20.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), light gray, some fine to coarse sand, some fines. (TILL)



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

Cedar Hills Landfill Ramlo Well Drilling Air Rotary

LOGGED BY P. Brooks/S. Burkett

BORING NO. MW-70 PAGE 2 OF 14 GROUND ELEV. 527.85' TOTAL DEPTH 246.50' DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

G 6 30 25 25 30 36.0 to 45.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray, fine to coarse sand, little to some fine to coarse subrounded, little to some fine to coarse sand, some fines. (TILL)	SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 8-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	СОГИМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G 7 35- 36.0 to 45.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray, fine to coarse, subrounded, little to some fine to					25 -				some fine to coarse sand, little to some fine to
36.0 to 45.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray, fine to coarse, subrounded, little to some fine to	G	6			30-				
	G	7			35	1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		to coarse, subrounded, little to some fine to



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

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DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

Ramlo Well Drilling Air Rotary

P. Brooks/S. Burkett

BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70 5 OF 14 527.85

GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 246.50' DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	OROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	COLUMN	WTLL	- LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	16		-					78.0 to 97.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), gray to 85.0 feet, gray brown, below, subrounded, little to some fine to coarse sand, few fines. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)
G	17		-	85 -				
G	.18			90-				
G	19			95-		9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		97.0 to 115.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), gray brown to yellow brown, fine to medium, few coarse sand, some fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace to few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

Ramlo Well Drilling Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70 6 OF 14

GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

527.85° 246.50°

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	СОГОМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	20 L.		-					97.0 to 115.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), gray brown to yellow brown, fine to medium, few coarse sand, some fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace to few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	21			105				
G	22			110				
G	23			115				115.0 to 139.0 feet: SAND (SP), yellow brown to gray brown, little fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

Ramlo Well Drilling

Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett

BORING NO.

MW-70

PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

7 OF 14 527.85 246.50 DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	СОГИМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	24	1	1			:::::	EIII IIII	115.0 to 139.0 feet: SAND (SP), yellow brown to
		1					▦▦	gray brown, little fine to medium subrounded
			ļ.		_		▦▦	gravel, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
			ŀ		-		▦▦	
			┝	-		:::::	▦▦	
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	1		-		_		∘‱	139.0 to 153.0 feet: See description on Page 8.



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

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PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

Ramlo Well Drilling

Air Rotary

P. Brooks/S. Burkett LOGGED BY

BORING NO.

PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH MW-70 8 OF 14 527.85' 246.50'

DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	СОГОМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	28	1	L				6111 1111	139.0 to 153.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), gray brown,
	125		[。。。		fine to medium, subrounded to rounded, some
	5.7		Į.		_	°°°	▦▦	fine to coarse sand, trace to few fines.
-]	ŀ		_		⊞⊞	(ADVANCE OUTWASH)
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	١.	1			_	0.00		153.0 to 171.0 feet: GRAVEL (GW), gray brown,
		1	L		_	0.0	900 0	subrounded, little to some fine to coarse sand,
	1	ł	-		_	0.0.0	##	trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
_	1	1	L	155	_	0.00		
G	31	1	-			0.00	9 # ### ##	
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1	1		ŀ		-	000	9	@ 158.5 feet: cobble.
l		-	t		-	000	4	
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				160	<u> </u>			

REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

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DRILLED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

Ramlo Well Drilling

DRILL METHOD

Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett LOGGED BY

BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70

GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

9 OF 14 527.85 246.50

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	DROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMMES	COLUMN	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	32					0.00	## IIII	153.0 to 171.0 feet: GRAVEL (GW), gray brown,
			-		_	0.0	▦▦	subrounded, little to some fine to coarse sand.
			-		-	0.000	▦▦	trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
				-		0000	▦▦	@ 162.5 to 168.0 feet: cobbles.
			-		-	20.00	▦▦	
	-					0000	▦▦	
			-		-	0000	▦▦	
G	33		- 1	165 -		0.00	▦▦	
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			<u> </u>		-	00.00	▦▦	
G	34		_ '	170-		0000	▦▦	
	-		-		-	7777	▦▦	171.0 to 179.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), brown,
-						11111	▦▦	fine, few fine to coarse sand, little fines, few fine
			÷	-	_		▦▦	gravel. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
							▦▦	
		3	[-				▦▦	
: .			-: -:		-		▦▦	Al control of the con
G	35	1.5	1	175-			▦▦	
		-1	- "		-		▦▦	
							▦▦	
			-	-	_		▦▦	Ģ.
					-		▦▦	¥ .
						1.1.1.		***************************************
		'	-				▦▦	179.0 to 179.5 feet: SILT (ML), brown. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)



(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

0232-024.05.CHRL.L49/se:4.11/05/93...CHRL-M

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

Cedar Hills Landfill Ramlo Well Drilling Air Rotary

P. Brooks/S. Burkett

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

MW-70 10 OF 14 527.85 246.50

							DATE COMPLETED 05/11/9
SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH	SAMPLES	СОГИМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
SB :	36	50	1		ann	E	179.5 to 193.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow
	,			_		▥▥	brown, fine, little fines, trace fine to medium
	Ĭ.	l	ļ.	_	11111		subrounded gravel, moist. Bedded. (ADVANCE
SB	37	50	-	_			OUTWASH)
ĢΒ	٥,	30	-		HH.		
	l		<u> </u>	_		▦▦	
		1	ŀ			▦▦	
		1	i e	-			
			100		tt:1:1:		1
SB	38	50	185		11-1-1		@ 185.0 feet: spherical voids.
			_			▦▦	
			-			▥▥	
		l	-			▦▦	
			-				
			ŀ		11-1-1	▦▦	
			-	-		▦▦	
		ł	<u> </u>	_			KERT I
_			L			▦▦	
SB	39	50	190		1:1:1:1	▦▦	
					11111	▦▦	7.4.4
		' '		_		▦▦	
· .		100	F .	-		▦▦	
			-	_		▦▦	
			} .	-	hhhhili	▦▦	193.0 +0.104.0 4
			†			▦▦	193.0 to 194.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, few fine sand, trace wood fragments: (PRE-VASHON
SB	.40	50-50			iiiiiiiii	▦▦	DEPOSITS)
			195		:::::	▦▦	194.0 to 203.0 feet: SAND (SP), gray brown to
			195			▦▦	yellow brown, fine, trace fines, trace coal, moist
			-	_		▦▦	(PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS)
			-	_	:::::		
SB	41	50-50	-			▦▦	11414
		30 00	-	-6	:::::		
1			-		:::::		
				-			
- 1		i .	-	_		FIII (IIII)	



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

0232-024.05.CHRL.L43/se:4.11/06/93...CHRL-M

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization Cedar Hills Landfill Ramlo Well Drilling Air Rotary

PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH P. Brooks/S. Burkett DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

BORING NO.

MW-70

527.85

246.50

11 OF 14

SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS птногоекс WELL DETAILS N FET NUMBER PER METHOD DESCRIPTION 8-INCHES 194.0 to 203.0 feet: SAND (SP), gray brown to yellow brown, fine, trace fines, trace coal, moist. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) G 42 203.0 to 204.0 feet: SILT (ML), brown, trace fine G 43 sand. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) 204.0 to 207.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), gray brown, fine, trace coal, trace discrete light brown 50 SB 44 silt interbeds, moist. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) 207.0 to 214.0 feet: SAND (SP), gray brown, fine, SB 45 50 trace fines, trace fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace medium to coarse sand, moist. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) SB 46 50 @ 212.5 to 214.0 feet: trace wood fragments. SB 47 25-45-50/3" 214.0 to 225.0 feet: SAND (SP), light gray, trace fines, trace fine to medium subrounded gravel, 25-38-50 wet. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) SB 48 @ 217.0 feet: abundant wood fragments. SB 19-38-50 49



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

0232-024.05 CHRL.L49/set4.11/05/93...CHRL-M

DRILLED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill

Ramlo Well Drilling

DRILL METHOD Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett LOGGED BY

BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70 12 OF 14

GROUND ELEV. 527.85'
TOTAL DEPTH 246.50'
DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	СОСИМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
SB	50	39-50	L		I		80 B.O	214.0 to 225.0 feet: SAND (SP), light gray, trace
	er, .	1	-					fines, trace fine to medium subrounded gravel,
SB	51	50	ŀ		_			wet. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS)
35	"	30	ŀ		_	:::::		
		1	F					,
			Ĺ		_			
		1			_	<u> </u>		
	47		-		_			
G	52		⊢ :	225		;;;;;;		225.0 to 242.5 feet: SAND (SP), light gray, fine to
0	5.52	1	ŀ		_	1::::		medium, trace coarse sand, few to little fine to
		1	†			:::::		medium subrounded gravel, trace wood
	1:	1.	Ī.		_	1:::::		fragments, wet. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS)
9.0	1		L		٠.	:::::		
	1		1		-			
	1	1	F		_			
		1.	1		_	1		
	1	1	ŀ		. —	1:::::		:
G	53	1		230				
					_	ļ:::::		
	1	1	-		_			
	1.	1	ŀ		-	-		
	1	1 -	-		_			
	1	1	1		_	1::::		
	1	1	ŀ		_	1:::: ::	:	•
					-]:::::		
_	l		L	235	_]::::		
G	54	1	-	200				
		1	ŀ		_	-::::		
l			ŀ		-	-		
l		.	ŀ		-	1::::	: 🚉 💢	
1					_	7::::		8
l			Ī		_]::::		
i			Ľ		_]::::		@ 239.0 to 240.0 feet: abundant wood fragments
	ļ		Ĺ.			_::::		E 200.0 to 240.0 leat. abolicant frood fragmont



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

0232-024.05.CHRL.L49/**:4,11/05/93...CHRL-M

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill Ramlo Well Drilling DRILL METHOD

Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett

BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70

GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

13 OF 14 527.85 246.50 DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

								DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93
SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	BLOWS PER 6-INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	согими	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	55		- - -		_		<u> </u>	225.0 to 242.5 feet: SAND (SP), light gray, fine to medium, trace coarse sand, few to little fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace wood fragments, wet. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS)
SB	56	25-38-50	- - -					242.5 to 243.0 feet: SILT (ML), light gray, stiff, trace medium subrounded gravel, moist. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) 243.0 to 243.7 feet: SAND (SP), light gray, fine,
SB	57	29-37-50	- :	245 -				trace fines, moist. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS) 243.7 to 246.5 feet: SILT (ML), light gray, finely laminated, trace wood chips, trace coal, moist. (PRE-VASHON DEPOSITS)
			- - - - -	250 -				Total depth drilled = 245.0 feet. Total depth sampled = 246.5 feet.
-								
				255 ·				
			<u> </u>	260-	=			See Page 14 for Well Completion Details.



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

0232-024 05 CHRI 149/ss-4 11/05/93 CHRI-M

LOCATION DRILLED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Expanded Aquifer Characterization Cedar Hills Landfill Ramlo Well Drilling

DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

Air Rotary P. Brooks/S. Burkett BORING NO. PAGE

MW-70 14 OF 14 527.85

GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 246.50 DATE COMPLETED 05/11/93

SAMPLE SAMPLE METHOD NUMBER	WATER UEVELS DEPTH IN FEET	СОГИМИ	WELL	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	270			WELL COMPLETION DETAILS: +2.7 to 205.1 feet: Nominal 2.5-inch O.D., flush-threaded, schedule 80 PVC blank riser pipe. 204.4 to 205.1 feet: Stainless steel centralizer. 205.1 to 209.1 feet: Nominal 2.5-inch O.D., flush-threaded, schedule 80 PVC well screen with 0.020-inch machined slots. 209.1 to 209.9 feet: Nominal 2.5-inch O.D., flush-threaded, schedule 80 PVC blank riser pipe. 209.9 to 218.8 feet: Nominal 2.5-inch O.D., flush-threaded, schedule 80 PVC well screen with 0.020-inch machined slots. 218.8 to 219.7 feet: Nominal 2.5-inch O.D., flush-threaded, schedule 80 PVC end cap with stainless steel centralizer. 0 to 3.0 feet: Concrete. 3.0 to 202.1 feet: Pure Gold medium bentonite chips hydrated with potable water. 202.1 to 224.3 feet: 20 - 40 Colorado Silica Sand. 224.3 to 234.8 feet: Pure Gold medium bentonite chips. 234.8.0 to 246.5 feet: Slough.



REMARKS

(1) See general remarks. (2) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (3) Reference elevation == ground surface. (4) Top of casing elevation = 530.57 feet. (5) Static water level = 209.20 feet below top of casing at 14:05 on June 7, 1993. (6) Water added during drilling below 30 feet.

EMCON Northwest, Inc.

0232-024,05,CHRL.L49/ss:4,11/05/93...CHRL-M

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY
CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. MW-72 PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 389.00 DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

1 OF 20 669.50 389.00

	30001		ualoy		reat			DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 0	G							O to 5.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), brown to dark brown, fine to coarse, some fines, trace fine subangular gravel, trace organic, roots to 5 cm long and 2 cm diameter, moist. (WEATHERED TILL)
MW-72- 5	G	£		5				5.0 to 13.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), yellow brown, firm to stiff, some fine to coarse sand, few fine to medium gravels, moist. Occasional orange mottles in silts. (WEATHERED TILL)
MW-72- 10	G			10				13.0 to 27.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), gray, no dilatency, no plasticity, soft, few to little fine to medium sand, few fine subrounded gravel, trace
MW-72- 15	G		-	15				clay. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) @ 19.0 feet: boulder.
				20-				C 1717 1991 Bodidor.

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

DRILLED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill

Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

BORING NO. MW-72 PAGE 2 OF 20 GROUND ELEV. 669.50 TOTAL DEPTH 389.00' DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 20 MW-72- 25	G			25				13.0 to 27.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), as above.
MW-72- 27	G				_			@ 27.0 feet: cobbles or boulders. 27.0 to 37.0 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (ML), dark gray, few coarse subrounded gravel, few fine to coarse sand, trace cobbles. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)
MW-72- 30	G			30				@ 33.0 to 37.0 feet: little gravel and sand as interbeds of brown gravelly silt and gray silt with sand and gravel.
MW-72- 35	G .			35				37.0 to 42.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to coarse, little fine to coarse subrounded gravel, some fines (trace clay). (STRATIFIED DRIFT)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udalov/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 389.00
DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 3 OF 20 669.50 389.00'

	GED BY		daloy		reat		DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98		
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
MW-72- 40	G	-			_			37.0 to 42.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), as above.	
MW-72- 42	G				_			42.0 to 47.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), dark gray, no dilatency, moderate plasticity, trace to few clay, few fine to coarse white and black sand. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) @ 43.0 feet: cobble.	
MW-72- 45	G	c c	-	45				@ 45.0 to 47.0 feet: trace fractured coarse gravel.	
			ŀ		_	▐▓▐▓		@ 47.0 feet: cobble.	
MW-72- 47	G				_			47.0 to 48.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), black, fine to coarse gravel with dark gray fines, little to some fine to coarse sand, little fines. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) 48.0 to 59.0 feet: GRAVELLY SANDY SILT (ML),	
MW-72- 50	G		- - - - - -	50				dark gray, little fine to coarse black subrounded gravels, little fine to coarse sand. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)	
MW-72- 55	G			55				@ 55.5 feet: cobbles.	
				60-	_			59.0 to 63.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), brown to 59.5 feet, gray below 59.5 feet, fine to	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL....CHR

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
DRICK DRIVE AIR Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH MW-72 4 OF 20 669.50 389.00'

	GED BY	A. U	daloy					DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 60	G							medium, few fines. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)
MW-72- 65	G	Ę.	-	65				63.0 to 69.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), gray, few to little fine sand. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)
					=			@ 67.0 feet: few fine to coarse subangular gravel.
				70	=			69.0 to 72.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), brown with little gray silt, silt content decreases downhole. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 72 MW-72- 73	G G		-		=			72.0 to 73.0 feet: SAND (SP), yellowish brown, fine to medium, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 73.0 to 78.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), yellowish
MW-72- 75	G			75				brown, nonplastic, moderate dilatency, little fine to medium sand, moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
				-80-	=		0000	78.0 to 87.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GW), yellow, black, red and white with yellowish brown fines, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, few medium to coarse sand, trace fines, trace

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CH

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
DRILL METHOD
AIR Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV.

MW-72 5 OF 20 669.50 TOTAL DEPTH 389.00 DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98 389.00

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 80	G	-						cobbles and boulders. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 84.0 to 85.5 feet: boulder.
MW-72- 85	G	4		85				@ 87.0 feet: cobbles.
MW-72- 87	G		_		=			87.0 to 106.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), black, white and yellow with yellowish brown to grayish brown fines, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, little fine to coarse sand, few fines, trace to few cobbles, wet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 90	G			90				
MW-72- 95	G			100-				

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15,002.01,10/31/98.se:4.CHRL...CH

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

MW-72 6 OF 20 669.50' 389.00' DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

NUMBER	TYPE	PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 100	G						30,000,000,000	87.0 to 106.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), as above.
MW-72- 105	G	c	- 1	105				106.0 to 108.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellowish brown fines, fine to medium, some fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 110	G			110				108.0 to 115.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellowish brown matrix, fine to coarse, subrounded, trace fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 110.0 to 115.0 feet: boulders.
					_			

REMARKS

MW-72-

115

G

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.se;4.CHRL

115.0 to 120.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM),

yellowish brown matrix, fine to medium, subrounded, little fine to coarse sand, few fines.

@ 116.0 feet: thin bed of fine to medium sand.

(ADVANCE OUTWASH)

120

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. MW-72 7 OF 20 PAGE GROUND ELEV. 669.50 TOTAL DEPTH 389.00 DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 120	G							120.0 to 127.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellowish gray, medium to coarse, few fine to coarse sand, few fines, some cobbles and boulders. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 122.0 to 127.0 feet: predominantly cobbles or boulders.
MW-72- 125	G		1	125	_			
MW-72- 130	G			130				127.0 to 147.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), yellowish brown matrix, medium to coarse, subrounded, trace fine to coarse sand, trace fines, few to little cobbles and boulders. Sand increases and gravels fine slightly down hole. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
.MW-72- 135	G			135				
			-	440	_			

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY
CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 8 OF 20 389.00'

			,					DATE COMPLETED 8///98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 140	G							127.0 to 147.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), as above.
MW-72- 145	G	ę	[- 1	45				147.0 - 150.0 (
MW-72- 150	G		- 1	50				147.0 to 152.0 feet: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SM), yellowish brown, medium to coarse, some fines, some fine gravel. (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #1)
MW-72- 155	G		1	55				152.0 to 159.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), yellowish brown, some fines and few coarse sand or fine gravel (which could be carry down). (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #1)
				60-	<u>-</u>		1000	159.0 to 160.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GM), yellowish gray, fine to medium, little

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 9 OF 20 669.50' 389.001

2.00	GED BY	A. 0	daloy/	1. Ire	eat		DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98		
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
MW-72- 160	G		-	-				fines, some fine sand. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 160.0 to 195.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellowish gray, medium to coarse subrounded, some fine to coarse sand, few fines, trace to few cobbles. Gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)	
MW-72- 165	G	e	- 1 6	65 -				@ 165.0 feet: cobble.	
MW-72- 170	G		- 17 - 17	70 -				@ 172.0 feet: casing drives freely.	
MW-72- 175	G		17	75 —					
			18	80—					

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa;4.CHRL

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
COCCED BY
Air Roatsy/Cable Tool

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

MW-72 10 OF 20 669.50°

LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy	/T. 1	reat			DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	СОГИМИ	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 180	G							160.0 to 195.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GP-GM), as above. @ 180.0 to 195.0 feet: yellowish brown.
MW-72- 185	G	ε	1	85				@ 185.0 to 195.0 feet: sand and silt content increase slightly.
MW-72- 190	G			90				
MW-72- 195	G		-	95				195.0 to 200.0 feet: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SW-SM), gray-brown sand in yellowish brown matrix, fine to coarse, some fine to medium subangular and subrounded gravel, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perchad groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

MW-72 11 OF 20 389.00° DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

			uuio y /					DATE COMPLETED 6/7/96
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 200	G							200.0 to 206.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellowish brown matrix, fine to coarse, subrounded, little fine to coarse sand, few fines, trace cobbles. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 204	G		- 2	05				@ 205.0 feet: some fine to coarse sand.
MW-72- 207	G		2	10				206.0 to 211.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellowish brown matrix, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #2)
MW-72- 215	G		-	15				211.0 to 225.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellowish brown matrix, fine to coarse, subrounded, little fine to coarse black and white sands, few fines, trace cobbles. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.ca:5.CHRL...CHRI

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 12 OF 20 669.50 389.00

			,					DATE COMPLETED 8/7/36
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEST	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 220	G	-						211.0 to 225.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), as above.
MW-72- 225	G	ε		225				225.0 to 230.0 feet: GRAVEL (GW), yellowish brown matrix, fine to coarse, few fine to coarse sand, trace fines. Gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 231	G			235			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	230.0 to 238.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM), yellowish brown matrix, fine to coarse, few fine gravel, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 238	G			240-				238.0 to 256.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), brownish yellow matrix, medium to coarse, little fine to coarse sand, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15,002.01,11/5/98.sa;5,CHRL...CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

MW-72 13 OF 20 669.50 389.00' DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

	00001		daloy					DATE COMPLETED 6/7/96
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 240	G							238.0 to 256.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), as above.
MW-72- 245	G	ç	2	245				@ 245.0 to 253.0 feet: grayish brown.
MW-72- 250	G			250				
MW-72- 256	G			255				@ 253.0 to 256.0 feet: light gray. 256.0 to 258.0 feet: SAND (SP), black with trace grayish brown fines, fine to medium, trace
			-	260-	=		0 0	coarse sand and fine gravel (possible carry down). (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 258.0 to 270.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), fine to medium, trace yellowish gray fines, few fine to coarse sand, gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

MW-72 14 OF 20 669.50 389.00

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	BLOWS					I	
NUMBER	TYPE	PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 260	G							258.0 to 270.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), as above.
MW-72- 265	G	ς .	- :	265				@ 265.0 to 270.0 feet: trace grayish brown fines, trace fine sand, few coarse sand.
MW-72- 268	G			270	_			
								270.0 to 276.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellowish brown, fine, some gravels that are likely carry-down (currently at limit of air rotary circulation capacity). (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 275	G		- :	275	Ξ			276.0 to 279.5 feet: SAND (SP), black with white
MW-72- 276.5		5-8-11 (14")	-	-	-			fine to medium, trace coarse, trace fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace yellowish brown fines. Sands fine downhole. (ADVANCE
MW-72- 278		9-50/4" (9")	-		_			OUTWASH) @ 279.0 feet: few fine to coarse subrounded
MW-72- 279.5	SB	9-50/3"	ł	280		▦▦	hin	gravel in bailer.

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A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa;4.CHRL.

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 15 OF 20 669.50 389.00

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	COLUMN LTHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 281	SB	7-50/1" (18")						279.5 to 286.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black with white, fine to medium, few light brown fines, trace fine subrounded gravel. Sands fine downhole. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 282.5	SB	14-30- 50/5" (18")	-		-			
MW-72- 284	SB	9-50/1" (6")	<u> </u>	285				@ 284.0 to 286.5 feet: trace coarse sand, trace cobbles.
MW-72- 285.5	SB	7-50/5" (6")			-			286.5 to 290.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black
MW-72- 287	SB	8-50/5" (12")	-					with white, fine to medium, few yellowish brown fines, trace coarse sand. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
MW-72- 288.5	SB	10-50/3" (6")						@ 288.5 feet: trace orange mottles.
MW-72- 290	SB	14-22- 50/1" (12")		290				290.5 to 297.0 feet: SILT (ML), light to dark gray, some fine sand, little clay, fine horizontal laminae (1- to 2 mm-varves), trace fine organic
MW-72- 292	SB	25-40- 50/3" - (13")			-			material parallel with bedding, low plasticity, no dilatency, stiff, moist. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 295	SB	21-50/3" (0")		295				
MW-72-	SB	50	-			█		297.0 to 308.0 feet: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SW-SM), black, fine to coarse, few to some
297.5	G	(O")	1		ĵ	▦▦		fine to coarse subrounded gravel, few grayish
MW-72- 298	SB	10-50/0" (0")	-	300-	_			brown fines. Gravel content decreases and gravels fine downhole. (PRE-VASHON)

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 16 OF 20 669.50 389.00

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SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	IN FEET	WELL	СОГЛИИ	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
MW-72- 300	SB G	26-50/4" (18")		1			297.0 to 308.0 feet: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SW-SM), as above. @ 300.0 to 302.0 feet: light gray fines.	
MW-72- 302.5	SB	14-50/4" (18")		_				
MW-72- 305	SB	50/5" (3")	- 30)5 <u>]</u>				
MW-72- 307	SB G	14-50/4" (6")	-	Ā			@ 307.0 feet: some fine gravel, trace fines. 308.0 to 315.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM), black/	
MW-72- 310	SB	33- 50/2" (18")	31	io 7			with green and white grains, few gray fines, little to some fine to coarse subrounded gravel, gradational upper contact. (PRE-VASHON)	
MW-72- 312.5	SB G	50 (5")		7			@ 312.5 to 313.0 feet: greenish gray silt stringers, to 3 cm thick.	
MW-72- 315	SB	50 (18")	- 31	⁵]			315.0 to 316.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black with white grains, fine to medium, few light gray fines, few coarse sand, trace fine rounded gravel. (PRE-VASHON MARKER #1)	
MW-72- 317	SB	20-50/4" (6")		-			316.0 to 320.0 feet: SAND (SP), black with white grains, fine to medium, trace grayish brown fines, few fines, subrounded gravel. Gradational upper contact. (PRE-VASHON MARKER #1)	
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REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

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CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 17 OF 20 669.50 389.00

		GED B1	A. 0	ualoy/1.	reat			DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98
	SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	NWATOO DIDOTOHLIT	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	MW-72- 320	SB G	18-50 (9")	-	-			320.0 to 326.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray, very fine, little dark gray silt. (PRE-VASHON MARKER #1) @ 322.0 feet: wood fragments to 3 cm length.
	MW-72- 322.5	SB	10- 50/1" (18")		-			
	MW-72- 325	SB	10-50/3" (3")	- 325 - -				326.0 to 331.0 feet: SAND (SP), dark gray, fine, trace brown fines, occasional horizontal silt beds
- 1	MW-72- 327.5	SB	3-22- 50/1" (3")					to 3 mm thick. Sand coarsens downhole. (PRE-VASHON)
	MW-72- 330	SB	14-50 (14")	330	1		d	331.0 to 340.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black with white grains, fine to medium, few fines,
	MW-72- 332.5	SB G	14-50 (9")	-	1			few interbeds of light gray to brown silt. (PRE-VASHON)
	MW-72- 335	SB	10- 50/3" (18")	- 335 -				
	MW-72- 337.5	SB	10- 50/3" (18")	-				
				340-		10000	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:5.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 18 OF 20 669.50 389.00

LOGG	GED BY	А. О	daloy/I.	reat			DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 340	SB	19- 50/2" (18")		-			340.0 to 351.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), black with white grains, fine, little to some light gray fines, silt content increases downhole. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 342.5	SB G	14- 50/4" (18")		-			@ 344.0 to 345.0 feet: trace fine rounded gravel,
MW-72- 345	SB	17-33- 50/2" (18")	- - 345				trace dark gray stiff silt interbeds 3 to 4 mm thick. @ 345.0 to 346.0 feet: trace fine subrounded gravel.
MW-72- 347.5	SB	23-50/5" (18")					@ 347.5 to 348.4 feet: trace fine subrounded gravel, trace wooden debris, trace silt interbeds to 3 cm thick.
MW-72- 350	SB	10-50/3" (18")	350	1			@ 350.0 to 350.7 feet: trace coarse sand, trace fine to coarse subrounded gravel.
MW-72- 352.5	SB	17-50/4" (18"		-			351.0 to 356.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black with white grains, fine, few light gray fines, few to little fine to coarse gravel. Gradational upper contact. Gravels increase and coarsen downhole. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 355	SB	8-50/4" (18")	355				
MW-72- 357.5	SB G	7-50 (6")		- -			356.0 to 360.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), black with white grains, fine to coarse, little dark gray fines, trace fine subrounded gravel, wet below 360.0 feet. (PRE-VASHON)
			360	=			@ 359.0 to 360.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), black with white grains, fine to coarse, little dark gray

REMARKS

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

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LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 19 OF 20 669.50 389.00

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SAMPLE NUMBER	MBER TYPE 6 I		GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 360	SB G	9-50/5" (O")	⊻ 8/7/	98	-			fines, trace fine subrounded gravel, wet below 360.0 feet. @ 359.0 to 360.0 feet: some fine to coarse
MW-72- 361.5	SB	15-50/4" (6")	131	2	-			subrounded to rounded gravel. 360.0 to 361.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM), black with white grains, fine to coarse, some fine to
MW-72- 363	SB G	25-50/3" (6")		•				coarse subrounded to rounded gravel, few light gray fines, wet. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 364.5	SB	7-50 (12")	- 3	365	-			361.0 to 362.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), black with white grains, fine to coarse, little dark gray fines, some fine to medium, subrounded gravel. Gradational upper contact. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 366	SB G	10-50/2" (6")						362.5 to 366.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black with white grains, fine to medium, trace coarse, few fine to coarse subrounded to rounded gravel, few light gray fines, wet. Sand coarsens
MW-72- 368	SB	26-50/0" (12")	-				0 0	and gravels increase downhole. (PRE-VASHON) 366.0 to 367.0 feet: SAND (SW), black with white grains, fine to coarse, trace fines, some
MW-72- 369.5	SB	10-50/3" (6")	- :	370	-			fine to coarse subrounded gravel, trace cobbles to 4-inches diameter. (PRE-VASHON) 367.0 to 368.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), dark
MW-72- 371	SB	15-50/5" (6")			-			gray, fine, moist. (PRE-VASHON) 368.0 to 370.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), black, fine to medium subrounded to rounded, some fine to coarse sand, few fines, trace
MW-72- 372.5	SB	35-50/0" (5")	ŀ		_			cobbles, wet. (PRE-VASHON) 370.0 to 372.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), black, fine to
MW-72- 374	SB G	22-40- 50/5" (18")	<u> </u>	375				medium subrounded to rounded, some fine to coarse sand, trace fines, trace cobbles, wet. Gradational upper contact. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 375.5	SB	8-50 (6")			-	2000000000	0000	372.0 to 374.0 feet: SAND (SW), black with white grains, fine to coarse, few fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace gray fines, wet. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- 377	SB	10-50/3"	-		-			374.0 to 376.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine, little grayish brown fines, large (8 cm x 8 cm) wood fragment in sampler, wet.
MW-72- 378.5	SB	8-27- 50/2" (18")	<u> </u>	380-	1			(PRE-VASHON)

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002,01,11/5/98.sa:5.CHRL,..CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98

MW-72 20 OF 20 669.50 389.00'

						DATE COMPLETED 8/7/98
SAMPLE SAMPLE NUMBER TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	LEVELS DEPTH IN FEET	GRAB SAMPLES SB SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
MW-72- 380	5-28- 50/3" (12")		-			376.0 to 378.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), black, fine, subrounded to rounded, little light gray fines, few subrounded coarse sand, few stiff brown silt lenses, trace wood fragments, wet. (PRE-VASHON)
MW-72- SB 382.5	7-18- 50/3" (12")		-			378.0 to 380.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), black, fine, little light gray fines, trace coarse sand, trace wood fragments, wet. (PRE-VASHON) 380.0 to 389.0 feet: SILT (ML), dark gray, soft to
MW-72- SB 385	5-14-50	385 -	-			firm. (PRE-VASHON) @ 380.0 to 381.0 feet: brown mottles. @ 382.5 feet: bailed dry, added water to drill. @ 384.0 to 389.0 feet: brownish gray.
MW-72- 387.5	5-14-40		-	用物用用用 机刮机机机		@ 387.5 to 389.0 feet: trace dark brown mottles.
		- 395				Total depth drilled = 387.5 feet. Total depth sampled = 389.0 feet. WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS: +2.4 to 366.2 feet: nominal 2.5-inch I.D., flush-threaded, Schedule 80 PVC blank riser pipe. 366.2 to 375.8 feet: nominal 2.5-inch I.D., flush-threaded, Schedule 80 PVC screen with 0.020-inch machined slots. 375.8 to 376.5 feet: nominal 2.5-inch I.D., Schedule 80 PVC blank sump. 366.5 to 366.0 and 375.5 to 376.5 feet: stainless steel centralizers. 0 to 2.0 feet: concrete. 2.0 to 360.9 feet: Pure Gold™medium bentonite chips, hydrated. 360.9 to 376.8 feet: 20 - 40 Colorado™ silica sand. 376.8 to 378.0 feet: tamped pea gravel. 378.0 to 380.8 feet: Pure Gold™ medium bentonite chips, placed into groundwater. 380.8 to 386.0 feet: pea gravel. 380.8 to 389.0 feet: slough/native soils.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added below 5 ft., except no water added from 37 to 77 ft. depth. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Casing lead joint severely bent at 116 ft.; casing pulled, bent section removed and readvanced. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 276 ft., cable tool below 276 ft. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 585 ft. (87.4-ft.-depth) with the borehole at 88 ft. on June 12, 1998. (8) Top of steel casing elevation = 672.37 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.se;4.CHRL...CHRL2

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME Area 5 Permit Compliance BORING NO. MW-82 Cedar Hills Landfill LOCATION PAGE 1 of 8 DRILLED BY Cascade Drilling, Inc. REFERENCE ELEV. 472.80 Air Rotary DRILL METHOD TOTAL DEPTH 139.5 LOGGED BY Udaloy DATE COMPLETED 11/2/00 SAMPLE SAMPLE PID WELL LITHO-LITHOLOGIC SAMPLES GROUND WATER LEVEL DEPTH IN FEET NUMBER METHOD (in ppm) DETAILS LOGIC DESCRIPTION COLUMN 00°0 0 to 0.5 foot: GRAVEL (GP), gray, medium to coarse, angular, some sand. (FILL/ROAD SUBGRADE) \$\overline{x} \to \opportunity 0.5 to 6.5 feet: PEAT (PT), dark brown, few to some fine 24 25 sand, some fines, moist, soft. (ALLUVIUM) 24 24 G 4 G 5 6.5 to 10.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GW-GM), ∇ G 7 yellowish-gray, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, 11/1/00 few to little fine to medium sand, few fines, moist to wet. @ 0820 Drills easily. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) G 10 10.0 to 14.0 feet: SANDY GRAVELLY SILT (ML), gray, little to some fine to medium sand, few to little fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel (possibly carrydown), wet. Drills easily. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) 14.0 to 19.0 feet: SANDY SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray, medium to coarse, few to little fines, some sand, trace G 15 cobbles, moist to wet. Fines upward, upper portion mostly silty gravelly sand. Cobble at 14.0 feet. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) 19.0 to 22.0 feet: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SM), grayish-yellow, fine to medium, few subangular to

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.pds:3.3/24/01.CHRLF...A15-002.02 T11

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY Area 5 Permit Compliance Cedar Hills Landfill Cascade Drilling, Inc. Air Rotary Udaloy

BORING NO. PAGE REFERENCE ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED MW-82 2 of 8 472.80 139.5' 11/2/00

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	PID (in ppm)	GROUND WATER LEVEL	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	20	-	-					subrounded medium to coarse gravel, gravels coarsen downhole, cobbles at 22.0 feet, some fine to medium sand, few to little fines, moist. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) @ 20.0 feet: add water while drilling. 22.0 to 24.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, soft. (STRATIFIED
G	23				1			DRIFT)
G	26		- - -	25	 -			24.0 to 29.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellow-brown fines, medium to coarse, subrounded to subangular, few to little fines, some fine to medium sand. Drills easily. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)
G	30			30				29.0 to 33.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to medium, few fines, some fine to coarse gravel. Drills easily. (STRATIFIED DRIFT)
G	33		-	35				33.0 to 41.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray fines, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, few to little fines, few to little fine to coarse sand, trace cobbles and boulders. Very difficult drilling. (TILL)
G	36			55	1			@ 37.0 to 38.0 feet: easier drilling.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.gds:3.3/24/01.CHRLF...A15-002.02 T11

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY Area 5 Permit Compliance Cedar Hills Landfill Cascade Drilling, Inc. Air Rotary Udaloy BORING NO. PAGE REFERENCE ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED MW-82 3 of 8 472.80 139.5' 11/2/00

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	PID (In ppm)	GROUND WATER LEVEL	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	42		-					33.0 to 41.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), continued. 41.0 to 53.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), gray to brownish-gray, few fines, few fine to medium sand, trace cobbles and boulders. Drills with difficulty. (TILL)
G	45			50				45.0 feet: gray, little fines (GM). 48.0 to 49.0 feet: boulder, collapsed drive shoe. Pull casing, reline borehole, resume drilling using new drill bit and drive shoe.
G	51		- - -					
G	53		-					53.0 to 56.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GM), gray, fine to coarse, little to some fine to medium sand, some fines, trace cobbles. Casing drives easily. (TILL)
G	55		-	55				56.0 to 72.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GP-GM),
G	57		- - - -	- 60	-			grayish-brown to brown, fine to medium, mostly subrounded, some fine to medium sand, little fines. Drills relatively easily. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.gds:3.3/24/01.CHRLF...A15-002.02 T11

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

Area 5 Permit Compliance Cedar Hills Landfill Cascade Drilling, Inc. Air Rotary

Udaloy

BORING NO. PAGE

REFERENCE ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED MW-82 4 of 8 472.80 139.5 11/2/00

			ualoy					DATE COMPLETED 11/2/00
SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	PID (in ppm)	GROUND WATER LEVEL	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	65			65				56.0 to 72.0 feet: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GP-GM), continued. © 60.0 to 64.0 feet: mostly medium to coarse subrounded gravel with some fine to medium sand, few fines.
G .	69			70				
G	73		- - - - - -	75				72.0 to 76.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM), yellow-brown fines, fine to coarse, trace fine to medium gravel, few fines, gradational basal contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	77			- 80	- J			76.0 to 81.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), yellow-brown fines, medium to coarse, subrounded to angular, trace fine to medium gravel. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.gds:3.3/24/01.CHRLF...A15-602.02 T11

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME Area 5 Permit Compliance BORING NO. MW-82 LOCATION Cedar Hills Landfill PAGE 5 of 8 DRILLED BY Cascade Drilling, Inc. REFERENCE ELEV. 472.80 DRILL METHOD Air Rotary TOTAL DEPTH 139.5 LOGGED BY Udaloy DATE COMPLETED 11/2/00 SAMPLE SAMPLE PID WELL LITHO-LITHOLOGIC DEPTH IN FEET METHOD NUMBER (in ppm) DETAILS LOGIC DESCRIPTION COLUMN 76.0 to 81.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), continued. 81.5 to 104.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), brown-gray 0000 fines, medium to coarse, subrounded, some fine to coarse angular sand, trace fines. Gradational to 00 G 83 well-graded gravel. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 84.0 feet: cobbles. Some gravels have oxidized rinds. 0 @ 87.0 to 90.0 feet: beds of fine to medium sand, less than 1.0-foot thick each. G 90 @ 93.0 to 104.0 feet: cobbley, very difficult drilling. ٥ G 96

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

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UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.gds:3.3/24/01.CHRLF...A15-002.02 T11

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY Area 5 Permit Compliance Cedar Hills Landfill Cascade Drilling, Inc. Air Rotary Udaloy BORING NO.
PAGE
REFERENCE ELEV.
TOTAL DEPTH
DATE COMPLETED

MW-82 6 of 8 472.80 139.5' 11/2/00

SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	PID (lin ppm)	GROUND WATER LEVEL	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	100	-	-					81.5 to 104.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), continued.
G G	104 105		- - - -	105			10000000000000000000000000000000000000	104.0 to 107.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), orange-brown fines, medium to coarse, little to some fine to medium sand, some fines. Fines occur as layers with orange-brown staining on outer surfaces. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	109			110			900	107.0 to 111.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), orange-brown fines, fine to medium, some fines, may include or grade to SANDY SILT (ML). Few medium to coarse gravels may be carrydown. Drills smoothly and easily. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	112			115				111.5 to 116.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), orange-brown fines, fine to medium, subrounded to subangular, some fine to coarse sand, few fines. Many gravels have oxidized brown coatings. Gradational basa contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	118		- - - - - -	-120				116.0 to 121.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), orange-brown fines, medium to coarse, subrounded to subangular, some fine to medium sand, trace gray sitt (ML) as thin layers or lenses. Many red or red-coated clasts. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30

November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.gds: 3.3/24/01.CHRLF._A15-002.02 T11

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY Area 5 Permit Compliance Cedar Hills Landfill Cascade Drilling, Inc. Air Rotary Udaloy BORING NO. PAGE REFERENCE ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED MW-82 7 of 8 472.80 139.5' 11/2/00

				т	_			
SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	PID (in ppm)	GROUND WATER LEVEL	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
G	121		- 11/2/ - @ 16	630			000	116.0 to 121.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), continued. 121.0 to 128.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), yellow-brown fines, fine, few fines, trace coal fragments. Fines increasing downhole, basal contact is gradational with uncertain position. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	125			125	1			@ 125.0 feet: little fines.
G	130			130	- -			128.0 to 132.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow-brown fines, fine, some fines. Basal contact is abrupt with uncertain position. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	134		- - - - -	135			S	132.5 to 136.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), yellow-brown fines, fine to medium, trace coarse, little fines, trace coal. Basal contact is gradational with uncertain position. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
G	138			,			P. C.	136.0 to 139.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow brown fines, fine, some fines, very easy drilling. Gradational to sandy silt (ML). (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
—				-140)—			

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.gds:3.3/24/01.CHRLF_A15-002.02 T11

PROJECT NAME LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY Area 5 Permit Compliance Cedar Hills Landfill Cascade Drilling, Inc.

Air Rotary Udaloy BORING NO. PAGE REFERENCE ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

DATE COMPLETED

MW-82 8 of 8 472.80 139.5' 11/2/00

	000001		ualoy					DATE COMPLETED 11/2/00
SAMPLE METHOD	SAMPLE NUMBER	PID (in ppm)	GROUND WATER LEVEL	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	LITHO- LOGIC COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
				150				Bottom of cased hole = 134.0 feet. Bottom of drilling = 139.5 feet. WELL COMPLETION DETAILS +2.6 to 123.9 feet: nominal 4-inch O.D., flush-threaded, Schedule 80 PVC blank riser pipe. 123.9 to 133.4 feet: nominal 4-inch O.D., flush-threaded, Schedule 80 PVC screen with 0.020-inch machined slots and 0.125-inch spacers. 133.4 to 134.0 feet: nominal 4-inch O.D. flush-threaded Schedule 80 PVC blank riser casing with end cap. 123.0 to 124.0 feet: stainless steel centralizer. 133.0 to 134.0 feet: stainless steel centralizer. 0 to 2.0 feet: concrete. 2.0 to 119.0 feet: PureGold® medium bentonite chips. 119.0 to 135.0 feet: 20-40 Colorado™ silica sand. 135.0 to 139.5 feet: slough.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Water added during drilling below 20 feet. (3) Tri-cone drill bit, 9 5/8-inch-diameter casing. (4) N: 167725.31, E: 1699553.72. (5) Reference Elevation = Ground Surface. (6) Top of PVC Casing Elevation = 474.85 feet. (7) Boring ID = MW-I. (8) Perched groundwater elevation = 465.6 feet at 08:20 November 1, 2000. (9) Regional groundwater elevation = 350.2 feet at 16:30 November 2, 2000.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

CHRLF.pds:3.3/2401.CHRLF...A15-002.02 T11

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. BORING NO. A5B-2A Udaloy/Treat GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER PAGE 1 OF 5 DRILLED BY Hokkaido Drilling & Development GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 614.30' DRILL METHOD Air Rotary, Downhole hammer TOP OF CASING ELEV. DATE COMPLETED 02/06/98 TOTAL DEPTH 90.40' SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS WELL DETAILS DEPTH IN FEET LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION (SAMPLE (in feet) (per METHOD) 6-inches) 0 to 9.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), gray and brown, some fines, little fine to coarse gravel, trace cobbles, moist to wet. (REWORKED STRATIFIED DRIFT) 5-5.5 (G) 9.0 to 12.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, few fine sand, moist. (STRATIFIED DRIFT/LACUSTRINE) 11-12 (G) 12-13 12.0 to 14.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), gray, few (G) fine sand, little fine to medium gravel. Gradational upper contact. (STRATIFIED DRIFT/LACUSTRINE) Ѷ 14-15 14.0 to 16.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), brown, (G) fine to medium, few fines, possible silt 15 interbeds, moist to wet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 16.5 to 18.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), 17-18 yellow-brown to yellow-gray, medium to coarse, some fine to coarse sand, some fines, wet. (G) (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 18.5 to 23.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), 19-20 yellow-brown to yellow-gray, fine to medium, (G) some fine to coarse angular sand, few fines,

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170195.99, Easting: 1698842.5. (7) Water encountered at 14 feet below grade.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED

CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. BORING NO. Udaloy/Treat Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary, Downhole hammer 02/06/98

PAGE GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 614.30' TOP OF CASING ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-2A 2 OF 5

90.40

DAI	E COMPL		02	/06/:				TOTAL DEPTH 90.40'
SAMPLE NUMBER (SAMPLE METHOD)	SAMPLE RECOVERY (in feet)	BLOW COUNTS (per 6-inches)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
21-22 (G)			-		1			18.5 to 23.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), continued: moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
25-26 (G)				25	- -		24 C 4 C 4 C 4 C 4 C 4 C 4 C 4 C 4 C 4 C	23.5 to 27.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellow-brown to yellow-gray, medium to coarse, subangular to subrounded, some medium angular sand, little fines, moist to wet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
27.5- 28.0 (G)				30				27.5 to 33.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), yellow-gray, medium, subangular, few fines, few fine gravel, trace cobbles and boulders, moist to wet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 30.0 to 33.0 feet: cobbles and boulders.
33-34 (G)				35	· ·			33.0 to 82.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), gray-brown to yellow-brown, medium to coarse, few fines, some fine to medium sand, damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 33.0 to 33.5 feet: SAND (SP).
NS (SB) 38.0- 38.5 (G)	0	50/3"						
	_			-40		_I		

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170195.99, Easting: 1698842.5. (7) Water encountered at 14 feet below

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. BORING NO. A5B-2A GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER 3 OF 5 Udaloy/Treat PAGE DRILLED BY Hokkaido Drilling & Development GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 614.30' Air Rotary, Downhole hammer 02/06/98 TOP OF CASING ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED 90.40 SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN WELL DETAILS NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS LITHOLOGIC DEPTH IN FEET DESCRIPTION (SAMPLE (in feet) (per METHOD) 33.0 to 82.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), continued. @ 44.0 to 44.5 feet: little fines. 45.0-45.5 (G) 50-51 (G) 54.5-55.0 (G) 0.9 43-50/5" 55.8-@ 56.0 feet: coarse gravels and cobbles. 56.7 (SB)

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170195.99, Easting: 1698842.5. (7) Water encountered at 14 feet below grade.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.se:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED

CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. Udaloy/Treat Hokkaido Drilling & Development

Air Rotary, Downhole hammer 02/06/98

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND SURFACE ELEV. TOP OF CASING ELEV.

A5B-2A 4 OF 5 614.30

TOTAL DEPTH 90.40' SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN WELL NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS SAMPLES LITHOLOGIC DEPTH IN FEET (SAMPLE (in feet) (per METHOD) 6-inches) 33.0 to 82.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), continued. 65 @ 65.0 to 66.0 feet: some fines, fine to medium 65-66 (G) gravel. 70-71 @ 70.0 to 71.0 feet: some fines, fine to medium (G) gravel. 74.0-74.5 0.4 50/4" (G) 74.5-74.9 (SB)

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170195.99, Easting: 1698842.5. (7) Water encountered at 14 feet below

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MF

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. Pyle Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary, Downhole hammer

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 606.12' TOP OF CASING FLEV

A5B-3 1 OF 4

	E COMP			/19/		Downhol	e hamn	ner TOP OF CASING ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 75.00'
SAMPLE NUMBER (SAMPLE METHOD)	SAMPLE RECOVERY (in feet)	BLOW COUNTS (per 6-inches)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
0-1 (G) 4-5 (G) 5-6				5			0 0 0	O to 2.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), grayish-brown, angular to subangular, little fines, moist. (REWORKED TILL/STRATIFIED DRIFT) 2.5 to 5.0 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (ML), gray, little subrounded fine to medium gravel, moist. (REWORKED TILL/STRATIFIED DRIFT) 5.0 to 6.3 feet: PEAT (PT), dark brown, clayey,
(G) 6-7 (G) 7-8 (G) 8-9 (G)	-			10				damp to moist. (ALLUVIUM) 6.3 to 7.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), brown, angular to subangular, little fines, little organics, gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 7.0 to 8.0 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (GP-GM), light brown, little subrounded fine to medium gravel, few to little fine to medium sand, moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 8.0 to 11.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), light grayish-brown, angular, little fines, damp to 9 feet, moist below 9 feet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
15-16 (G)			- ₩	15	1			11.0 to 19.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), light brown, angular, little to some fine to medium sand, some fines, moist to 15 feet, wet below 15 feet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
19-20 (G)			<u> </u>	20-			3000	19.0 to 25.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), light brown, subrounded, little sand, some fines,

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170419.08, Easting: 1699315.8.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01,CH2MH,sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. PROJECT NAME BORING NO. A5B-3 GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER 2 OF 4 Pyle PAGE Hokkaido Drilling & Development DRILLED BY GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 606.12" Air Rotary, Downhole hammer 02/19/98 DRILL METHOD TOP OF CASING ELEV. DATE COMPLETED TOTAL DEPTH 75.00' SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS WELL DEPTH IN FEET LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION (SAMPLE (in feet) (per METHOD) 19.0 to 25.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), continued: damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 22.0 feet: some fines, trace to few sand (GM). 24-25 (G) 25 25-26 25.0 to 28.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), (G) reddish-brown, angular to subrounded, damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 27-28 (G) 28.0 to 64.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), brownish-gray, fine to medium, subrounded to angular, some fines, damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 30 31.5-32.0 (G) 36.5-37.0 @ 37.0 feet: cobbles, angular gravels. (G) (1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170419.08, Easting: 1699315.8.

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED

CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval.

Pyle Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary, Downhole hammer 02/19/98

BORING NO. PAGE

GROUND SURFACE ELEV. TOP OF CASING ELEV.

A5B-3 3 OF 4 606.12'

DAT	E COMP	LETED	02	/19/s	ary, 98	Downhole	e hamm	TOP OF CASING ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 75.00'
SAMPLE NUMBER (SAMPLE METHOD)	SAMPLE RECOVERY (in feet)	BLOW COUNTS (per 6-inches)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
41-42 (G)		-	-		1		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	28.0 to 64.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), continued.
46-47				45				@ 44.0 feet: cobbles.
(G)					<u>-</u>			. (
50-51 (G)				50	1			@ 50.0 to 50.5 feet: trace wood.
55-56				55				@ 54.0 feet: boulder. @ 55.0 to 64.0 feet: little fines.
(G)								
59-60 (G)				- 60-				

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170419.08, Easting: 1699315.8.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. BORING NO. A5B-3 GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER Pyle PAGE 4 OF 4 Hokkaido Drilling & Development DRILLED BY GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 606.12" DRILL METHOD Air Rotary, Downhole hammer TOP OF CASING ELEV. DATE COMPLETED 02/19/98 TOTAL DEPTH 75.00' SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION (SAMPLE (in feet) (per METHOD) 28.0 to 64.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), continued. 64-65 64.0 to 66.5 feet: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (G) (SM), brown, little fine gravel, little fines, damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 66.5 to 69.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), 67-68 brownish-gray, fine, few fine to coarse sand, (G) little fines, damp to moist. Gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 69.0 to 70.0 feet: fine to medium gravel. 69.5 to 72.5 feet: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL 70-71 (SM), brown, medium, little fine gravel, little (G) fines, damp to moist. Gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) Total depth drilled = 75.0 feet. Total depth sampled = 75.0 feet. 74-75 Decommissioning Details (G) 0 to 55.0 feet: Soil. 55.0 to 75.0 feet: Bentonite chips.

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (6) Northing: 170419.08, Easting: 1699315.8.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MF

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval.
Pyle
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary, tri-cone bit

PAGE GROUND SURFACE ELEV. TOP OF CASING ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

BORING NO.

A5B-6 1 OF 4 616.56'

02/18/98 60.50 SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN WATER WATER LEVELS DEPTH IN FEET WELL NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS LITHOLOGIC (SAMPLE DESCRIPTION (in feet) (per METHODI 6-inches) 0 to 2.5 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (ML), gray, some fine to medium subrounded gravel, moist. (REWORKED TILL/STRATIFIED DRIFT) 2.5 to 4.0 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (ML), gray, few fine to medium subrounded gravel, moist. (TILL/STRATIFIED DRIFT) 4.0 to 7.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, trace fine to 4-5 medium subrounded gravel, moist. (G) (STRATIFIED DRIFT) 7.0 to 16.0 feet: GRAVELLY SILT (ML), gray, some subrounded gravel, moist. (STRATIFIED DRIFT) 10-11 (G) @ 12.0 feet: cobbles. @ 14.0 to 15.0 feet: angular gravel. 14-15 (G) ∇ 16-17 16.0 to 18.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray (G) gravels with brown fines, angular, some fines, wet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 18-19 18.0 to 27.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), gray (G) gravels with brown fines, fine to medium, angular to subrounded, damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Water encountered at 16.0 feet below grade. (6) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (7) Northing: 170963.22, Easting: 1698884.2.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED

CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. BORING NO. Pyle Hokkaido Drilling & Development

Air Rotary, tri-cone bit

A5B-6 PAGE 2 OF 4 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. TOP OF CASING ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

616.56' eo eo

DAT	E COMPI	LETED	02	/18/	98			TOTAL DEPTH 60.50'
SAMPLE NUMBER (SAMPLE METHOD)	SAMPLE RECOVERY (in feet)	BLOW COUNTS (per 6-inches)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
21-22 (G)]			18.0 to 27.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), continued. @ 24.0 feet: little fines.
26-27 (G)				25	- -			
28-29 (G)				30]		\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	27.0 to 60.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), grayish-brown, fine to medium, angular to subrounded, few subrounded to subangular medium to coarse sand, little fines, damp to moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 30.0 feet: easier drilling.
34-35 (G)				35			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	@ 33.0 feet: fine gravel.
				-40	-			@ 36.5 to 37.0 feet: cobble.

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Water encountered at 16.0 feet below grade. (6) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (7) Northing: 170963.22, Easting: 1698884.2.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01, CH2MH.sa: 2,03/29/98... CH2MH

PROJECT NAME GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED

CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval.
Pyle
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary, tri-cone bit
02/18/98

BORING NO.
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GROUND SURFACE ELEV.
TOP OF CASING ELEV.
TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-6 3 OF 4 616.56'

60 50'

DAT	E COMPL	ETED	02	/18/9	98			TOTAL DEPTH 60.50'
SAMPLE NUMBER (SAMPLE METHOD)	SAMPLE RECOVERY (in feet)	BLOW COUNTS (per 6-inches)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
40-41 (G)					1		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	27.0 to 60.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), continued. @ 40.0 to 48.0 feet: trace fine to medium sand.
45-46 (G)				45	1		00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
49.5- 50.5 (G)				50				
54-55 (G)				55				@ 58.0 feet: cobbles.
			<u> </u>	-60	_			

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS = Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Water encountered at 16.0 feet below grade. (6) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (7) Northing: 170963.22, Easting: 1698884.2.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa;2.03/29/98...CH2MH

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CH2M Hill/Area 5 Geotechnical Eval. BORING NO. A5B-6 GEOLOGIST/ENGINEER Pyle 4 OF 4 Hokkaido Drilling & Development DRILLED BY GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 616.56 DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED Air Rotary, tri-cone bit TOP OF CASING ELEV. 02/18/98 TOTAL DEPTH 60.50' SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOW COLUMN NUMBER RECOVERY COUNTS WELL DETAILS LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION (SAMPLE (in feet) METHOD) 80 + B 60-60.5 27.0 to 60.5 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), (G) continued. @ 60.0 feet: boulder. Refusal in boulder at 60.5 feet. Total depth sampled: 60.5 feet. **Decommissioning Details** 0 to 55.0 feet: Soil. 55.0 to 60.0 feet: Bentonite chips. 80

REMARKS

(1) G = Grab sample. (2) SS ≈ Nominal 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler. (3) SB = Nominal 3-inch O.D. split-barrel sampler. (4) No water added during drilling. (5) Water encountered at 16.0 feet below grade. (6) Boring diameter: 6-inches. (7) Northing: 170963.22, Easting: 1698884.2.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15-003.01.CH2MH.sa:2.03/29/98...CH2MH

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING BORING NO. A5B-8a PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill 1 OF 21 PAGE LOCATION Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool GROUND ELEV. 610.00 DRILLED BY TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 DRILL METHOD DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98 LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN LITHOLOGIC NUMBER TYPE PER DEPTH IN FEET DESCRIPTION 6 INCHES (RECOVERY) 0 to 2.5 feet: GRAVELLY SAND (SP-SM), brown, fine to coarse, little fine to coarse subrounded gravel, few fines, moist, trace cobbles. (REWORKED TILL) 2.5 to 4.5 feet: SILT (ML), dark brown, 50 percent timber, moist. 4.5 to 9.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), light brown to yellow brown, fine to medium sand, little fines, A5B-G few fine to medium subangular to subrounded 8a-5 gravel, moist. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 9.0 feet: boulder. 9.0 to 20.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GM), yellow brown, fine to coarse subangular to subrounded gravels, some fines, few fine to coarse sand, A5B-G dry. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 8a-10 @ 12.0 feet: boulder. @ 12.5 feet: interbedded layers of light brown silts and fine to medium brown sand. @ 15.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), light brown, little A5B-G fine to medium sands, trace fine to medium 8a-15 gravels, dry. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:5.CHRL...CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. A5B- 8a 2 OF 21 PAGE GROUND ELEV. 610.00 TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

-								
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-20	G							20.0 to 30.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellow brown, fine to medium gravels, some fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 22.0 feet: percentage and size of gravel increasing downward.
A5B- 8a-25	G	٠		25	1			@ 27.0 feet: slow drilling in cobbles.
A5B- 8a-30	G			30				30.0 to 35.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellow brown, fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravels, little fines, few fine to medium sand. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 32.0 feet: color changes to gray brown.
A5B- 8a-35	G			35	1			@ 37.0 feet: 1-foot-thick layer of fine to medium sand.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B- 8a 3 OF 21 610.00 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	BLOWS	_		ا بر ا		2 _	
NUMBER	TYPE	PER	물뚭음		89	7 2	io N	LITHOLOGIC
		6 INCHES	NOUND WATER EVELS	98	M	WEL	호칭	DESCRIPTION
	l .	(BECOVERY)		ŏ≅	- 23	- 6	1 E 8	

		(RECOVERY)	8>-	- E	35	-	5°	
A5B- 8a-40	G			,	-			40.0 to 50.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellow brown, fine to coarse gravels, little fine to coarse sand, little fines in cobbles. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 8a-45	G			45] 			@ 46.0 feet: boulder, slow drilling.
A5B- 8a-50	G			50	i			fine to coaree cande trace fines (ADVANCE
450				55			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
A5B- 8a-55	G				-			55.0 to 60.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), gray brown, fine to coarse gravels, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 58.0 feet: silts increasing with depth.
			_	- 60-		k	للمللمه	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15,002.01,10/31/98.sa;4,CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. A5B- 8a 4 OF 21 PAGE GROUND ELEV. 610.00 410.00' TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

L								
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-60	G						0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	60.0 to 80.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), gray brown, fine to coarse gravels, little fine to coarse sand, few silts. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 61.0 feet: drilling easier, silts increasing with depth.
A5B- 8a-65	G	e		65	1			@ 65.0 feet: little fines.
					=			@ 67.0 to 68.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), gray brown, little fine to medium sand, trace fine gravels.
A5B- 8a-70	G			70				@ 70.0 feet: yellow brown color, subangular gravels, fine to medium sand.
A5B- 8a-75	G			75	1	<u>=</u> -		

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98,sa:4.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. A5B- 8a PAGE 5 OF 21 GROUND ELEV. 610.00 410.00 TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

	GED B1		ualoy		Tout			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-80	G		-					80.0 to 86.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellow brown, fine to coarse subrounded gravel, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 8a-85	G	t		85	<u> </u>			@ 83.0 feet: softer drilling, gravels fining downward.
1			-				O S	86.0 to 95.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), yellow brown, fine to medium sands, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #1)
A5B- 8a-90	G			90]			@ 92.0 feet: orange brown color, little gray silt
A5B-	G			95				stringers. @ 95.0 feet: some silts.
8a-95								95.5 to 100.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellow to orange brown, fine to medium gravels, little fine to coarse sand, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
	ave.			100-	=			

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 3-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat

A5B- 8a BORING NO. PAGE 6 OF 21 GROUND ELEV. 610.00 TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

			auloy					DATE COMPLETED 0/0/30
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-100	G							100.0 to 120.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellow brown, fine to medium gravels, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 8a-105	G	ς	1	105	<u> </u>			@ 105.0 feet: as above, increasing to little silts.
A5B- 8a-110	G		المراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة والمراجعة	110	1			@ 107.0 feet: gravels fining. @ 110.0 feet: color change to gray brown, fines decreasing to few.
A5B- 8a-115	G			115	1			@ 115.0 feet: fines increasing to little.
			L	120-	_			

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.ss:4.CHRL...CHF

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY
A. Udalov/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. A5B- 8a 7 OF 21 610.00

TOTAL DEPTH 410.00

	LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy	/т. т	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
	SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	A5B- 8a-120	G							120.0 to 130.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), yellow brown, fine to medium subrounded gravels, few coarse sands, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
	A5B- 8a-125	G	ć.	1	25]			@ 125.0 feet: sands increase to little.
	A5B- 8a-130	G		- - - - - -	30	- -			130.0 to 140.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellow brown, fine to medium subrounded gravels, little fine to coarse sand, few silts. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
	A5B- 8a-135	G			35	1			@ 135.0 feet: sands fining with depth.
_					40-			2119	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project BORING NO. A5B- 8a LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill PAGE 8 OF 21 Hokkaido Drilling & Development DRILLED BY GROUND ELEV. 610.00 DRILL METHOD Air Rotary/Cable Tool TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98 SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN NUMBER TYPE PER LITHOLOGIC DEPTH IN FEET DESCRIPTION 6 INCHES (RECOVERY) A5B-140.0 to 150.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM). 8a-140 yellow brown, fine to coarse subrounded gravels, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 143.0 to 145.0 feet: smooth drilling. @ 145.0 feet: silts increase, gravels fining A5B-G downward. 8a-145 150 A5B-150.0 to 155.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow G 8a-150 brown, fine to coarse sand, little fine gravels, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #2) 155 A5B-G 155.0 to 158.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), fine to 8a-155 medium subrounded gravels, some fine to coarse sand, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) ∇ A5B-G 158.0 to 164.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), yellow 5/28/98 brown, fine to medium sands, few fines. 8a-158 1400 (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 160

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:5.CHRL...CHRL

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
DRILL METHOD
AIR Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

610.00 410.00

A5B- 8a

9 OF 21

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-160	G				- -			158.0 to 164.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), as above. @ 162.0 feet: fining downward, wet.
A5B- 8a-164 A5B- 8a-165	G G	ę		165	-			164.0 to 167.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow brown, fine sand, few medium sand, little fines, dry. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 165.0 feet: fine to medium sand, few fines.
A5B- 8a-170	G			170				167.0 to 195.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellow brown, fine to medium subrounded gravels, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) @ 170.0 feet: silts decreasing with depth.
A5B- 8a-175	G			175				@ 172.0 feet: boulder.
			L	180	_			

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01,10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project BORING NO. A5B- 8a Cedar Hills Regional Landfill PAGE 10 OF 21 LOCATION Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool GROUND ELEV. 610.00' DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 A. Udaloy/T. Treat DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98 LOGGED BY SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN NUMBER LITHOLOGIC TYPE PER DEPTH IN FEET DESCRIPTION 6 INCHES (RECOVERY) A5B-G 167.0 to 195.0 feet: SANDY GRAVEL (GP-GM), as 8a-180 above. 185 @ 185.0 feet: decreasing sands and silts. A5B-G 8a-185 190 A5B-G 8a-190 195 A5B-G 195.0 to 197.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow 8a-195 brown, fine to medium sand, little fines, few fine subrounded gravels. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 197.0 to 210.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellow brown, fine to medium subrounded gravels, some fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 200

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface.

(4) Norminal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01,10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 410.00
DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

A5B- 8a 11 OF 21 610.00 410.00

١	LOGO	SED BY	A. U	daloy	/1. 1	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
	SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	A5B- 8a-200	G				-			197.0 to 210.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), as above.
	A5B- 8a-205	G	٤		205	1			
	A58- 8a-210	G			210]]			210.0 to 213.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellow brown, fine to medium subrounded gravels, some fine to coarse sand, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
	A5B- 8a-213	G				-			213.0 to 230.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellow brown, fine to medium sand, little fines, few fine gravels. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
	A5B- 8a-215	G			215 2 20] 			,

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Poteble water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

LOGGED BY

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B- 8a 12 OF 21 610.00 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

LOG	SED BY	A. 0	daloy	/1. 1	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-220	G		-					213.0 to 230.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), as above.
A5B- 8a-225	G	c	2	225]			@ 225.0 feet: as above, sands coarsening.
A5B- 8a-230	G		- 2	230	<u> </u>			230.0 to 255.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), gray, fine sand, few fines, few dark gray silt stringers. (PRE-VASHON) @ 231.0 feet: wood fragments. @ 232.0 feet: purplish-gray color.
A5B- 8a-235	G			235	1			@ 235.0 feet: interbedded fine subrounded gravels.
A5B-8a- 239- 239.5	SB	17-50/1" (6")	<u> </u>	240-	1			@ 239.0 feet: fine to medium sand, little fines, trace fine gravels.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface.

(4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01,10/31/98.ss:4.CHRL

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY

CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B- 8a 13 OF 21 610.00 410.00

	LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy/T.	Treat	t 		DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
	SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	A5B-8a- 242.5 243	SB	27-50/3" (12")					230.0 to 255.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), as above.
	A5B-8a- 245- 245.5	SB	50/4" (18")	245				@ 245.0 feet: silts increasing with depth.
- -	A5B-8a- 247.5- 248	SB	50/5" (9")					@ 248.0 feet: no gravels.
	A5B-8a- 250- 250.5	SB	50/6" (18")	250				@ 250.0 feet: dark gray, fine sand, few medium sands, little fines. (PRE-VASHON)
	A5B-8a- 252.5- 253	SB	50/6"					@ 252.5 feet: trace fine subrounded gravels. @ 254.0 to 255.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP-GM),
	A5B-8a- 255- 255.5	SB	36-50/1" (12")	255				interbed, gray, fine to medium subrounded to subangular, some fine to medium sand, little coarse sand, little fines. @ 255.0 feet: sandy silt on bit. 255.0 to 258.0 feet: SAND (SP), gray, fine to medium, few coarse. (PRE-VASHON
	A5B-8a- 257.5- 258	SB	36-50/2"	-				MARKER #1) @ 257.0 to 258.0 feet: INTERBEDS (1 to 2 mm) OF SILTY SAND (SP-SM) AND SANDY SILT (ML), trace medium subrounded gravels as clasts in sand matrix.
ŀ				260				

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface.

(4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:5.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

A5B- 8a 14 OF 21 610.00' 410.00'

		71. 0	uaioy,		reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B-8a- 260- 260.5	SB	11-50/5"			-			258.0 to 264.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), medium gray, coarse, trace clay, firm to soft. (PRE-VASHON MARKER #1) @ 263.0 feet: no structures except rounded to
A5B-8a- 262.5- 263	SB	11-50/3" (8")			-			oblong air vesicles 1- to 5 mm-diameter, trace black "grass-like" organic fragments.
A5B-8a- 265- 265.5	SB	14-50/3"	- 2	65	-			264.0 to 287.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), fine sand, some silts, no bedding, air vesicles and trace organics. (PRE-VASHON)
A5B-8a- 267.5- 268.5	SB	14-50/5" (12")			1			@ 267.0 feet: black and white when wet, light gray when dry, fine, 5 mm interbeds of silty sand (SP-SM), gray.
A5B-8a- 270- 270.5	SB	50/2" (O")	_ 2	70				@ 270.0 feet: fine, black and white, trace brown fines. Note: no drive sample recovery, tools are very clean when removed from boring.
A5B-8a- 272.5- 273	SB	50/1" (O")	-					@ 272.5 feet: trace coarse sand. @ 274.5 feet: little silts, trace coal.
A5B-8a- 275- 275.5	SB	50/1" (O")	- 2	75		մ կու իր իր իր իր ին գոր ունեցիկուներն կոնվուն		e 27410 foot. inthe sints, trace coal.
A5B-8a- 277.5- 278	SB	50/6" (9")		80-				

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during eliling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:5.CHRL...CHRI

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

A5B- 8a 15 OF 21 610.00 410.00

	GED BT	A. 0	ualoy/1.	rreat			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B-8a- 280- 280.5	SB	18-50/3"		-			264.0 to 287.0 feet: SAND (SM), as above. @ 280.0 feet: no gravel, occasional 1 to 5 mm air vesicles.
A5B-8a- 282.5- 283	SB	24-50/1"		-			@ 283.0 feet: 1 mm air vesicles.
A5B-8a- 285- 285.5	SB	37-50/2"	- 285 -	· —			@ 285.0 feet: black and white, fine, trace coarse sand, trace fines.
A5B-8a- 287.5- 288	SB	50/6"					287.0 to 295.0 feet: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), black and white, fine sand, some fine to medium subrounded gravels, matrix supported little gray silts, gravels decrease and silts increase down hole. (PRE-VASHON) @ 289.0 feet: less gravels, finer.
A5B-8a- 290- 290.5	SB	50/4"	- 290) 			@ 290.0 feet: few fine subrounded gravels, few silts.
A5B-8a- 292.5- 293	SB	25-50/2"	6/4/98 ▼ 0800	-			@ 293.0 feet: few fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravels, faint subhorizontal bedding (3/4-inch thick).
A5B-8a- 295- 295.5	SB	26-50/2"	29	-			295.0 to 299.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM), black and white with gray fines, fine to coarse angular, few coarse sands, few fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravels, no structures. (PRE-VASHON)
A5B-8a- 297.5- 298	SB	27-50/3"		-			@ 298.0 feet: few medium to coarse gravels.
			300)		ه المال	299.0 to 340.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), black with white, green, etc., medium to coarse,

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B- 8a 16 OF 21 610.00' 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

2000	360 61	A. 0	uaioy/1.	ricat			DATE CONFEETED 0/0/30
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH	SAMPLES	WELL	СОГЛИИ	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B-8a- 300- 300.5	SB	50/5"					subrounded to rounded, few fine gravels, some fine to coarse sand, trace fines, trace cobbles. (PRE-VASHON) @ 300.0 to 303.0 feet: eight cobbles to 6-inches diameter. @ 303.0 to 305.0 feet: gravels and cobbles, 10 percent sands, trace fines.
A5B-8a- 305- 305.5 A5B- 8a-306	SB G	50/5" (O")	305	1			@ 306.0 feet: few fine to coarse sand.
A5B- 8a-310	G		310) -			
A5B- 8a-315	G		- 315 - 315 - ¥ - 6/4/98	1			@ 315.0 feet: advance boring by driving and bailing without much drilling.
			320	_)		。。。 。。。	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98,sa;4,CHRL,,.CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development

Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B- 8a 17 OF 21 610.00 410.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

1	LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy	/т. т	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98
,	SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
	A5B-8a -320	G				-			299.0 to 340.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), as above. @ 320.0 feet: as above.
	A5B- 8a-325	G	5		325]			
	A5B- 8a-330	G			330	- -			-
	A5B- 8a-335	G			335	- - - -			@ 332.5 to 334.5 feet: SAND (SP), medium, some medium to coarse subrounded to rounded gravels, trace fines.
	,				340-				

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

A5B- 8a 18 OF 21 610.00 410.00

SAMPLE	SAMPLE	BLOWS						
NUMBER	TYPE	PER	용특성	FEET	53	7 SE	8 8	LITHOLOGIC
		6 INCHES	ROUND WATER LEVELS	9.5	§	WELL	HOLOGIC	DESCRIPTION
		(RECOVERY)	822	~=	8	- 6	ĔS	

NUMBER	TYPE	PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLE	WELL	COLUMN	LITHO
A5B- 8a-340	G			-			340.0 to 342.0 feet: SA fine to medium, some subrounded gravel, tra
						000	342.0 to 345.0 feet: GR 6-inches to 1-foot-thic (interpreted based on
A5B- 8a-345	G	ę	345	1		9	345.0 to 362.0 feet: SA fine to medium, few o coarse subrounded gra
			-	_			(PRE-VASHON)
A5B- 8a-350	G		- 350]			
A5B-8a-	G		355				
355-356	SB SB	1-1-1 (0") 1-2-3		-			@ 356.0 feet: fining do sand, trace fine to co
		(0")		•			

AND (SP), black and white, e medium to coarse ace fines. (PRE-VASHON)

RAVEL (GP), interbedded ick sand layers in gravels drilling action).

AND (SP), black and white, coarse sands, some fine to ravel, trace fines.

ownward, less medium oarse subrounded gravel.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.ss:4.CHRL...CHR

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project BORING NO. A5B- 8a Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkeido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool LOCATION PAGE 19 OF 21 DRILLED BY GROUND ELEV. 610.00 DRILL METHOD TOTAL DEPTH 410.00 LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98 SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN NUMBER PER WELL LITHOLOGIC DEPTH IN FEET DESCRIPTION 6 INCHES (RECOVERY) A5B-G 345.0 to 362.0 feet: SAND (SP), as above. 8a-360 362.0 to 380.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, trace fine A5B-8a-SB 50/6" sands. (PRE-VASHON) 362.5-(18")363 365 A5B-8a-8-50/5" SB 365-366 (18")370 SB 7-40-50/6" (0")

REMARKS

A5B-

8a-373

A5B-

8a-375

G

G

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface.

(4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

375

380

A15.002.01,10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

@ 375.0 feet: few (5 to 10 percent) 1 to 5 mm

length wood fragments.

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

LOGGED BY

A5B- 8a BORING NO. PAGE 20 OF 21 GROUND ELEV. 610.00 410.00 TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	СОГИМИ	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 8a-380	G	(O")		385				380.0 to 400.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, some light brown silt stringers, trace black fine sand, trace wood fragments. (PRE-VASHON)
A5B-8a- 387- 388.5	SB	17-38- 50/5" (15")			-			@ 387.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, fine sand laminae, abundant organic material including 4 mm-long, 0.5 cm-diameter vertical fragments, numerous fine roots, sulfur-like odor, firm, wet. (PRE-VASHON)
A5B-8a- 390-391	SB	21-50/5"		390] = = =			@ 388.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, coarse, brown iron-oxide-like mottles.
A5B-8a- 395-396	SB	34-50/5" (2")		395 400-				@ 395.0 feet: faint laminations.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa;4,CHRt.

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project BORING NO. A5B- 8a Cedar Hills Regional Landfill LOCATION 21 OF 21 PAGE Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool DRILLED BY GROUND ELEV. 610.00' DRILL METHOD 410.00' TOTAL DEPTH LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat DATE COMPLETED 6/8/98 SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN NUMBER TYPE WELL DETAILS PER LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION 6 INCHES (RECOVERY) A5B-8a-SB 15-50 400.0 to 410.0 feet: SILT (ML), gray, trace clay, 400-401 (14")nonplastic to low plasticity, rapid dilatency, stiff, trace vertical and sub horizontal organic material (roots), faint less than 5 mm horizontal bedding, trace iron-oxide-like mottles. (PRE-VASHON) 405 @ 405.0 feet: firm to stiff, trace clay. A5B-8a-SB 16-50/5" 405-406 (12")@ 410.0 feet: firm, no clay, one sub-horizontal laminae of fine sand (1-grain thick). A5B-8a-14-25-50 SB Total depth drilled = 410.0 feet. 410-(18")Total depth sampled = 411.5 feet. 411.5

DECOMMISSIONING DETAILS:

O to 68.0 feet: soil.

68.0 to 75.0 feet: Pure Gold™bentonite grout. 75.0 to 95.0 feet: Pure Gold medium bentonite

95.0 to 281.0 feet: Pure Gold™bentonite grout. 281.0 to 390.0 feet: Pure Gold™ medium bentonite chips.

390.0 to 410.0 feet: Pure Gold™ bentonite grout. Approximately 403.0 to 410.0 feet: casing remnant and drive shoe.

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 20 to 158 ft. and from 164 to 310 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Blow counts do not represent SPT results. (6) Static water elevation for regional water table = 316.15 ft. on June 4, 1998. (7) Water level for perched groundwater encountered during drilling = 452 ft. (158-ft. depth) with the borehole at 160 ft. on May 28, 1998. (8) Drilling using air rotary to 239 ft., cable tool below 239 ft.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. A5B-10 1 OF 15 PAGE GROUND ELEV. 600.62 TOTAL DEPTH 290.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH	SAMPLES	WELL	LITHOLOGIC	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-10 A5B- 10-10	G	6	10				O to 14.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellowish brown, medium to coarse, little fines, some fine to coarse sand, few cobbles and boulders, moist to 2.0 feet, damp below 2.0 feet. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) ② 2.0 to 3.5 feet: boulder. ② 12.0 to 13.0 feet: cobbles. ③ 13.0 to 14.0 feet: boulder. 14.0 to 63.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellowish brown, medium to coarse, subrounded, few fines, some fine to coarse sand, few cobbles and boulders, damp. (ADVANCE OUTWASH) ③ 16.0 to 17.0 feet: boulder.
			20)	I	المللة	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHRL

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
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COCCEPT BY

A Indianal Transfer Tr A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

A5B-10 2 OF 15 600.62 290.00

	GED B1	A. 0	daloy	····	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-20	G							14.0 to 63.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), as above.
A5B- 10-25	G	6		25				
A5B- 10-30	G	,		30				
A5B- 10-35	G			35				@ 33.0 feet: boulder. @ 36.0 feet: cobbles and boulders.
			-	40-	_			

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface.
(4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHF

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY

CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 3 OF 15 600.62' 290.00

LOG	LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat						DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98		
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL DETAILS	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
A5B- 10-40	G			_				14.0 to 63.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), as above. @ 41.0 feet: cobbles.	
A5B- 10-45	G	ξ		45 -				@ 45.0 to 55.0 feet: sand increases.	
A5B- 10-50	G			50 -					
A5B- 10-55	G			55 - - 60-					

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project PROJECT NAME BORING NO. A5B-10 Cedar Hills Regional Landfill LOCATION PAGE 4 OF 15 Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool DRILLED BY GROUND ELEV. 600.62' DRILL METHOD TOTAL DEPTH 290.00 LOGGED BY A. Udaloy/T. Treat DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98 SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN NUMBER TYPE PER WELL DETAILS LITHOLOGIC 6 INCHES DESCRIPTION (RECOVERY) A5B-14.0 to 63.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), as 10-60 63.0 to 80.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), dark yellowish brown, fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel to 70.0 feet, fine to medium subrounded to subangular below 70.0 feet, some fine to coarse sand, little fines. A5B-G (ADVANCE OUTWASH) 10-65 A5B-G 10-70 A5B-@ 75.0 to 80.0 feet: lighter yellowish brown G 10-75 color.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface.
(4) Nominal 8-in-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19, 1998.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15,002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udalov/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 5 OF 15 600.62 290.00

LOG	GED BY	A. Udaloy/T. Treat						DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98		
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION		
A5B- 10-80	G							80.0 to 89.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SM), yellowish brown, fine to medium, some fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, little fines, gradational upper contact. (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #1) @ 81.0 to 82.0 feet: drills easily like SAND.		
A5B- 10-85	G	ę		85				@ 85.0 to 90.0 feet: trace thin interbeds of cohesive gray silt.		
A5B- 10-90	G			90			\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	89.0 to 102.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellowish brown, fine to coarse, subangular to subrounded, some fine to coarse sand, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)		
A5B- 10-95	G	-		95						

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY

CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 6 OF 15 600.62 290.00'

LOG	GED BY	Α. υ	daloy/	T. Tre	at		DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-100	G			-		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	89.0 to 102.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), as above. 102.0 to 106.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellow brown, fine to coarse, subangular, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-105	G	ę	10	-			106.0 to 120.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellowish brown, fine to coarse, subrounded, some fine to coarse sand, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-110	G	-	11			\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
A5B- 10-115	G		- 11			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHF

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
LOGGED BY

CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project
Cedar Hills Regional Landfill
Hokkaido Drilling & Development
Air Rotary/Cable Tool
A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 290.00'
DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

A5B-10 7 OF 15 600.62

200	OLD B1	A. 0	ualoy/1.	rreat			DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-120	G						120.0 to 140.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellowish brown, fine to coarse, subrounded, little fine to coarse sand, few fines, trace cobbles to 127.0 feet, few cobbles below 127.0 feet. Fines content increases down hole. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-125	G	ç	- 125 - - - -				
A5B- 10-130	G		- 130				
A5B- 10-135	G		135				
			140			9 1	

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udalov/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 8 OF 15 600.62' 290.00

LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy	/Τ. Ί	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-140	G						\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	140.0 to 152.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), yellowish brown, fine to coarse, subrounded, little fine to coarse sand, little fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-145	G	£	- 1 	45			0,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,	@ 145.0 to 150.0 feet: no water added during drilling.
A5B- 10-150	G		- - 1 -	150				 49.0 to 150.0 feet: possible water-bearing zone, low production, if any. 150.0 feet: drill bit stuck, dry hole, add water.
A5B- 10-152	G		-					152.0 to 158.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), yellowish brown, fine to coarse, subrounded, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-155	G		- 1 - - -	155] 			158.0 to 163.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM),
			<u> </u>	60-	_			orange and yellowish brown, fine, few fines, little fine to medium gravel. (ADVANCE OUTWASH MARKER #2)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19, 1998.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.11/5/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME
LOCATION
DRILLED BY
DRILL METHOD
Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 9 OF 15 600.62 290.001 DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

								DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-160	G		-					158.0 to 163.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), as above.
A5B- 10-165	G	ě.	1	165	-			163.0 to 190.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), orange and yellowish brown, fine to coarse, subrounded, few fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A58- 10-170	G		1	170				
A5B- 10-175	G		- 1	75				@ 175.0 to 190.0 feet: yellowish brown color.
				80-				

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV.

TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 10 OF 1' 600.62' 290.00 DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	ren	UND TER	¥#	PLES	ALL	LOGIC	LITHOLOGIC
		6 INCHES	12221	8.27	= .	= = ≤	25	DESCRIPTION

NUMBER	TYPE	PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-180	G							163.0 to 190.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GW-GM), as above.
A5B- 10-185	G	ξ	1	85			0,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,0	
A5B- 10-190	G .		1	90				190.0 to 199.5 feet: GRAVEL (GW), grayish brown, fine to coarse, subrounded, few fine to coarse sand, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-195	G			95				199.5 to 204.5 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM),

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHR

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 11 OF 15 600.62' 290.00'

LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy/T.	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-200	G						yellowish brown, fine to coarse, few fine subrounded gravel, few fines. Gravel may be carry-down. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
		ą.	205				204.5 to 215.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), yellowish brown, fine to medium, subrounded, little fine to coarse sand, few fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B- 10-207	G .						
A5B- 10-210	G		- 210 - 215				
A5B- 10-215	G	-					215.0 to 217.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), black with yellowish brown matrix, little fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace fines. (ADVANCE OUTWASH)
A5B-10- 217- 217.7	SB	30-50/2"	220-				217.0 to 220.0 feet: SANDY SILT (ML), light gray, trace fine sand interbeds; one scour filled by dark gray and yellowish brown silt and clayey silt laminae; few fine sand cross-beds. (PRE-VASHON)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL.

LOCATION DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. A5B-10 PAGE 12 OF 1 GROUND ELEV. 600.62 TOTAL DEPTH 290.00' DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

220.7 A5B-10- SB 30-50/3* (9*) A5B-10- SB 50 (6*) 227.5- 227.5- 227.5- 227.9 A5B-10- SB 50/5* (5*) A5B-10- SB 50/5* (5*) A5B-10- SB 50/5* (5*) A5B-10- SB 50/3* (3*) A5B-10- SB 50/3* (3*) A5B-10- SB 50/3* (3*) A5B-10- SB 50/4* (4*) A5B-10- SB									
220- 220.7 A5B-10- 225- 227.5- 227.5- 227.9 A5B-10- 230- 230- A5B-10- 230- A5B-10- 230- 230- 230- 230- 330- A5B-10- 230- 230- 230- 330- A5B-10- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 330- A5B-10- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 23			PER 6 INCHES	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN PEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	
222.5- 223.3 A5B-10- 225- 225.5 A5B-10- 227.5- 227.9 A5B-10- 230.5 A5B-10- 230.6 A5B-10- 230.7 A5B-10- 230.7 A5B-10- 230.7 A5B-10- 230.7 A5B-10- 230.5 A5B-10- 230.6 A5B-10- 230.7 A5B-10- 23	220-	SB							fines. (PRE-VASHON)
A5B-10- 225- 225.5 A5B-10- 225.5 A5B-10- 227.5- 227.9 A5B-10- 230- 230- 230.5 A5B-10- 232.5- 232.8 A5B-10- SB 50/4" (4") A5B-10- SB 50/4" (4") A5B-10- SB 50/4" (4") A5B-10- SB 50/4" (3") A5B-10- SB 50/4" (4") A5B-10- SB	222.5-	SB		-					stiff, moist. Numerous vertical fractures (probable desiccation cracks) in filled with brown gravelly silty sand to 223.0 feet. Below 223.0 feet, thin (approximately 1 mm) laminae.
227.5- 227.9 A5B-10- 230- 230- 230- 230- 232.5- 232.8 A5B-10- 232.5- 232.8 A5B-10- 235- 235- 235- 235- 235- 235- 235- 235	225-	SB		- 2	225				(PRE-VASHON) @ 225.0 to 225.5 feet: some clayey silt laminae, common organic material on and oriented
SB 50 (0") 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230- 230-	227.5-	SB)	227.8 to 229.0 feet: SAND (SP), black with white grains, fine, moist. Trace medium to coarse
A5B-10- SB 50/4" A5B-10- SB 50/3" A5B-10- SB 50/3" A5B-10- SB 50/4"	230-	SB		- 2	30			30000000000000000000000000000000000000	subrounded to rounded sand. Trace organic debris (rootlets?) (PRE-VASHON) 229.0 to 232.8 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), gray, fine to medium, subrounded, little fines, some fine to medium sand. Gravels coarsen
A5B-10- SB 50/3" 235- 235.3 A5B-10- SB 50/4" 236.5 to 244.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), blace and white with light gray fines, fine, little coal sand and fine gravel, trace to few fines, fines.	232.5-	SB	, -					000	232.8 to 236.5 feet: GRAVEL (GP), green, fine to medium, some fine sand, trace medium and coarse sand, trace fines, trace cobbles. Clast
A5B-10- SB 50/4" and white with light gray fines, fine, little coa sand and fine gravel, trace to few fines, fines	235-	SB		2	35				
237.5- 237.8 increase downhole. (PRE-VASHON)	237.5-	SB	50/4"						and white with light gray fines, fine, little coarse sand and fine gravel, trace to few fines, fines increase downhole. (PRE-VASHON)

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL

LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project BORING NO. A5B-10 LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill 13 OF 15 PAGE Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool GROUND ELEV. DRILLED BY 600.62' DRILL METHOD TOTAL DEPTH 290.00 LOGGED BY DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98 A. Udaloy/T. Treat SAMPLE SAMPLE BLOWS COLUMN NUMBER WELL LITHOLOGIC DEPTH IN FEET DESCRIPTION 6 INCHES (RECOVERY) A5B-10-50/4" 236.5 to 244.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), as 240-(4")above. 240.3 A5B-10-SB 10-50/2" 242.5-(6") 243.2 244.0 to 247.0 feet: SILTY GRAVEL (GP-GM), gray, fine, subrounded, few fines, some fine to 245 A5B-10-50/4" coarse sand. (PRE-VASHON) SB 245-(4")245.8 247.0 to 248.5 feet: SAND (SP), dark gray, fine, A5B-10trace fines, moist to damp, loose. Aeolian? 50 (PRE-VASHON MARKER #1) 247.5-248 248.5 to 254.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SP-SM), dark gray, fine, few fines, common air vesicles to 250.8 feet. Brown mottles below 250.8 feet. 250 Trace vertical root-like organic material below A5B-10-SB 12-50 252.5 feet. Damp to moist. Aeolian? 250-251 (11")(PRE-VASHON MARKER #1) A5B-10-SB 25-50/3" 252.5-253.3 254.0 to 280.0 feet: SAND (SP), black with white grains, fine, trace fines. (PRE-VASHON) 255 A5B-10-SB 5-50/4" 255-(<6") 255.3 A5B-10-35-50/4" @ 257.5 to 257.9 feet: T-shaped wood, tapers downhole, vertical and horizontal extensions, 257.5-(10")possible root? 257.8

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19, 1998.

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01,11/5/98.sa:4.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

LOGGED BY

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

A. Udaloy/T. Treat

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH 290.00' DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98

A5B-10 14 OF 15 600.62'

			ualoy		rout			DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	СОГЛИМИ	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B-10- 260- 260.5	SB	50 (6")	-					254.0 to 280.0 feet: SAND (SP), as above. @ 260.0 to 260.5 feet: trace fine organic material (rootlets?).
A5B-10- 262.5- 263	SB	50						
A5B-10- 265- 265.8	SB	15-50/3"	- 2	265				@ 265.0 to 265.8 feet: trace coarse sand.
A5B-10- 267.5- 268.2	SB	50-50/2" (8")			-			
A5B-10- 270- 270.7	SB	26-50/2"	- 2	270				@ 270.0 to 270.7 feet: trace coarse sand, possible ventifacts.
A5B-10- 272.5- 273	SB	5	-					
A5B-10- 275- 275.8	SB	20-50/4"	- 2	275	-			
A5B-10- 277.5- 277.9	SB	50/5"		280-				

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHR

DRILLED BY DRILL METHOD

PROJECT NAME CHRL Area 5 Borehole Project LOCATION Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Hokkaido Drilling & Development Air Rotary/Cable Tool

BORING NO. PAGE GROUND ELEV. TOTAL DEPTH

A5B-10 15 OF 15 600.62 290.00

LOG	GED BY	A. U	daloy	/T. T	reat			DATE COMPLETED 6/19/98
SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE TYPE	BLOWS PER 6 INCHES (RECOVERY)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FEET	SAMPLES	WELL	COLUMN	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION
A5B- 10-282 A5B- 10-283	G G	ŧ	∇ 6/19	285				280.0 to 291.0 feet: SILTY SAND (SW-SM), black with white and green grains and brownish gray fines, fine to coarse, few fines, few to some fine to medium subrounded gravel, wet. Gradational upper contact. Gravels decrease downhole. (PRE-VASHON)
A5B- 10-287	G		080	0				
A5B- 10-289	G			295			°	291.0 to 292.0 feet: GRAVEL (GP), wet, good water flow, poor sample recovery (uncased borehole). (PRE-VASHON) Total depth drilled = 292.0 feet. Total depth sampled = 292.0 feet. DECOMMISSIONING DETAILS: 0 to 47.0 feet: soil. 47.0 to 292.0 feet: Pure Gold™ medium bentonite chips. 280.8 to 288.0 feet: casing remnant and drive shoe.

REMARKS

(1) See General Remarks. (2) Potable water added from 0 to 145 ft. and from 149 to 290 ft. (3) Reference elevation = ground surface. (4) Nominal 8-in.-diameter boring. (5) Sampler lost then recovered; blow counts not recorded. (6) Drilled using air rotary to 217 ft., cable tool below 217 ft. (7) Static water elevation for the regional water table = 314.9 ft. (285.7-ft.) depth with the borehole at 292.0 ft. on June 19,

UDALOY ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

A15.002.01.10/31/98.sa:3.CHRL...CHF

		7	Aspect cor	RSPECTIV	wi .	Project N 000	lumber	oring We Boring Nu A6BH-	mber -	S	sheet of 17
Orillir Orille	ct Nam ig Loca r/Equip ple/Met	tion ment	Northing -1697 Boart-Longyea	00 Rotary	Easting -16 Sonic ept as noted in Rema	pment 99205		Elevation (ft ms Start Date Finish Date Hole Diameter(sl) 588,65 Febr	uary 15,	2002
Elev.	Depth (feet)	Sample		Graphic Log		Classificat Physical C			Water L	evels/Re	emarks
588	- 1				0' to 5' - Moist, gray gravel in top 0.8', s few fine to coarse	FIL y-brown and rust and fine, with it	sty mottled SILT	TY SAND; with sandy SILT,	Complete except a		
586	- 3							r	Times or da		
585 584	- 4								measuremen with the time level m See Groun Monitoring	s or dat easurer nd Wate	tes of wate ments or Level &
583	- 6				5' to 12.3' - Moist, with fine to coarse including fine fragn	subrounded gr ments and stick	avel; abundant s; est. 20% org	organics	Solid line contacts; da		
582 581	- 7								gradati	onal co	ntacts
80 579	- 9										
78	10										
577	12										
76	- 13				V 12.3' to 13.5' - Moi fine, few fine to co	ASHON GLACI	and gray SILT	SAND, sand			
75	- 14				13.5' to 14.5 - Moi: coarse, gravel fine	st, gray-brown (GRAVELLY SA	ND: sand fine to			
574	- 15			III.O	14.5 to 14.8 - 0.3	interbed of silt	y sand with gra	vel			
72	- 16				16.3' to 18' - Mottle (till-like) (SM)	ed rusty and gr	y SILTY SAND	with GRAVEL;			
71	- 18			إإإإ	18' to 18.5' - Moist	t, gray SANDY	GRAVEL with S	SILT (GW) — —			
70 69	- 19				18.5' to 20.5' - Gra (SM)						
	EC - C			ests:	P ≈ Total Porosity	Δ.	L = Atterberg L	imits	Logged	by:	SJS
	(µ ∑ Sta	pecific Co imhos/cm itic water le d time indi	@ 25° C) evel at date	E T S	P = Effective Porosi OC = Total Organic C = Soil Classificati S = Particle Size	ity K Carbon M on F	. = Hydraulic Co IC = Moisture C C = Field Capa	onductivity Content	Approve	,	EWM

		Aspect col	nsulting ERSPECTIVE		ject Number	Boring Number	er	Sheet
D !	N	0.4-11/11-0		511.4	000031	A6BH-2a		of 17
	Name Location	Cedar Hills Re Northing -1697		fill Area 6 Development Easting -1699205		Elevation (ft msl) Start Date	February 1	5 2002 /
	Equipment	Boart-Longyea	r Rotary So	nic		Finish Date	March 6, 2	
Sample	e/Method	Continuous Co	re - except	as noted in Remarks		Hole Diameter(s)	9" 0-57", 8" 5	7-294, 6" 25-
	epih Sar feet) Ter	mple Well sting Completio	Graphic Log		sification and ical Condition	-	Water Levels/	Remarks
-			hiint					
568				0.5' to 23.3' - Moist, brown				
ŀ	21			ens of silty fine to medium s	and from 21.7'-21.9'	(SP)		
567								
- }:	22							
566								
	23							
565			1111112	3.3' to 23.8' - Moist, brown	SILTY SAND; fine to	medium (SM)		
	24		12	3.8' to 24.3' - Moist, brown	SAND; fine to mediu	ım (SP)		
564				4.3' to 25.3' - Moist, gray ar				
564	25			RAVEL; sand predominan oarse subangular; (till-like)		ravel fine to		
				5.3' to 30' - Moist, brown S.		sand fine to		
563	26		n	nedium, gravel fine to coars	se, subangular, with	cobbles (5%);		
			, i	hin interbed of well-graded	sand with silt and gra	avei (SP)		
562	27							
ſ	2'							
561								
Ì	28							,
560								
ŀ	29					.		
559								
ŀ	30		#minit	30' to 30.8' - Moist, dark gra	y SANDY SILT with	GRAVEL: sand		
558			8	ine to coarse, gravel fine to				
	31			ill) (ML) 30.8' to 31.1' - Brown SILTY	SAND with GRAVE	:L (SM)1	Boring dep	oth 31'
557			8 [] [] [] [] 3	31.1' to 32.1' - Moist, dark g	ray SILT with GRAV	EL; non-plastic	Casing de Slough des	
-	32			silt, gravel fine to coarse, wi glaciolacustrine) (ML)	th lenses of GRAVE	LLY SIL1	No water after	
556				32.1' to 33' - Very moist to v aminated, trace air bubbles				
330	33			perched on 0.2' thick gray 0				
				overbank deposit) (ML) 33' to 34.4' - Moist, gray-bro	WIT GRAVEL with SI	I T and SAND		
555	34		11000	with cobbles; sand fine to co	oarse, gravel fine to	coarse		
				outwash) (GW-GM) 34.4' to 43' - Moist, gray-bro	WA SII TV COAVE	with SAND:		
554	35			gravel fine to coarse, sand !	fine to coarse, with c	obbles (5-10%)	Boring de	nth 35'
				glacial till), friable to cohes	ive (volcanic cobbles	(GM)	Casing de	pth 16°
553	36						Slough den No water after	
	-						and	
552	37		1000					
ſ	37					1		
551	20							
t	38		3 8 8					
550						1		
ŀ	39		191503					
549								
			887 (1797) Tests:				Longedha	0.10
F	C = Specific		TP	= Total Porosity	AL = Atterberg		Logged by:	SJS
_		cm @ 25* C)		= Effective Porosity C = Total Organic Carbon	K = Hydraulic C MC = Moisture		Approved by:	EWM
Ž		er level at date	sc	= Soil Classification	FC = Field Cap	acity		
	and time in	ndicated	PS	= Particle Size	C14 = Radioca	rbon Age Dating	Figure No.	

		Aspect co	ERSPECTIVE		Project Number 000031	Boring Numb A6BH-2a		Sheet of 17
riller/Eq	lame ocation quipment Method	tion Northing -169700 Easting -1699205 ment Boart-Longyear Rotary Sonic					588.65 February 15 March 6, 20	5, 2002
Dept ev. (feet			Graphic Log		Classification and Physical Condition		Water Levels/F	Remarks
48 - 41 47			8 8 8					
46 42	2		3 6 6 3 6 8					
43	3		7	GRAVEL to SILTY GR	st, tan to brown, SILTY S AVEL with SAND; sand	SAND with fine to coarse,		
44	١		9.0 86.8	gravel fine to coarse si	ubangular (SM-GM)			
43	TP TOC SC	PS ALK			n SILT with fine sand, th ropstones, trace fine org vn to overbank) (ML)			
42 46	MC	c		46' to 47.5' - Moist, bro - 47.5', grades to medi	wn SAND; fine 46' - 47', um with depth (SP)	fine to coarse 47*		
41 48			a'a'a	UPPER FLUVI	AL AND LACUSTRINE D		C14 Age 35500 +	/_ 830 VBC
40 49				coarse, sand predomir 48' to 49' - Moist to ver	own GRAVEL with sand; nantly fine to medium, wi ry moist SILTY SAND; so	gravel fine to th cobbles (GW) and fine, thin to	Boring dep	
39				overbank deposits) (SI 49' to 50' - Slightly mo GRAVEL; sand fine to	ist light brown to brown 5 coarse, gravel fine to co	SILTY SAND with	Casing der Slough dept No water after 30 after overnig	oth 26' th 47.8' minutes o
38	1			SAND; gravel subangu	ttered cobbles (SM) to light gray GRAVEL v ular to rounded, sand fine grades to moist at 53.5'	to coarse, rusty	and overing	int wait
37	2		0, 99 0, 99 0, 99 0, 99	motining at only zones,	grades to most at 00.5	(GVV-GM)		
36 53	3		0 0 0 0 0 0					
35 54	4		8;38; 3,434; 1,434;	with SAND; gravel sub	ht brown to greenish-gra prounded to rounded, sai	nd fine to coarse,		
33	5		9 P.0 3 8 8	zones; free water in so	.5', scattered dark gray some gravel pockets (poc from intact sample) (GM	ket created from		
32				56.5' to 58.3' - Slightly	moist, light to olive-gray	GRAVEL with		
31			0,0,0 0,0,0	SAND, few silt; gravel	fine to coarse, sand fine	to coarse (GW)		
30 - 59			8,8,8	GRAVEL, trace silt; sa	wn and yellow-orange So and fine to coarse, grave			
29			6.6.6		wn and yellow-orange G ; sand fine to coarse, gr			,
EC	= Specific Co (µmhos/cm	onductance	Tests: Ti El	= Total Porosity = Effective Porosity	AL = Atterber K = Hydraulic		Logged by: Approved by:	SJS EWM
₹	Static water and time ind	level at date	S	C = Total Organic Car = Soil Classification = Particle Size	bon MC = Moisture FC = Field Ca	Content	Figure No.	

		■ As	pectcor	nsulting		logic & Mon Project Number	Boring Numb	
		•	IN-DEPTH PE	RSPECTIV		000031	A6BH-2a	
	ct Nar		tar Hills Red		ndfill Area 6 Development Easting -1699205		Elevation (ft msl)	588.65
Drille	r/Equi	pment Box	art-Longyea	r Rotary	Sonic		Start Date Finish Date	Febru March
Sam	ple/Me	thod Co	ntinuous Co	re - exce	pt as noted in Remarks		_ Hole Diameter(s)	9* 0-57
Elev.	Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log		lassification and hysical Condition		Water Le
528	- 61				59.8' to 62.5' - Slightly multiplication in the second state of the second seco	SILT and SAND; grave and fine to coarse, so	el fine to coarse,	
527	62			0000				
526	63				62.5' to 65.5' - Slightly m- light gray SILTY GRAVE angular to subrounded; s	L with SAND; gravel f	ine to coarse.	
525	64				rust-mottled zones (GM)		attered	
524	- 65	TP TOC SC PS K M						
523	- 66	FC TP TOC SC PS K M		9,1913	65.5' to 66.3' - Slightly m SAND with SILT and GR			
522	- 67	FC		8:8:8	bed); gravel fine to coars	e (SP-SM) ENERGY FLUVIAL DE	·	
521				0.0.0	66.3' to 70.5' - Light brow trace silt; gravel fine to c cobbles and boulders (G	oarse subrounded to	EL with SAND, rounded; scattered	
520				8,8,8	,			
519	69			0,0,0 0,0,0				
518	- 70			ું, જું, જું, જું,	70.5' to 72.7' - Moist, ligh	at brown to light gray (CRAVEL with	
517	71			8	CLAY and SAND, little s sand fine to coarse, gray numerous cobbles; 71.9	ilt; gravel subangular v silty, clayey zones 3	to subrounded, -10 mm thick,	
516	- 72			8	sand, few clay (GW-GC)			Borin Casir
	- 73				72.7' to 73.5' - Very mois SAND, trace silt, trace fit 6-10 mm thick (marker s	ne gravel; few fine silt		Slougi No water at after o
515	74	TP SC PS K MC F			73.5' to 74.8' - Very mois to coarse, gravel fine to	st SILTY SAND with O	SRAVEL; sand fine	
514	- 75			11111	74.8' to 75.6' - Very mois to light gray SAND, trace			
513	- 76				fine to medium (SP) 75.6' to 77' - Olive gray (scattered cobbles, matri	GRAVEL with CLAY a x-supported, some or	and SAND, little silt,	C14 Ag
512	77	C14		7166	(GW-GC) 77' to 84.5' - Wet at conf			Elev
511	- 78				light brown to light gray a medium; silt content dec increase to with at 80';	SILTY GRAVEL with a creases downward; ru	SAND; sand fine to	7 2/20 EC-6
aug	h, 20 - 79	14			1			Borin Casir
	"			3 8 8				Slough Estimated s

			Aspectco	nsulting		Project	ic & Monit	Boring Wel	mber Const		on Lo
						0	00031	A6BH-			of 17
Orillia Orille	ect Nam ng Loca er/Equip ple/Met	ation ment	Northing -1697 Boart-Longyea	00 r Rotary	Easting -16 Sonic pt as noted in Remark	99205		Elevation (ft me Start Date Finish Date Hole Diameter(Febr	uary 15 h 6, 20	
lev.	Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log			cation and		Water Le	evels/R	emarks
508	- 81				-	,					
07	- 82			368							
06	- 83			3 8 8							
05	84			3 8 8 8 8 8							
04	- 85				84.5' to 86.6' - Mo GRAVEL with SIL	ist olive gray	and light brown to	light gray			
03	- 86			S. 181	subangular to rour organic material, v (GW-GM)	nded, scattere	ed grav silty clay z	tones, trace			
02	87			7.00	86.6' to 91.8' - Moi	ist olive gray	and light brown to	light gray			
01	- 88			8.38 - 18	GRAVEL with SIL' coarse, moisture of slightly moist 88.5	content increa	ases to very moist	vel fine to at 88.5', then			
00				0 00 0 0 00 0							
99	89	_		8,88							
98	90										
97	91			8; 8							
96	92				91.8' to 93.8' - Ligi coarse gravel; san	ht brown and nd fine to coa	yellow-orange SA rse, slightly moist	ND, little fine to (SP)			
95	93										
94	94				93.8' to 98.2' - Slig to light gray GRAN scattered organics	/EL with SAN	moist, olive gray D, trace silt, with	and light brown cobbles,			
93	95			§;§;§	1	,,					
92	- 96			0000	Į.						
91	97			0,0,0 0,0,0 0,0,0	1						
	- 98			200	98.2' to 98.6' - Slic	ghtly moist, li	ght brown and yel	low-orange			
90	- 99			8.8.8 0.00	SAND with GRAV cobbles (SP) 98.6' to 100.8' - Si	EL; sand fine	to coarse, gravel	fine, scattered			
89				500	brown to light gray	GRAVEL wi	th SAND, trace si	lt, with cobbles,			
		pecific Con umhos/cm (ductance	E	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Porosi OC = Total Organic		AL = Atterberg I K = Hydraulic Co MC = Moisture C	onductivity	Logged Approve		SJS EWM
		atic water le d time indic		S	C = Soil Classificati S = Particle Size		FC = Field Capa C14 = Radiocart	city	Figure N	lo.	

		pectcor	ASPECTIVI	í		Number 10031	Boring Numl A6BH-2		Sheet of 17
roject Nam rilling Loca	tion Nor	thing -1697	000	ndfill Area 6 Develo Easting -16	pment		Elevation (ft msl) Start Date	588.65 February 15	
riller/Equip ample/Met/			Rotary Sonic Finish Date e - except as noted in Remarks Hole Diamete				Finish Date Hole Diameter(s)	March 6, 20 9* 0-57, 8* 57	
Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log		Physical	ation and Condition		Water Levels/R	emarks
.			000	scattered organics	(GW)				
101			8.8.8	100.6' to 103.3' - B trace to no silt; san becomes brown an	nd fine to coar	se, gravel fine to			
102				becomes brown as	id dilei at 101	.5 (5F)			
103									
104			0,0,0		el; sand fine to	medium, gravel	fine angular to		
105			0,0,0 0,0,0	the state of the state of	AVEL with SA orange to pink	ND, trace to no s band at 104.4' to	ilt, scattered to 104.8', silt		
106			0,0,0	content increases mm) fine to coarse			thin (up to 10		
107			8:8:8 8:8:8						
31			8,8,8						
80			0,0,0 0,0,0	108' to 109' - Mark	er sand				
79 109			0,00						
110			8,8,8						
78			0,0,0						
112			8,8,8	112' to 113.3' - Lig	tht brown and	yellow-orange Si	AND, little		
76				gravel; sand fine to	o coarse, grav	vel fine to coarse	(SP)		
75	r		8,8,8	113.3' to 131' - Dry yellow-orange to li- gravel fine to coars	ight gray GRA	VEL with SAND,	trace to no silt;		
74			0,0,0 0,0,0	coarse, scattered	cobbles (GW)				
73			8,8,8						
72			0,0,0						
71			0.0.0						
70 118			8,8,8						
-119			0,0,0	119.5' to 121.3' - 5	Sand content	increases (clean	marker sand		
		RBBBBBB Lab 1	ests:	4				Logged by:	SJS
_ (µ	pecific Conducta mhos/cm @ 25	ance (* C)	EI To	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Porosi OC = Total Organic	Carbon	AL = Atterberg i K = Hydraulic Co MC = Moisture C	onductivity Content	Approved by:	EWM
	itic water level a d time indicated	it date		C = Soil Classificati S = Particle Size	on	FC = Field Capa C14 = Radiocari		Figure No.	

		•	Aspec		sulting	,	Projec	Number	Boring Nur	mber		
								00031	A6BH-2			of 17
	ct Name	n	Cedar Hi Northing			ndfill Area 6 Develo Easting -16			Elevation (ft ms Start Date	nsl) 588.65 February 15, 2002		2002
hille	r/Equipme	ent	Boart-Lo	ngyear	Rotary	Sonic			Finish Date		6, 20	
amp	ole/Metho	d 						Hole Diameter(s	s) 9° 0-57	. 8° 57-	294', 6" 294-	
	Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	c	Well ompletion	Graphic Log			ation and Condition		Water Le	vels/R	marks
					0,000	light brown and ye	llow-orange fi		edominantly			
68					8,8,8	medium sand, trac	e to no silt)					
	-121				000		- 4		• .			
67					0,0,0	121.3' - Marker sa	nd		-			
Ì	-122				8:8:8				.			
66			8		000				ļ			
	-123				0,00							
65	124				8,8,8							
	-124				200							
64	-125				000							
					8,8,8				1			
63	126				8:8:8							
62					000	126 E' to 120 E' 1						
02	127				8,8,8	beds clean light br	rown and yelk	avel size, few co ow-orange to ligh	t gray sand up			
61					8,8,8	to 3" thick			1			
٠.	128				0,0				I			
60					000							
	-129				8,8,8							
59					8.8.8							
	130				000	129.9' to 130.8' - I	ncrease in m	oisture to moist,	iron oxide			
58		MC			ွိႏွိ္င္ပံ	staining						
	131				000	131' to 132.3' - Sli						
57	422					yellow-orange SA gravel fine to coar						
	132				0,0,0	132.3' to 135.3' - I	Light brown to	light arm CDA	/E1 EX NID-			
156	133				00 00	I trace to so eith an	avel fine to co	arse, angular to	subrounded,			
	100		1		8;8;8	sand fine to coars 133.1' to 133.5' - 3		vel				
155	134				8,8,8							
					0,0,0	1						
154	-135					(
153					0.0.0	135.3' to 142.7' - I						
	136		0000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	trace silt, gravel fi	ne to coarse,	sand fine to coa	rse (GP)			
152					00000							
	137		Section 2		#02020							
151					00000							
	-138				00000							
50			200		188888							
	-139		00000		00000	139' to 140' - Incr	ease in sand	content				,
149					00000							
			B		Tests:	0 - 7-1-10				Logged I	by:	SJS
	EC = Spe	cific Co	nductance @ 25° C)		E	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Poros		AL = Atterberg K = Hydraulic C		Approve	-	EWM
	_		evel at dat	e	T S	OC = Total Organic C = Soil Classificat	: Carbon	MC = Moisture FC = Field Cap	Content		-	
		ime indi		-		S = Particle Size			rbon Age Dating	Figure N		

	As	pectcor	sulting	!	Project Number	Well Construction ring Number Sheet		
ania at Mana					000031	A6BH	-2a	8 of 17
roject Nam rilling Loca		rthing -1697		ndfill Area 6 Develo Easting -16		Elevation (ft m Start Date		ry 15, 2002
riller/Equip	The state of the s	art-Longyea		Sonic pt as noted in Rem	-4-	Finish Date	March	6, 2002
arripierweu		T T	e - exce	pt as noted in Rem	arks	Hole Diameter	(s) <u>9°0-57°.</u>	8" 57-294', 6" 294
lev. (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log		Classification and Physical Condition		Water Lev	els/Remarks
48			000000					
141			00000					
142			00000					
46			20000	142.7" to 143.6" - 8	Slightly moist, light brown	to light gray and		
45			881911	yellow-orange SAI fine to coarse (SP	ND, trace to no silt, trace	to few gravel; sand		
144			000	and SAND, scatte coarse (GP-GM)	ight brown to light gray (red cobbles; gravel fine	GRAVEL with SILT to coarse, sand fine to		
145			6,6,6	144.6' to 158.3' - 8 cobbles (GW)	Slightly moist GRAVEL w	rith SAND, few		
143			0,00					
142			0,0,0	146.2' to 147.3' - 0	Cobbles decrease to non	e -		
147			0,000	4.7.514.5.51				
148			0,0,0	more numerous	Gravel size increases an			
140			0,0,0	weathered gravel	e intact till-like fragment clasts and rusty mottling	s show very		
149			0,0,0					
150			\$, \$, \$	149.6' to 150.5' - 6	Gravel smaller, higher sa	and content		
138			8:8:8					
137			ૢ૽૾ૢૺૢ૾૾ૢ					
-152			\$;6;8					
153			\$,8,8					
135			8;8;8					
134			8,8,8					
-155			8,8,8					
133			8,8,8					
132			8,8,8	156.5' to 158.3' -	Few to with cobbles			
131			8,8,8	157' to 158' - Gradoxide-stained class	vel slightly larger, weathe	ered, iron		
158			0,0 8,8,8					
130					Slightly moist to moist, li e SAND with SILT; sand			
129	SC PS MC				act dense fragments sh	ow distinct bedding.		5.,
		Lab 1	ests:				Logged by	r: SJS
(h	pecific Conduc mhos/cm @ 2		E	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Poros DC = Total Organic	ity K = Hydra	rberg Limits rulic Conductivity sture Content	Approved	
	tic water level time indicated		S	C = Soil Classificat S = Particle Size	ion FC = Field		Figure No	

•	Aspectcon		•	Project	t Number	oring Well Boring Num			on Lo	
	IN-DEPTH PE	HSPECTIVI			00031	A6BH-2			of 17	
roject Name		Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 6 Development Elevation (ft msl) 588.65 Northing -169700 Easting -1699205 Start Date Februs								
rilling Location riller/Equipment	Northing -1697 Boart-Longyea			199205		Start Date Finish Date	February 15, 2002 March 6, 2002			
ample/Method			pt as noted in Rem	arks		Hole Diameter(s)			02 294°, 6° 294-	
						11010 0101101(0)		10 01		
Depth Sa (feet) Te	mple Well Completion	Graphic Log		Physical	ation and Condition		Water Le	vels/Re	emarks	
_			slightly inclined an							
161		0,0,0	160.5' to 162.8' - 5 (GW)	Slightly moist	to moist GRAVEL	with SAND				
162		8,8,8								
26 -163		8.8.8	162.8' to 164.7' - I	ight brown to	light gray and ye	low-orange				
25			SAND, trace silt, if predominantly fine (SP)	ittle gravel; sa g; gravel fine t	nd fine to mediun o coarse, predom	n, inantly fine				
-165		000	164.7' to 170.8' - I trace silt; gravel fir	ne to coarse,	predominantly fin	L with SAND, e to 165.6', then				
166		0,0,0 0,0,0 0,0,0	fine to coarse with	few cobbles	(Gvv)					
167		8;8;8								
21		8:8:8				1				
-168			168' to 170" - Incre	ease in silt on	ntent, some intac	but friable				
20		8,8,8	till-like fragments	show rusty, ir	distinct bedding	. out image				
169		2.2.3								
19		000								
170		8,8,8				İ				
18		000 2.2.2								
171		0.0.0	170.8' to 171.4' - 3	Slightly moist	to moist light brow	vn to light gray				
		0.001	SAND with GRAV	EL, trace silt:	sand fine to coar	se.				
17			predominantly me predominantly ma	fic, <5% qua	se, angular to sub tz. some k-feldsp	rounded, ar,				
		0.40	metamorphic clas	ts, iron oxide	stained and weat	hered feldspar,				
16		8:81	repidote_gravel fin 171.4' to 187' - Si	ightly moist, I	ght brown to light	gray GRAVEL				
["3]			with SILT and SA subangular to sub	ND; gravel fin	e to coarse, scatt	ered cobbles,				
15		8,68	coarse; pink color (GW-GM)							
175			175.5' to 177' - Co	obbles increa	se to with, scatter	ed rusty zones				
13		5 obje								
12		0.00								
11 178 sc	PS MC	8,8								
10										
179		8:48	Š							
09		8,68								
		Tests:	P = Total Parasit:		Al = Attaches	Limite	Logged	by:	SJS	
EG - Specific Conductance			P = Total Porosity P = Effective Poros		AL = Atterberg K = Hydraulic Co		Approve	d by:	EWM	
(µmhos/cm @ 25" C)			OC = Total Organic C = Soil Classificat		MC = Moisture C	Content '		_		
and time in			SC = Soil Classification FC = Field Capacity PS = Particle Size C14 = Radiocarbon Age Dating					9 Figure No.		

	•	Aspect col	nsulting		Projec	t Number	toring Well (Boring Number	er :	Sheet
						00031	A6BH-2a		of 17
oject Nar illing Loc		Northing -1697	gional La 00	ndfill Area 6 Develo Easting -16			Elevation (ft msl) Start Date	588.65 February 15	5, 2002
riller/Equi							Finish Date	March 6, 20	002
	ealou	Continuous Co	Te - exce	pt as noted in Reini	dina		Hole Diameter(s)	9" 0-57", 8" 57	294, 6 294.
Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log			cation and Condition		Water Levels/R	emarks
08			000	180.5' - Large grav content decreases					
182			8,38	181' to 184.5' - Un 180.5' - 184.6'; sor with fine sand and rusty, coarse grave	me subangul trace to few	ar; some large gr	avels coated		
183			0 00 E	, cost, costoo gran					
184			3;18; > cole				Ì		
185			5,00 5,00 8,00 8,00	184.5' to 187' - Gra 184.6' to 186' - 184 186' - rusty coating	4.6' Cobbles	decrease to scat	tered; 185' to		
186			8 69 C	100 N T		lash material an			
187			8.8	186.3' - Trace org intact "baked" frag \alternating white a 187' to 194.1' - Sli	ments show and gray with	laminations, iron out distinct patter	oxide-stained, n; slightly moist /		
188	-			with yellow-orange coarse, predomina fine; very weakly b	e SAND with antly fine, gra	SILT, trace grave wel fine to coarse	el; sand fine to e, predominantly		
189				predominantly qua					
190	-								
191				101 4115 102 51	Convol anata				
97				191.4' to 193.5' - 0	Gravei conte	nt increases			
96									٠,
95			_]]]	193.5' to 194.1' - I	Moist SAND	with GRAVEL, sa	and fine to		
-195				coarse, predomina fine, very weakly b	antiy tine, gra bedded (SP)	avei fine to coarsi	e, predominantly		
93									
92				196.9' to 204.8' - I yellow-orange SA	ND, trace sill	, trace to few gra	ivel; sand fine to		
198				coarse, predomin (mafic sand appe: gravel fine to coar	ars as black	speckling in undi	sturbed sample),		
199				100 514- 001 51	Convert :				
89			Tools	199.5' to 204.5' -	Gravel to tra	ce, predominantly	y fine		
EC =	Specific Cor (µmhos/cm	nductance	Ε	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Poros OC = Total Organic		AL = Atterberg K = Hydraulic 0 MC = Moisture	Conductivity	Logged by: Approved by:	SJS EWM
	Static water l		S	C = Soil Classificat S = Particle Size		FC = Field Cap		Figure No.	

		Ash	ectcor	sulting		Geologic & Mo Project Number	Onitoring Well Boring Nu		Sheet
		•				000031	A6BH-		11 of 17
rillin rille	ct Name ig Location r/Equipmen ble/Method	Norti Boar	ning -1697 t-Longyear	Rotary	Easting -16 Sonic pt as noted in Rem	99205	Elevation (ft ms Start Date Finish Date Hole Diameter(Febr Marc	uary 15, 2002 h 6, 2002 7, 8" 57-294', 6" 294
	Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log		Classification and Physical Condition		Water Le	evels/Remarks
888	-201					-			
887	-202								
86	-203				202' to 203' - Scat	tered orange (iron oxide-	stained) zones		
385									
84	-204					olor change to light gray	(95% quartz) clean		
83	-205				and yellow-orange	Moist to very moist, light t , iron oxide-stained SAN	D with GRAVEL,		
82	-206	MC			predominantly fine 205.4' to 206.5' - \	nd fine to coarse, gravel (SW) Very moist to wet SAND, o.coarse, predominantly	trace silt, trace		
81	-207				iron oxide-stained; (SP)	gravel fine to coarse, pr	edominantly fine		
80		OC SC PS AL K			206.5" to 211.6" - 1	Moist to very moist, light of and, trace gravel; sand v	olive gray SILT;		
379	-209	C14			3 mm) light brown 208.4' - Gray with brown organic (pe	laminae (ML) 390 SILT fresh wood fragments a at-like) zones and root ca	nd scattered dark		e >46600 YBP
378	-210				209.5' - Moist, org	ome large wood pieces anics and laminae becor ut less distinct (sample "l		Casir Slougi	g depth 210' ng depth 196' n depth 209.7'
377	-211				211.6 to 225' - Slig	ight gray silty fine sand	ron oxide-stained	No water a	fter overnight wa
376	-212			0000	trace to few silt; so medium; gravel fir	ND interbedded with SAN and fine to coarse, predo se to coarse, predominar	ND with GRAVEL, eminantly fine to only fine, subangular to		
375	213			000000		t core shows bedding rar to very indistinct layering (GP-SP)			
374	-214			0000000					
373	215			0000					
372		SC PS MC		00000					
371	-217			000					
370	-218			00000					
369	-219			00000					
		ic Conducta	nce	Tests:	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Poros		rberg Limits ulic Conductivity	Logged	
,	_	s/cm @ 25° rater level at		T	OC = Total Organic C = Soil Classificati	Carbon MC = Mois	sture Content	. 400.000	

Geologic & Monitoring Well Construction Log **ASPECt** consulting Project Number Boring Number Sheet IN-DEPTH PERSPECTIVE 000031 A6BH-2a 12 of 17 Project Name Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 6 Development Elevation (ft msl) 588.65 Drilling Location Northing -169700 Easting -1699205 Start Date February 15, 2002 Driller/Equipment Boart-Longyear Rotary Sonic Finish Date March 6, 2002 Sample/Method Continuous Core - except as noted in Remarks Hole Diameter(s) 9" 0-57", 8" 57-294", 6" 2: Well Classification and Sample Testing Water Levels/Remarks Elev (feet) omplet Physical Condition Log 220' to 225' - Sand with gravel, gravel iron oxide-stained and partially cemented with iron oxide-stained fine to medium silty 368 sand; uniform color, including iron oxide-staining 221 221.0' to 221.8' - Gravels predominantly mafic 367 222 366 223 365 224 364 225 225' to 231.9' - Slightly moist to moist, yellow-orange SAND with SILT, trace gravel; sand clean, fine to coarse, predominantly fine 363 to medium, weakly-bedded (thin, indistinct dark brown layers), 226 gravel fine; scattered organics (dark brown peat-like material) (SM) 362 227 361 228 SC PS MC 360 229 229.1' - Grades to predominantly fine sand, no gravel, slightly lighter in color, intact sample shows fine laminae, alternating 359 light (quartz-rich) and dark, sub-parallel, cross-bedded 230 358 231 357 232 231.9' to 235.6' - Light brown SILT, trace fine sand (ML) 350 SILT 84% recovery 356 230' - 235' 233 233.3' - Grades to slightly moist, light brown to yellow-orange 355 silt, finely laminated, trace to no fine sand (more cohesive); iron 234 oxide-stained laminae; trace to no organics (as laminae) 354 SC PS AL MC 235 353 235.6' to 237.5' - Slightly moist, light gray to yellow-orange 236 SAND; sand fine; 95% quartz (reworked ash?) (SP) 352 237 60% recovery 235' - 239' 237.5' to 237.9' - Silty fine SAND, with dark brown silty organic 351 238 Vamina 7 mm thick 237.9' to 258.4' - Light brown to yellow-orange SAND with SILT; sand fine; indistinct bedding (zones of iron oxide-staining 1-2 cm 350 thick); intact "baked" samples show thin (up to 2 mm) laminae 239 (white to light gray and dark brown alternating with light brown); rare organics (SP-SM) 349 Lab Tests: Logged by: SJS

EC ≈ Specific Conductance

and time indicated

(µmhos/cm @ 25° C)

Static water level at date

SC = Soil Classification

EP = Effective Porosity TOC = Total Organic Carbon

TP = Total Porosity

PS = Particle Size

AL = Atterberg Limits

MC = Moisture Content

K = Hydraulic Conductivity

FC = Field Capacity C14 = Radiocarbon Age Dating **EWM**

Approved by:

Figure No.

	Aspectconsulting	Geologic & Mon	Geologic & Monitoring Well Construction Lo					
	IN-DEPTH PERSPECTIVE	Project Number 000031	Boring Number A6BH-2a	Sheet 13 of 17				
Project Name	Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area	6 Development	Elevation (ft msl)	588.65				
Orilling Location	Northing -169700 E	asting -1699205	Start Date	February 15, 2002				
Priller/Equipment	Boart-Longyear Rotary Sonic		Finish Date	March 6, 2002				
Sample/Method	Continuous Core - except as note	ed in Remarks	Hole Diameter(s)	9" 0-57", 8" 57-294", 6" 294-334				

	Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log		cation and ! Condition	Water Levels/Remarks
48	241				Indistinct iron oxide-stained zor scattered 238.8' to 254.2' - Gray sandy s	nes (layers) 5 - 10 mm thick,	OOM seconds
47	242						92% recovery 239' - 243'
46	243						
45	244						
44	245						
43	246						
42	-247						
41	-248						
40	-249				248.3' to 249.0' - Gray sandy s dark brown organics, thinly lan	ilt layers 0.5 to 3 cm thick, some ninated, indistinct	
39	-250						
38	-251						
37	-252				251 9' to 252 9' - Grades to fin	e to medium sand, predominantly	
36	-253				fine 252.9' - Sand fine (abrupt char	•	
35	-254				253' - Sand becomes more int increase in moisture to moist)	act (corresponds with slight	_ ∇
34	-255				254.2' to 255.1' - Sand grades		Elevation 334.5 254.2' bgs
33	-256				255.1' to 256.1' - Sand fine to	medium, predominantly fine	2/28/02 14:05 EC-250 pH-7.7 Boring depth 260'
32	-257	TP EP TOC SC PS K			256.2' to 257.6' - Sand fine to	medium	Casing depth 246' Slough depth 255.1' Estimated saturated thicknes
31	-258	111 F 10			257.6' to 258.4' - Sand fine, iro	on oxide-stained (color change to range); interbeds of fine to coarse,	
30 29	-259	TP TOC SC PS AL K MC FC			predominantly medium, sand, iron oxide-stained; gray sandy	trace to few silt, trace fine gravel, silt layers 2 -8 mm thick t to moist, wet at contact, gray	
				Tests:	P = Total Porosity	AL = Atterberg Limits	Logged by: SJS
	. (Specific Conductan jumhos/cm @ 25* (atic water level at c	C)	E	P = Effective Porosity OC = Total Organic Carbon C = Soil Classification	K = Atterberg Limits K = Hydraulic Conductivity MC = Moisture Content FC = Field Capacity	Approved by: EWM

Geologic & Monitoring Well Construction Log Project Number Boring Number Sheet 000031 A6BH-2a 14 of 17 Aspect consulting Project Name Elevation (ft msl) Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 6 Development February 15, 2002 March 6, 2002 9* 0-57, 8* 57-294', 6* 2: **Drilling Location** Northing -169700 Easting -1699205 Start Date Driller/Equipment Boart-Longyear Rotary Sonic Finish Date Continuous Core - except as noted in Remarks Sample/Method Hole Diameter(s)

	Depth	Sample	Well	Graphic	Classification and	Water Laureta (Danneta
lev.	(feet)	Testing	Completion	Log	Physical Condition	Water Levels/Remarks
328 327 326	-261 -262	SC PS MC FC			260.4' to 263' - Moist, light olive gray SILTY SAND; sand fine to medium, predominantly fine, subangular to subrounded, 70% quartz, 25% mafic (mafic grains predominantly sub-angular), 5% other, including green "pistachio" - colored grains (epidote?); silt mostly as gray silty interbeds 2 - 10 cm thick; flat dark brown wood fragments (SM)	
25	-263				263' to 285.3' - Moist, light gray to light olive-gray SAND with SILT, trace gravel; sand fine to medium; gravel fine, angular to	
24	-264				subrounded; grades to trace silt, few fine to coarse gravel 269.6' (predominantly fine); generally fines upward to 263'; gravels predominantly mafic (predominantly basalt) and sub-angular to rounded 263' - 269.6' (SP-SM)	53% - 83% recovery 263' - 271'
23	-265				Scattered, indistinct iron oxide-stained silty sand layers 5 - 15	203 - 271
22	-267				mm thick	70% recovery
21	-268					266' - 268'
20	-269				269' - Water content generally increasing, to wet at 269.0'	∑ Elevation 319.8'
19	-270					268.9' bgs 3/4/02 10:30 Boring depth 282'
18	-271				271' - Large wood pieces	Casing depth 272' Slough depth 270.5'
17 16					272.8' - Grades to predominantly fine sand, slightly darker	Elevation 317.8* 270.9' bgs3/4/02 7:35 EC-270 pH-7.6 Boring depth 300'
15	-273				272.0 - Grades to predominantly line sairu, signily dates	Casing depth 276' Slough depth undetermined Elevation 317.2 271.5' bgs
14	-275					3/6/02 09:30 EC-330 pH-7.6 Boring depth 334' Casing depth 317'
13	-276					Slough depth 331.0' 13% recovery 275' - 277'
12	-277	TP TOC SC PS K MC			276.5' to 279.5' - Sand predominantly fine to medium, 50% quartz; few fine to coarse (predominantly fine) gravel	210 - 211
11	278					
10	-279				270 51 to 280 0'. Trans to four for years	
			_ IIII	ests:	279.5' to 280.0' - Trace to few fine gravel	
	_	Specific Conductan (µmhos/cm @ 25°	ce C)	1 E	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Porosity C = Total Organic Carbon AL = Atterberg Limits K = Hydraulic Conductivity MC = Moisture Content	Logged by: SJS Approved by: EWM
		tatic water level at o nd time indicated	ate		GC = Soil Classification FC = Field Capacity S = Particle Size C14 = Radiocarbon Age Dating	Figure No.

•	Aspectco	nsulting	Proje	ct Number	oring Well O	er S	heet
	•			000031	A6BH-2a		of 17
roject Name rilling Location	Cedar Hills Re Northing -1697	gional Landfill Area 6 00 Ea:	S Development - sting -1699205		Elevation (ft msl) Start Date	February 15	2002
riller/Equipment	Boart-Longyea	r Rotary Sonic			Finish Date	March 6, 20	02
ample/Method	Continuous Co	re - except as noted	in Remarks		Hole Diameter(s)	9" 0-57", 8" 57-	294', 6" 294-
Depth Sa (feet) Te	mple Well Sting Completio	Graphic Log		fication and al Condition		Water Levels/Re	emarks
		280.0 to 2	85.3" - Sand predon	ninantly fine			
08 -281							
07							
-282							
06							
-283							
05							
-284							
04					İ		
-285							
103		Stovova	LOWER HIGH-ENER	RGY FLUVIAL DEP	OSITS		
-286		000000 285.3' to 2	88.8' - Light to olive				
102		화중호중호점 silt; grave	fine to coarse, sub id fine to coarse, pre				
-287 sc	PS MC	guartz (Gi		coommunity mic to	medium, 70%		*
01		800000					
-288		800000 800000 800000					
300		800000					
-289		288.8' to 2	289.9' - SAND, trace predominantly fine;	silt, trace gravel; s	and fine to	-	
299		(SP)	predominantly line,	graver rine, rare wo	od fragments		
-290		289.9' to	299.3' - GRAVEL wi				
98			D; gravel fine to coa arse; indistinct sand				
-291		with trace	clay (GW-GM)				
297		2001					
-292		8:38				92% - 96% re 286' - 30	
96		#;÷114				200 - 30	,0
-293							
95		3.66					
294							
94		E:311					
-295		; 					
93		2017					
-296		5014					
292		j 33					
					İ		
298							
		S 331					
299							
		299 3' to	300.5' - SAND, trac	e silt. trace gravel:	sand fine to		
89		medium;	gravel fine (SP)	o an, nace graver,	adira fillo (a		
		Tests: TP = Total P	orosity	Al = Attaches	Limite	Logged by:	SJS
EC = Specific (µmhos/c	Conductance cm @ 25* C)	EP = Effective	e Porosity	AL = Atterberg K = Hydraulic C	onductivity	Approved by:	EWM
	er level at date	TOC = Total SC = Soil Cl	Organic Carbon assification	MC = Moisture (FC = Field Capa			
and time i		PS = Particle		C14 = Radiocar		Figure No.	

	کرے	pectcor	ASPECTIVI	,	Project No 0000	umber	oring Well Boring Nun A6BH-2	nber	She	eet
roject Name	Ce	dar Hills Rec	nional I a	ndfill Area 6 Develo		131	Elevation (ft msl		16 o	11/
rilling Locat	ion No	rthing -1697	00	Easting -16			Start Date		ary 15, 2	002
riller/Equipr		art-Longyear					Finish Date	March	6, 2002	
ample/Meth	od <u>Co</u>	intinuous Co	re - exce	pt as noted in Rema	arks		Hole Diameter(s	9" 0-57	8" 57-29	r, 6" 294-
Depth (feet)	Sample Testing	Well Completion	Graphic Log		Classification Physical Co			Water Lev	els/Rem	narks
-301			0,00	300.5' to 312' - Lig GRAVEL with SILT to rounded; sand fi	Fand SAND; gra	wel fine to coar	with SAND, to se, subangular			
-302			8.8							
-303			8:00	302.9' - Abrupt col						
85			ै, 18 	yellow-orange, gra- oxide-stained, sand mafics dominate la	d fine to coarse, arger grain sizes,	iron oxide-stai indistinct lens	ned grains, es 1 - 5 cm			
305			0,001 0,000 0,001 0,001	thick of olive-gray : silt-bounded at col-		clay, gravels b	ecome			
283			် လျှင် () ()							
282				306.3' to 307" - Lig	ht to olive-gray		-			
281			8;68; 2005							
308			0.00 0.00 0.00	308.2" to 308.8" - S silt, trace to few gr	rave!		antly fine, trace			
-309			0	308.8' to 309.4' - Ir						
310			0.00 0.00 8.00	309.4' to 312' - Lig laminae of silt with oxide staining	tht to olive-gray, sand, few clay,	distinct, thin (3 scattered orga	- 10 mm) nics and iron	79% - 9 30	4% reco 2' - 317'	very
311			0 00 0 00							
-312			6.66 6.66 8.66 8.66 8.66 8.66 8.66 8.66	312' to 313.5' - Lig	tht to olive gray (SRAVEL with 5	AND, trace			
313			00000	silt; gravel predom	inantly fine; san	d fine to coarse	(GP)			
314				313.5' to 316.1' - L GRAVEL with SIL'	T and SAND; gra	GRAVEL with	SAND, to			
315			0.40 0.00 0.00	fine to coarse (GV	N-GM)					
273			8,00							
272				316.1' to 317.6' - L to medium, predor			ILT, sand fine			
271			J. 40	317.6' to 318.8' - L	ight to olive-gra	y GRAVEL with	SAND, to			
270			8.8	GRAVEL with SAM to coarse; silty sar 318.8' to 319.7' - S	nd laminae 5 - 6	mm thick (GW	-GM)			
269			م <i>ماما</i>							1.
		Lab 1		D - Total D				Logged b	y: :	SJS
(ji	ecific Conduc nhos/cm @ 2	5° C)	E	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Porosi OC = Total Organic C = Soil Classificati	ity K Carbon Mo	. = Atterberg L = Hydraulic Co C = Moisture C	nductivity ontent	Approved		EWM
	ic water level time indicated			S = Particle Size		C = Field Capa 14 = Radiocarb	on Age Dating	Figure No		

			Aspect	cons	ulting		Projec	t Number	toring Wel	nber	ruction Lo
			W-DEP	TH PERS	PECTIVE			00031	A6BH-		17 of 17
Driffin	ct Nar ng Loc	ation _	Northing -1	69700		ndfill Area 6 Develo Easting -16			Elevation (ft ms Start Date	Febr	uary 15, 2002
	ole/Me		Boart-Long Continuous			ot as noted in Rema	arks		Finish Date Hole Diameter(s		ch 6, 2002 57, 8* 57-294', 6* 294-3
	Depth		T	es c			Classific	ation and			
Elev.	(feet)	Sample Testing	Comp		Log	240 71 - 204 11-	Physical	Condition		.Water L	evels/Remarks
268	-321			8	000	319.7' to 324' - Ligi GRAVEL with SILT to coarse; grades s	and SAND;	gravel fine to co	arse; sand fine		
267	-322			8	-881 -927						
266	-323			ő						705	% recovery
265	-324			8		324' to 328.1' - We	ut light olive	DIE TV COA	MEL CAND	3	22' - 324'
264	-325			8		few clay; gravel fin predominantly man scattered, indistinct	e to coarse, ic, silt-coated	subangular to su d; sand fine to co	brounded, arse, silty:		
263	-326	TP TOC SC PS	KMC	3	8.8	gravel and sand (G	SM)				
262	-327			3	0.0						
261	-328			3 3	6 8 8 8						
360		C14						R BASAL AQUI		C14 Ac	e >46880 YBP
259	-329 -330					328.1' to 334' - Ve with CLAY, trace s material; sand fine fine to medium silt very fine laminae;	and; abunda ; very faint la y sand 1 - 10	nt dark brown wo minae; distinct b cm thick; sand	eds of fine and exhibits some		
258	-331	TP TOC SC PS	AL K			diminish in numbe silt); sand content oxide-stained zone	and size incr	eases upward; s	cattered iron		
257	-332					casts (ML)					
256	-333					333' - Moisture coi	ntent decrea	ses to moist			
255	-334									Botton	n of boring 334'
254	-335					335' to 336' - Deco	ommissioned	boring with heat	tonite arout		
253	-336					(minimum 20% so bentonite chips fro	lids by weigh	t) 95 to 334 feet			
252	-337										
251	-338										
250	-339					·					
ź49						4					
				ab Tes	sts:					Logged	by: SJS
	_ (Specific Cond (µmhos/cm @	fuctance § 25° C)		EI TO	P = Total Porosity P = Effective Porosi DC ≈ Total Organic	Ćarbon	AL = Atterberg K = Hydraulic C MC = Moisture	Conductivity Content	Approv	
		tatic water lev nd time indica			S(C = Soil Classificati S = Particle Size	on	FC = Field Cap C14 = Radioca	acity rbon Age Dating	Figure	No.

		ET: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S	TAR	T DATE	9/26/	06			ORIN	G EN	ND D	ATE:		3/06	T 1 OF 17
ROJ	JEC	DN: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG				roSor	nic C		ORTH		169				NAD27 (H), NGVD29 D ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
0 —		GROUND SURFACE Reddish brown (SYR 3/3), nonstratified, fine Reddish brown (SYR 3/3), nonstratified, fine SAND, little sit, ittle fine to medium gravel, damp, some fine organics. (SP-SM) ("FILLTOPSOID." Light brown (2.5 Y 5/6), non-stratified, sitify fine to medium SAND, trace to little coarse sand, little fine to coarse gravel, socketed, faceted, moist. (SM) (WEATHERED ABLATION TILL) Light brownish gray (2.5 Y 5/4), nonstratified, sitify		SP-SM SM	0.0 599.3 1.0 598.3			A7B-1-0.5-1.0							
asinvada belo		fine to medium SAND, little to trace coarse sand, little fine to coarse gravel, trace cobbles, socketed, faceted, subangular to subrounded, dense matrix, moist. (SM) (ABLATION TILL)			2.0	1	100	A7B-1-5.0-6.0							
6 8 10 12 14 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	robsonic			SM		2	100	A7B-1-10.0-11.0							
12 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14															
16		Light brown (2.5Y 5/4), nonstratified, silly fine to medium SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, trace coarse sand, subangular to subrounded, faceted, damp. (SM) (GLACIAL DRIFT)		SM	585.3 15.0	3	100	A7B-1-15.0-16.0							
18		Gray (Gley 4f6GVf), non-stratified, slify fine to medium SAN), trace to little coarse sand, little fine to coarse gravel, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, socketed, damp. (SM) (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL)			17.0	4	100								
20 —	_	CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	166					Golder Associate							

LOC	ATI	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	CON	T DATE	: 9/26/ OR: P	06			BOF	RING RTHII STING	ENI NG:	D D, 169	ATE: 998.9	93	3/06 DATUM:	Γ 2 OF 17 : NAD27 (H), NGVD29 ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	uscs	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	HOICTIBE	CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
20		— CONTINUED FROM PREWOUS PAGE — GRAY (Giey 456(YT)), non-strainted, stilly fine to medium SAND, trace to little coarse sand, little fine to carse gravel, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceled, socketed, damp. (SM) (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL)		SM		4	100	A/B-1-20.0-21.	0							:
24	oted otherwise	Gray (Gley 4/5GY/T), non-stratified, silty fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to medium sand, trace coarse sand, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, socketed, damp. (GM) (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL)			575.3 25.0	. 5	100	A7B-1-25.0-26.	0							:
28	continuous soil core (4.25-inch diameter), drilled dry with core barrel rotation unless noted otherwise robusonic					6	100	A7B-1-29.0-30.	0							27.0 ft. Bottom of 7-inch (OD) casing.
32	continuous soil core (4.25-inch dia			GM				A7B-1-34.0-35.	0							
36						7	100									:
40		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	<i>899</i>				H		+	+	+					

.00	ATIO	T: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S DN: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING					nic C		ORIN IORTH						: NAD27 (H), NGVD29
RC	JEC	T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	: Pr	oSonic	Track			E	ASTIN	IG:	1698	3086.	67	GROUI	ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
42	wise	— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE — Gray (Gley 45GY/1), non-stratified, silty fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to medium sand, trace coarse sand, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, socketed, damp. (GM) (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL) Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), non-stratified, silty fine to coarse SAND, little to some fine to coarse gravel, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, socketed, wet (SM) (LODGMENT faceted, socketed,		SM	555.3 45.0 554.3	8	100	A7B-1-44.0-45.0							
48	continuous soil core (4.25-inch dameter), drilled dry with core barrel rotation unless noted otherwise robasonic	(CLACIAL TILL) Gray (Gley 55GV1), non-straitfied, silly fine to cares GRAVEL, some fine sand, trace medium to coares early trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, clast supported, faceted, socketed, damp. (GM) (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL)		ΘМ	46.0	9	100	A7B-1-49.0-50.0							50.0 to 54.0 feet - No core barrel rotation
52	continuous soil core (4.25-inch dia	Light brownish gray (5Y 7/2), non-stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to medium sand, trace to little coarse sand, little silt, subangular to solution/ded, faceled, damp. (GW-GM) (GLACIAL TILLURRIET)			546.3 54.0	10	100	A7B-1-54.0-55.0					Ā	Perched, static water at 51.7 ft. measured 9/27/06 07/10, left overnight; BOH=58 ft.	alternate rotation and no rotation of core barrel
56				GW-GM		11	100 100								
60					541.3 59.0	13	100								
50		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE													

.00	ATI	TION: Maple Valley, WA DRILL	ING CON	NTRACT			nic C	Corp. N	BORIN NORTH	HING	: 169	9998.9	93	DATUM	: NAD27 (H), NGVD29
ı			RIG: P	OSONIC	ITACK	_		Е	ASTIN	NG:		ชบช6. T	0/	GROU	ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	uscs	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
60	_	- CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE - Gray (Clay 4/5CV/1) pop-stratified gilly fine	- XXX					A7B-1-60.0-61.1							60.0 feet - core
62 64	iless noted otherwise	Gray (Gley 4/GQY/1), non-stratified, silty fine SAND, little to some fine to coarse gravel, trac small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, socketed, wet. (SM) (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL)	e	SM		13	100	A7B-1-64.0-65.0							barrel rotation
66 68 70 72	5-inch diameter), drilled dry with core barrel rotation un rotasonic	Gray (Gley 5/5GY/T), stratified, fine to coarse SAND, little to some fine to coarse gravel, little silt, subrounded to subangular, faceted, granul damp. (SW-SM) (GLACIAL TILL/DRIFT)	ar, Co	SW-SM	530.3	. 14	100	A7B-1-70.0-71.0							
76	continuous soil core (4.25	Gray (Gley 4/5GY/T), nonstratified, silfy fine to medium SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, to silty fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to medium sand, trace small cobbles, rounded to subangular, faceted, socketed, damp. (SM/GM (LODGMENT GLACIAL TILL)		SM/GM	527.3 73.0	15	100	A7B-1-75.0-76.0							75 feet - core barrel stuck inside drive casing vibrate free.
78					520.3	16	100	A7B-1-79.0-80.0							
		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE													I

OC	ATI	ION: Maple Valley, WA	BORING STA	ON'	TRACT	OR: P		nic C	torp.	BORII NORT	HIN	NG:	169	998.9	93	DATUM	: NAD27 (H), NGVD29
_		1	ORILL RIG:	PI	DSOILIC	ITACK				EAST	ING	_	~	086.	b/	GROUP	ID ELEV.(II): 600.29
FEE	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION		GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE	CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDE)	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
80		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE															
82		Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, fine I medium sand, tiltle silt, ittle fine to coar trace coarse sand, trace small cobbles, subangular to subrounded, granular, dar (SW-SM) (GLACIAL TILL/DRIFT) Gray (Gley 4/6GY/1), nonstratified, silty! medium SAND, some fine to coarse gray listly fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine! medium sand, trace small cobbles, roun subangular, faceted, sockedd, damp. (§ Gray (Gley 4/6GY/1), nonstratified, fine t medium sand, tittle silt some fine to coar gravel, trace coarse sand, trace small co subangular fo subrounded, granular, dar (SW-SM) (GLACIAL TILL/DRIFT).	np. ine to vel, to to ded to SM/GM) sey, and the sey of the sey		SW-SM SM/GM SW-SM	519.3 81.0 518.8 81.5	17	100									
84	d otherwise	Committee Control (Carlottee) (Carlottee) (Carlottee) (G-inch-thick beds), fine to medium SAM fine to cores SAND beds, trace to little medium gravel, subangular to subround granular, damp. (SW) (GLACIOFLUVIAL	fine to	22		516.3 84.0	18	100	A7B-1-85.0-86.0	1							
88	drilled dry with core barrel rotation unless noted otherwise robsonic	becomes fine to medium SAND, trace to coarse sand. (SW) 87.5 feet becomes fine to coarse gravell medium SAND. (SP)	∙:		SW		19	100									
	ic Nith	Light brownish gray (2.5Y 4/3), nonstrati	fied, silty		SM	510.8 89.5	ł		A7B-1-89.5-90.0)							
92	continuous soil core (4.25-inch diameter), drilled dry rotoso	S, knie SAND, damp, (SM) (GLACIOFILUM). S, light brown, straffied, fine to medium S/ line gravel, granular, damp, (SP) (GLACIOFLUVIAL) 90.0 feet becomes medium SAND, (SP) 90.5 feet becomes fine SAND, (SP) 90.5 feet becomes fine SAND, (SP) Gray (Gley 45GY/1), nonstratified, fine in medium SAND, tille still, tillet to some fin coarse gravel, trace small cobbles, mos granular, damp, (SP-SM)	AND, little		SP	89.8 509.3 91.0	20	100									
	8				SP-SM				A7B-1-95.0-95.5	i							
96		Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, matri-	x of silty		Charle III	502.8 97.5	21	100	A7B-1-97.5-98.0	,							
98		fine SAND to fine sandy SILT, little fine t gravel, matrix is dense and prittle, damp Light gray, nonstratified, fine to medium trace to little coarse sand, little to some coarse gravel, subangular to subrounder granular, damp. (SW) Gray, nonstratified, silty fine SAND, dam	SAND, fine to		SM/ML SW	502.3 98.0 500.8 99.5	22	100									
00		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	14	EH-						+	$^{+}$	+			Н		

.00	ATI	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S ION: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING					nic (ORIN ORTH						: NAD27 (H), NGVD29
RC		CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	i: P	oSonic	Track			E	ASTIN	IG:		3086.	67	GROUN	ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
100		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE — Gray, nonstratified, silty fine SAND, damp. (SM)	लघ.	SM				A7B-1-100.0-100.5							-1
102		Gray (Cley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, sitly fine SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, to fine to coarse GRAVE with matrix of sitly fine sand, trace medium to coarse sand, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, mostly matrix supported, dense matrix, moderately socketed, damp. (SM/GM) (DIAMICTON)		SM/GM	499.8 100.5	22	100								1
06	less noted otherwise				402.9			A7B-1-105.0-106.0							1
08	with core barrel rotation unless noted otherwise	Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, silty fine to medium SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, trace small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, mildly socketed, moist. (SM) (DIAMICTON)		SM	492.8 107.5										1
10	diameter), drilled dry	Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, silty fine SAND, trace medium to coarse sand, little fine to medium gravel, subrounded to subangular, taceted, socketed, damp, (SM) (DIAMICTON) Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, silty fine to medium SAND, trace to little fine to medium gravel, trace coarse gravel and small cobbles,		SM SM	490.3 110.0 489.8 110.5			A7B-1-110.0-110.5					Ā	Perched, static water at 109.0 ft. measured 9/27/06 1300 after 70 minutes; BOH=117.0 ft, BOC=97 ft, slough at 113.9 ft	,
12	continuous soil core (4.25-inch	wet. (SM) Gray, nonstratified, fine to medium SAND, little Gray, nonstratified, fine to medium SAND, little silt, little fine to coarse gravel, little small cobbles, subrounded to subangular, faceted, mildly socketed, moist to wet. (SP-SM)		SP-SM	488.3 112.0	23	100								1
16	8	Hard, gray, nonstratified, CLAY, trace fine gravet, subangular to subrounded, socketed, damp, (CL) Gray, nonstratified, sitly fine to medium SAND, trace coarse sand, little fine to coarse gravet, subangular to subrounded, faceted, damp to		CL	484.8 115.5 484.3 116.0			A7B-1-115.0-115.5							1
18		moist (SM)		SM		24	100								117 ft sound hole to 166.6 feet (0.4 ft slough)
20					480.3	_									
		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE													

			T: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S	STAF	T DATE	: 9/26	06			BORII	NG E	END	DA	TE:		3/06	T 7 OF 17	
	JΕ	C1	N: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG				roSor	nic C		AST		16	5980				: NAD27 (H), NGVE ND ELEV.(ft): 600.2	
FEET	BORING METHOD		SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	uscs	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE	LIQUID LIMIT		PLASTICITY INDEX	SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMME	
120	Т	7	CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE Gray, nonstratified, fine to coarse SAND, little silt,	:•:	:	120.0			A7B-1-120.0-121.0	,		+						-1
122			some fine to coarse gravel, subangular to rounded, faceted, moist. (SW-SM)		SW-SM		24	100	A7B-1-125.0-126.0									1
126	otherwise					474.3												1
			Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, sitly fine to medium SAND, little coarse sand, some fine to medium sAND, little coarse sand, some fine to medium gravel, subrounded to subangular, moist. (SM)		SM	126.0												•
28	th core barrel rotation unless noted		Light grayish brown (2.57 4/3), nonstratified, fine to medium GRAVEL, trace coarse gravel, some medium to coarse sand, trace to little fine sand, trace silt, subangular to subrounded, granular, moist to wet. (GW)		GW	472.3 128.0	_		A7B-1-129.0-129.5	5								1
30	diameter), drilled dry with	2	Light grayish brown (2.5Y 4/3), nonstratified, fine to medium GRAVEL, trace coarse gravel, some medium to coarse sand, trace to little fine sand, little sit, subangular to subrounded, granular, moist to wet. (GW)		GW-GM	470.3 130.0	25	100										
32	(4.25-inch	-	Light grayish brown (2.5Y 4/3), nonstratified, fine to coarse SAND, little fine to medium gravel, trace silt, subangular to subrounded, granular,	1	SW	468.3 132.0												
34	continuous soil core		moist to wet. (SW) Light graysh brown (2.57 4/3), nonstratified, medium SAND, moist to wet. (SP) Gray (Gley 4/65/V1), crudley straffied, alternating fine to coarse SAND with some fine to coarse gravel, trace sit, and, fine to coarse SAND with some fine to coarse gravel, trace sit, and fine to coarse SAND with some fine to coarse gravel, trace subtrounded, faceted, moist to wet.		SP W-SM/SI	467.3 133.0 466.8 133.5												1
136			(SW-SM/SW)		w-sm/s	464.3 136.0			A7B-1-136.0-136.5	5						136 ft. measured 9/27/06;	136 ft sound	1
			Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, silty fine SAND to fine sandy SILT, little fine to coarse gravel, moderately socketed, subangular to subrounded, moist. (SMML) (DIAMICTON)		SM/ML			H								dry hole after 45 minutes.	136 ft sound hole to 136.75 feet	
38			subroundee, molest (swimL) (Duwnled, silly fine to medium SAND, little to some fine to medium SAND, little to some fine to medium gravel, title small cobbles, subrounded, moist to wet. (SM) Gray (Gley 4/GSY/1), nonstratified, fine to medium SAND, trace fine to coarse gravel, subrounded, moist. (SP)		SM	463.3 137.0 462.3 138.0	26	100	A7B-1-139.0-140.0)								1
40		1				460.3		L			L	1	1					
			CONTINUED NEXT PAGE					Ļ	Golder Associat								LOGGED: Jo	

OC.	ATI	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	CON	ITRACT	OR: P		nic C	Corp. NO		HING	: 169	998.9 998.9 9086.	93	DATUM	: NAD27 (H), NGVD29 ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
		1	i. F	OSOFIIC	III	_		E.F	NOTIF	NG:	-	1		j	1D ELEV.(II). 000.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	uscs	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDE)	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
40		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE	Ť								Ī				
140		Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, silty fine to coarse GRAVEL, subangular to subrounded, moist. (GM)		GM	140.0 459.3										
42		Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, fine to medium SAND, moist. (SP)		SP	141.0 458.3										,
42		Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, sifty fine to coarse GRAVEL, trace to little fine to coarse sand, faceted, subangular to subrounded, moist. (GM)		GM	142.0	26	100	A7B-1-143.0-144.0							
44		Gray, nonstratified, fine sandy SILT, little fine to coarse gravel, cohesive, socketed, damp. (ML) Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, fine to medium SAND, trace fine to coarse gravel, subangular to subrounded, moist. (SP)		ML SP	456.8 143.5 456.3 144.0 455.8 144.5			A7B-1-144.5-145.0							1
	s noted otherwise	Gray, stratified, contorted bedding, fine sandy, SILT, little fine to medium gravel, thin deformed (laminations of fine sand, dense matrix, socketed, damp, (ML). Gray (Gey 4/6/GV/T), nonstratified, fine to coarse (BAVEL, trace small cobbles, matrix of fine sandy silt with trace coarse sand, moderately socketed, subangular to subrounded, faceted, moist. (GM) (DIAMICTON)		ML GM/GC	455.3 145.0										
48	core barrel rotation unless noted	148 ft. matrix becomes SILTY CLAY or CLAY. (GC)		GM/GC	451.3			A7B-1-149.0-149.5	21.3	21	0		Ā	Perched, static water at 148.0 ft. measured 9/28/06 0725, left overnight; BOH=156.0 ft,	
50	drilled dry with	Gray (Gley 4/6GYT), stratified, silty fine SAND to SILT with trace to little fine sand, nonplastic, slightly dilatant, moist to wet. (SMML) Gray (Gley 4/6GYT), straffied, contorted/deformed bedding, silty fine SAND to fine sandy SILT, grading to CLAYEY SILT, little to some fine to coarse gravel, dense matrix, faceted, socketed, trace degraded woody debris, moist. (SMML)		SM/ML	149.0 450.8 149.5	27	100	7.10.0 110.0	27.0					B.O.C=147.0 ft, slough at 151.9 ft	
	.25-inch diameter),	Gray, nonstratified, SILT, little fine sand, livery, dilatant, moist. (ML)		ML	448.8 151.5			A7B-1-151.5-152.0	26.1	25	0				
- 1	4	Gray, nonstratified, CLAYEY SILT, little fine to coarse gravel, trace to little coarse sand, socketed, damp. (CL-ML)		CL-ML	447.8 152.5			A7B-1-153.0-153.5	13.1	18	4				
54	continuous soil core	Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, matrix fine sandy silt, trace coarse sand, trace small cobbles, moderately socketed, subangular to subrounded, faceted, moist. (GM)		GM	446.8 153.5										154 ft. Sound hole to 144 feet (10
		(DIAMICTON) Gray, nonstratified, silty fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, trace small cobbles,		OW	445.3 155.0	28									feet of slough/cave) 155 ft. Drilled through slough
56		slightly socketed, angular to rounded, damp to moist. (GM)				29	10								plus 1 foot sample fell out of core barrel. 156 ft. Drilled
58						30	100								through slough pus 1 foot sample retained in core barrel. 156.5 ft. Drilling becomes easier.
60				GM											
~		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE													

PROJE	EC.	T: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S					- E	BOREHOLE B	ORIN				10.		T 9 OF 17
		ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG				roSor	nic C		ORTH						NAD27 (H), NGVD29 (*ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
PEET FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET FEET	DONING INE LINOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENTS
160		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE — Gray, nonstratified, slift fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, trace small cobbles, slightly socketed, angular to rounded, damp to moist. (GM) 160.5 ft. brick-red clast. 161.0 ft. small cobble						A7B-1-161.0-161.5							16
164 166 109 109		Gray, crudely stratified, fine to medium SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, trace slif, subangular to subrounded, moist to wet, slightly dilatant. (SP) Gray, nonstratified, slifty fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, trace small cobbles, subangular to rounded, dense matrix, matrix supported, sockleed, damp to moist. (GM)		: SP	436.3 164.0 434.3 166.0	30	100	A7B-1-164.0-164.5 A7B-1-166.0-166.5						164 to 166 ft. moist to wet zone, measured 9/29/06 1315; dry hole after 60 minutes; BOH=172 feet.	166 ft. Drilling ¹⁶ becomes harder.
동	rotosonic	168 ft. becomes more gravelly, clast supported.		GM		31	100								16
21 oil core (4.25-inch diameter),	-	172 ft. matrix becomes brittle. Gray, non-stratified, SILT to CLAYEY SILT to			427.3 173.0			A7B-1-171.0-171.5							13
o lios snonujuoo	,	CLAY, little fine to coarse gravel, trace coarse sand, subangular to subrounded, faceted, dense matrix, matrix supported, brittle, socketed, damp. (ML/CL-ML_CL) (DIAMICTON) Gray, nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some sit to clayey sit, little fine to coarse sand, trace small cobbles, subangular to subrounded, damp. (GM/GC)		ML/CL	426.3 174.0			A7B-1-175.0-175.5							43
176 178				GM/GC		32	100	A7B-1-179.0-179.5							17
180		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE			420.3										
DEPTH						(Ĵ	Golder Associate	-C					DAT	LOGGED: JdLC CHECKED: DPF TE CHECKED: 11/30/06

			ORING STA	RT DAT	E: 9/26	/06			ORIN		ID D	ATE:			
			RILLING CO RILL RIG:			roSor	nic C		ORTH ASTIN						: NAD27 (H), NGVD29 ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
Ī	Q	SOIL PROFILE				œ	(%)			_	DEX	0	7.		
FEET	BORING METHOD	DESCRIPTION	Condya	uscs	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDE)	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
180	_	CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE	to N		180.0										
182		Gray (Gley 4/5CY/1), nonstratified, silty fir coarse GRAVEL, trace to little fine to coa sand, angular to subrounded, dense matr socketed, damp. (GM)	rse		180.0										,
184	noted otherwise	184-185 ft. becomes moist. 184-186 ft. small to medium cobbles pres 185 ft. becomes clast supported, fine to rigravel, same matrix as above. 186 ft. matrix becomes hard, brittle.	14	GM		33	100	A7B-1-184.0-184.5							4-inch diameter cobbles are sticking inside core barrel
188	drilled dry with core barrel rotation unless noted	Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, SILT of CLAYEY SILT, some fine to coarse sand, fine to coarse gravel, subangular to subro slightly plastic, damp to mosts. (MLCL-MI Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, fine to GRAYEL, matrix of slit to clayey sit with I sand, subangular to subrounded, faceted supported, damp to moist. (GM)	coarse of little of clast	ML/CL-N	412.3 188.0 ML 411.3 189.0	34	100	A7B-1-189.0-189.5							,
	(4.25-inch diameter), drilled	191.0 ft. small to medium cobble zone in matrix, oxidized clasts. Gray (Gley 4/5GY/1), nonstratified, SILT, little fine gravel, trace to little fine to coars	9	GM	408.3 192.0										,
194	continuous soil core (4.:	little tine gravet, trace to little line to coars trace medium gravet, matrix supported, b socketed, faceted, scattered black lithics, fine peat-like organics, damp. (ML)	rittle,	ML		35	100								,
196		195.0 ft. weathered/oxidized sandstone c	last.			33	10	A7B-1-195.0-195.5							,
		Grayish brown (5Y 4/2), nonstratified, SIL fine sand, little to some fine to medium gr subangular to subrounded, dense matrix, socketed, brittle, damp. (ML)	ravel,	SM	403.8 196.5	1									
98		Grayish brown (5Y 5/3), nonstratified, fine coarse GRAVEL, matrix of clayey silt with fine to coarse sand, angular to subrounde moist. (GM) Grayish Brown (5Y 4/3), stratified, fine to SAND, some fine to medium gravel, subc to subrounded, granular, faceted, damp.	n little o	GM	402.3 198.0 401.3 199.0	- 36	100								hard drilling
200		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	- :	+					\vdash						-
J		1		1		<u> </u>	Ž								LOGGED: JdLC

		CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING SON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING					nic C		ORIN ORTH						: NAD27 (H), NGVD29
RC	JEC	T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIC	G: Pi	roSonic	Track			E.A	ASTIN	IG:	1698	086.	37		ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
200		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE	Ĺ					A 711 A 710V A 710V E							2
.00		Grayish brown (5Y 4/3), stratified, fine to coarse SAND, some fine to medium gravel, subangular to subrounded, granular, faceted, damp. (SW)		SW	398.8	36	100	A7B-1-200.0-200.5							
02		Grayish brown (5Y 4/2), nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, Clast supported, matrix of clay with trace silt and sand, moist. (GC)		GC	201.5	_									attempted to drill without rotation
		Grayish brown (5Y 4/3), stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace to little coarse sand, some fine to coarse gravel, trace silt, subrounded, granular, damp. (SW)			202.5										but not possible in very dense formation
204	eg.			SW		37	100	A7B-1-205.0-205.5							2
06	s noted otherwis	Grayish brown (5Y 4/2), nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, scattered small to large cobbles annular to subrounded class supported			393.8 206.5	•									2
08	with core barrel rotation unless noted otherwise iic	cobbles, angular to subrounded, clast supported, hard matrix of fine sandy silt, socketed, scattered oxidized clasts, damp. (GM)													
10	diameter), drilled dry with core ban robsonic	209.0 ft. matrix becomes very dense, silty fine to medium sand.						A7B-1-210.0-210.5							
12	continuous soil core (4.25-inch diameter					38	100								
14	continuous sc	214.0 ft. oxidized clasts.													
		215.0 ft. matrix becomes hard, fine sandy silt.		GM				A7B-1-215.0-215.5							very hard drilling cobbles
16						39	100								2
18						40	100								2
20		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	, A												
\Box		COMMODE MEATINGE		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Ļ	Golder Associate							LOGGED: JdLC

		CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING					nic (ORIN ORTH						NAD27 (H), NGVD29
		CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG							ASTIN						NAD27 (H), NGVD29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMEN
20	Ī	CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE	Ŭ												
222		Grayish brown (SY 4/2), nonstratified, fine to coarse (GRAVEL, scattered small to large cobbles, angular to subrounded, clast supported, hard matrix of fine sandy silt, socketed, scattered oxidized clasts, damp. (GM) Light brownish gray (SY 8/3), crudely stratified.			376.8 223.5										
224	d otherwise	medium to coarse SAND, some fine to medium gravel, trace fine sand, trace coarse gravel, subangular to rounded granular, mild facets on some clasts, damp. (SP) 225 ft. becomes orange brown (10 YR 3/4). 226 ft. becomes medium SAND, trace to little coarse sand.			223.5	40	100	A7B-1-226.0-226.5							
128	core barrel rotation unless noted	227.0 ft. becomes medium to coarse SAND, some fine to medium gravel. 228.5 ft. becomes orange brown (10YR 4/4), stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace fine gravel, trace charcoal flakes.		SP		41	100								228 ft - sound hole to 228 ft no slough attempted to drill without rotation
:30	diameter), drilled dry with rotosonic	229.5 ft. becomes fine to medium SAND, little to some fine to coarse gravel. Orange brown (10VR 4/4), stratified, fine to medium GRAVEL, little medium to coarse sand, trace fine sand, subangular to subrounded, oxidized clasts, black organic coatings on one clast, damp, (GP) Orange brown (10VR 4/4), stratified, fine to medium SAND, tittle coarse sand and fine gravel,	PO	GP	370.3 230.0 369.3 231.0			A7B-1-230.0-230.5							but not possible in very dense formation drill with no rotation of core barrel
132	continuous soil core (4.25-inch	trace coarse gravel, subangular to subrounded, damp. (SW) Orange brown (10VR 4/4), stratified, medium SAND, trace fine and coarse sand, trace fine gravel, subangular to subrounded, damp, (SP)		sw	366.8 233.5	42	100								resume drilling with core barrel rotation
136		236.0 ft. becomes medium SAND, trace fine and coarse sand, little fine to medium gravel.		SP				A7B-1-236.0-236.5							
238		Banded orange brown (10YR 4/4) and light grayish brown (5Y 5/2), stratified, fine SAND, trace to little slit, granular, damp. (SP-SM)			362.3 238.0	43	100	A7B-1-239.5-240.0							very hard drilling fine sands are packing into core barrel
40		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	111				T								

.00	ATI	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING: ION: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIC	CON	NTRACT	OR: P		nic C	Corp. NO	ORTH	HING	: 169	ATE:	93	DATUM	: NAD27 (H), NGVD2: ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29	
KC.		1	5. P	1050110	Track			E#	ASTIN	NG:	-	3086.	6/ I	j GROUI	ND ELEV.(II): 600.29	_
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMEN	۷T
40		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE														_
240		Banded orange brown (10YR 4/4) and light grayish brown (57 5/2), stratified, fine SAND, trace to little siit, granular, damp. (SP-SM) 240.5 ft. becomes fine SAND, little siit, little fine to medium gravel, subangular to subrounded, non faceted.		SP-SM		43	100									_
		241.0 ft. becomes fine SAND, little silt.			358.3											
242		Brown (2.5Y 4/3), nonstratified, SILT, damp to moist. (ML)	Ш		242.0	Ì		A7B-1-242.0-242.5	76.5	25	3					2
			Ш	ML	357.3											
244		Very light gray (2.5 Y 6/1), thinly laminated, silly fine SAND to fine sandy SILT, mostly granular with scattered cohesive laminae, dry to damp. (SMML)		SM/ML	243.0	44	100	A7B-1-245.0-245.5								2
246	noted otherwise	Very light gray (2.5Y 6/1), thinly laminated, fine SAND, mostly granular with scattered cohesive laminae, dry to damp. (SP)	IN CONTRACTOR		354.3 246.0											2
	rotation unless no	247.0 ft. becomes very light grayish yellow (2.5Y 5/4), thinly laminated (1-2 mm thick laminations)		SP				A7B-1-247.0-248.0								2
	core barrel	248.5 ft. becomes orange brown (2.5Y 5/4).				45	100									
	∯ ş	Very light gray (2.5Y 6/1), thin, wavy laminations,	H	1	350.8 249.5	t		A7B-1-249.5-250.0								
	r), drilled dry	interbedded fine SAND, SILT, and black ORGANIC SILT, slightly lithified, brittle, damp.		SM/ML	349.3										250 ft sound hole to 250 ft no slough	2
	diameter),	Light grayish brown (2.5Y 6/2), laminated, silty fine SAND, damp. (SM)		SM	251.0 348.8	Ī										
152	continuous soil core (4.25-inch di	Light gravish brown (2.57 e/2), thinly laminated fine SAND, trace silt, granular to slightly lithified, damp. (SP)		SP	251.5	46	100									2
	snonu			1												
54	conti							A7B-1-254.0-254.5								2
		Dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2), nonstratified, fine SAND, trace to little silt, trace to little medium sand, damp. (SP/SP-SM)			345.3 255.0			A7B-1-255.0-255.5							drill action is destoying fine/delicate	
256				SP-SM	343.3										and the same and the fire	2
58		Medium grayish brown (2.5Y 5/4), laminated, fine SAND, trace silt, granular to slightly lithified, damp. (SP)		SP	257.0 341.8	47	100									2
		Orange brown (10YR 4/4), thinly laminated, fine SAND, little silt, trace to little medium to coarse sand, granular to slightly lithified, trace fine black organic flakes, oxidized, damp. (SP-SM)		SP-SM	258.5			A7B-1-259.0-259.5								
60		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	1:11		340.3		H									-2
_		1		1		(_								LOGGED: JdL	_

_00	ATI	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S' ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING OF THE PROPERTY O	CON	NTRACT	OR: P		nic (Corp. NO	ORTH	G EN	: 169	998.9	93	DATUM	: NAD27 (H), NGVD29
PRC		CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	: P	roSonic	Track		_	EA	STIN	IG:	~	086.	67 I	GROU	ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	uscs	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDE)	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
60		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE													
		Dark gray (Gley 3/), vague stratification, SILT to CLAY, moderately plastic, damp. (CL/ML)		CL/ML	260.0	47	100	A7B-1-261.0-261.5	24.5	38	11				
62		interbedded contact at bottom of unit. Dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/3), stratified, silty fine	Щ		338.3 262.0										1
		SAND, damp. (SM)		SM	337.3										
164		Light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2), stratified, fine SAND, trace medium sand, granular, scattered chunks of oxidized clay or clay stone at top of unit, damp. (SP)		SP	263.0										added water not penetrating into formation discontinue
166	otherwise	Orange brown (10YR 4/4), laminated, fine SAND, — little silt, granular, damp. (SP)		SP-SM	334.8 265.5	- 48	100	A7B-1-265.0-265.5							2
168	rotation unless noted	Light grayish brown (2.5Y 6/2), thinly laminated, fine SAND, granular, scattered laminae (2.4 mm thick) of silt, dry to damp. (SP) Dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), stratified, silty fine		SP	333.3 267.0 332.3 268.0										3
	with core barrel	SAND. frace coarse sand, angular, damp to moist. (SM) Light grayish brown (2.5Y 6/2), laminated, interbedded fine to medium SAND with scattered lenses of laminated sit (5-10 mm thick), trace fine gravel, subangular to subrounded, mixed lithology, damp. (SP)	11	SM	331.8 268.5			A7B-1-268.5-269.0							
	diameter), drilled dry	Medium grayish brown (2.5Y 5/3), stratified, medium SAND, trace to little coarse sand, trace fine gravel, damp. (SP)		SP	270.0 328.8			A7B-1-271.0-271.5							2
72	continuous soil core (4.25-inch c	Graysh brown (2.5Y \$50), nonstratified, fine to medium SAND, damp. (SP) Brownish gray (2.5Y \$2T), stratified, interbedded fine to medium SAND and stiffy fine SAND, and fine sandy SILT, granular to slightly lithified, damp. (SP/SM)		SP SP/SM	271.5 328.3 272.0	49	100								:
74	continuon	Light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2), stratified, silty fine SAND with trace fine gravel, damp, with interbeds of dry cohesive silt. (SM)		SM	326.3 274.0 325.3 275.0			A7B-1-274.0-274.5							very hard drilling
276		Graysh brown(2.5V 53), stratified, fine SAND — damp, with interbeds of dry cohesive sitt. (SM) 276.0 ft. becomes fine to medium SAND, trace fine gravel, subangular to subrounded, oxidized, damp.		SP	215.0										very nard drilling
78		Dark brown (2.5Y 4/3), stratified, slifty fine SAND, trace fine gravel, damp to moist. (SM) Graysh brown (2.5Y 5/3), stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace fine gravel, subangular to /subrounded, oxidized, damp. (SP)		SM SP	322.8 277.5 322.3 278.0 278.3	50	80								:
				\$M/ML/S	320.3			A7B-1-279.5-280.0	1.5	15	2				
80		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE	بجب				T								-

R: ProSonic Corp.	NORTHING: 169998.93	
	EASTING: 1698086.67	DATUM: NAD27 (H), NGVD29 GROUND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
	MOISTURE CONTENTING STATE OF THE PASSING 200 SIEVE (%) WHERE LEVEL (%) WATER L	
.,		
118.3 182.0		2
51 Q A7B-	284.0-284.5	drilling becomes ² easier
284.5	↓ Perched, static 284.7 ft. measi 10/3/06 0710, overnight; BOh	c water at ured left 1=288 ft., ft. 2 c water at
A7B- 112.3 1288.0	286.15 ft. mea 10/4/06 0710, overnight, BOH BOC=318 ft.	left H=328 ft., drilling becomes ²
811.3 889.0		harder auger bit is used to retain core inside barrel
990.0		2
52 62		drilling becomes easier
	296.0-296.5	2
02.8 A7B- 197.5 A7B- 198.0 A7B- 199.0 53 A	297.5-298.0	298 ft sound hole to 290 ft 8 feet of slough
000.3		
197 198 198 199 199 199	3. 53 Q	.5 3 0 53 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

		ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING OT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIC				roSoı	nic (NORTI ASTII						1: NAD27 (H), NGVD2 ND ELEV.(ft): 600.29
	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMEN
0	Ī	CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE 1 299.5 ft. becomes fine to coarse GRAVEL, some			300.0			A7B-1-300.0-300.5			Ĺ				
12		(fine to coarse sand. Gray (Gley 3), stratified, medium to coarse SAND, title to some fine to medium GRAVEL, trace coarse gravel, mixed lithologies, brick-red (lasts, wet. (SP) Gray (Gley 3), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, subangular to Subrounded, wet. (GW) Gray (Gley 3), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, little sit, subangular to		GW GW-GM	299.3 301.0 298.3 302.0										
14		subrounded, socketed, wet. (GW-GM) Gray (Gley 3), stratified, medium to coarse SAND, wet. (SP) Gray (Gley 3), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, little silt, subangular to subrounded, socketed, wet. (GW-GM)		SP	297.3 303.0 296.3 304.0	53	100	A7B-1-304.0-304.5	5						
	ed otherwise	Gray (Gley 3/), stratified, medium to coarse SAND, wet. (SP) Gray (Gley 3/), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL,		GW-GM	294.3 306.0 293.8 306.5	† †									
18	rotation unless noted	Gray (Gley 3/) suchiest, mile of words envolved. Gray (Gley 3/) speckled with black, gray, white,		GM	292.3 308.0			A7B-1-307.0-307.5	5						308 ft sound
	with core barrel ro	Gray (Gley 3/), stratified, fine to orange GRAVEL, little medium to coarse sand, subangular to rounded, wet. (GW) Gray (Gley 3/), stratified, fine to medium SAND,		GW	290.8 309.5										hole to 297 ft 11 feet of slough 309 ft - bottom of bentonite chips
0	diameter), drilled dry w	Gray (Gely 3), Statistice, intel to frequent SAND, trace fine gravel, subrounded, slightly dilatant, wet. (SP)		SP	288.8										bottom of Natural Gamma Log
2	(4.25-inch	Speckled gray (Gley 3/), stratified, medium to coarse SAND, little fine sand, little fine to medium gravel, wet. (SW) Gray (Gley 3/), stratified, fine to medium SAND,		SW	311.5 287.8 312.5			A7B-1-312.5-313.0)						
4	continuous soil core	trace fine to coarse gravel, subrounded, wet. (SP)		SP	286.3 314.0	54	100								
6	8	Speckled gray (Gley 31), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little medium to coarse sand, subrounded to rounded, mixed lithologies, wet. (GW)		GW	314.0			A7B-1-316.0-316.5	5						
		Gray (Gley 3), stratified,medium SAND, little to some fine to coarse gravel, trace coarse sand, subangular to rounded, wet. (SP)		SP	283.8 316.5	-									
8		Speckled gray (Gley 31), stratified fine to coarse GRAVEL, some medium to coarse sand, subangular to subrounded, wet. (GW)		GW	318.0 280.8 319.5	55	100								318 ft - bottom of 6-inch (OD) drive casing
0		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE			518.0	<u> </u>	-		-				Н		

PRO)JE	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S				_	: E	BOREHOLI	E ORIN				10.		Г 17 OF 17
LOC)JE	ION: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	CON	ITRACT	OR: P		nic C	Corp. N	ORTI	HING	: 169	998.	93	DATUM:	NAD27 (H), NGVD29 (V ID ELEV.(ft): 600.29
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENTS
320		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE — Speckled gray (Gley 3), stratified, medium to coarse SAND, tittle to some fine to coarse gravel, subangular to subrounded, wet. (SP) Gray (Gley 3), nonstratified fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, trace silt, subrounded, clast supported, wet. (GW) Speckled gray (Gley 3), stratified, medium SAND, trace fine gravel, wet. (SP)		GW SP	279.3 321.0 278.3 322.0			A7B-1-322.0-322.5							322
324	cincector	Gray (Gley 3), nonstratified fine to coarse GRAVEL, some medium to coarse sand, trace fine sand, subangular to subrounded, wet. (GW)		GW	277.3 323.0	55	100								324
326					273.3			A7B-1-327.0-327.5	31	33	3				326
328		Gray (Cley 41), very flarify laminated, SILT, trace very fine brown organics, nild livery texture, nonplastic, black lithics at top of unit, wet. (ML) Boring terminated at target depth of 328 feet below ground surface.		ML	327.0 272.3 328.0										32
330															33
332															3
334															3:
336															3:
338															3
340															3
		SCALE to 2.5 feet				(Ĵ	Golder Associat	0.6					DA3	LOGGED: JdLC CHECKED: DPF TE CHECKED: 11/30/06

		ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING ONE T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG				roSoi	nic C		IORTH ASTIN						: NAD27 (H) NGVD29 ND ELEV.(ft): 582.80
	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMEN
2		GRAVEL ROAD SURFACE Gray, nonstratified, fine to medium GRAVEL, little fine to coarse sand, angular, damp. (GP) (ROAD FILL) Orange brown (2.5Y 4/2), nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, little silt, trace small cobbles, damp. (GW-GM) (FILL)		GP GW-GM	0.0 581.8 1.0	1	100	A7B-3-1.0-2.0							
4		Gray, nonstratified_silty fine SAND, little medium to coarse sand, little fine to medium gravel, damp. (SM) (FILL) Orange brown (2.5Y 4/2) to brown, fine to coarse SAND, little silt, little fine to coarse gravel, damp. (SVI-SM) (FILL1)		SM	578.8 4.0 577.8 5.0			A7B-3-5.0-6.0							
8		7.0 to 7.5 ft. Oxidized zone Brown, nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, little slit, trace small cobbles, subangular to rounded, granular, damp. (GW-GM)		SW-SM	575.3 7.5	2	100								
0	continuous soil core robsonic	Brown, stratified, fine to coarse SANO, and, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little silt, trace small cobbles, subangular to rounded, granular, damp. (SW-SM)		SW-SM	573.8 9.0	. 3	100	A7B-3-10.0-12.0	5.6			10.4			
2		Light brown, stratified, fine SAND, little silt, granular, damp. (SP-SM) Brown, nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, little silt, trace small cobbles, subangular to rounded, granular, damp.		SP-SM	570.3 12.5 569.8 13.0			A7B-3-12.5-13.0							
6		(GW-GM) Dark reddish brown (2.5Y 3/2), stratified, fine to medium GRAVEL, dense matrix of sitly fine sand with trace medium to coarse sand, trace fine (organics, damp, (GP-GM) Light brown (2.5Y 5/3), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, trace sitl, subangular to subrounded, granular, damp. (GW)		GP-GM	568.8 14.0 568.3 14.5	4	100	A7B-3-15.0-16.0							
8		Brownish gray, nonstratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine sand, little silt, trace fine to medium cobbles, damp. (GW-GM) Orange brown (2.5Y 4/2), stratified, fine to medium SAND, oxidized, damp. (SP) Dark Teddish Frown (2.5Y 93), stratified, fine to		GW-GM SP	565.8 17.0 564.8 18.0 564.3 18.5										
0		coarse GRAVEL, matrix of silty fine sand, damp. (GW-GM) — CONTINUED NEXT PAGE —		GW-GM	562.8	5	100								

		ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING OT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RI				roSor	nic C		IORTI ASTIN						: NAD27 (H) NGVD29 ND ELEV.(ft): 582.80
	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMEN
0	Ţ	— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE —	Ĭ.		20.0			A7B-3-20.0-21.0			Ī				
12		Orange brown (2.5Y 4/2), stratified, fine to coarse SAND, trace to little fine to medium gravel, damp. (SW) Orange brown (2.5Y 4/2), stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, trace fine to medium cobbles, subrounded to subangular, damp. (GW)		SW	561.8 21.0	5	100	A75-520.0-21.0							
6		Orange brown (2.5Y 4/2), stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace fine gravel, subangular to subrounded, damp. (SP) Dark grayish brown, stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, matrix of sitly fine sand, moderately brittle, damp. (GW-GM)		SP GW-GM	558.8 24.0 557.8 25.0	6	100								hard drilling
18		Medium brown (2.5Y 5/3), stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace to little silt, trace to little fine gravel, granular, damp. (SP/SP-SM)		SP/SP-SI	556.3 26.5			A7B-3-27.0-28.0							
10	continuous soil core robsonic	Brownish gray, stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to medium cobbles, clast supported, subangular to subrounded, dense matrix of sitty fine to coarse sand, socketed, damp. (GM)			28.0	7	100	A7B-3-31.0-33.0	3.6			15.9			very hard drilling in cobbles
6		35.0 ft. matrix alternating between dense/brittle and granular		GM		8	100	A7B-3-35.0-35.5 A7B-3-36.0-38.0							
В						9	100								
						10	100								
10		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE					П								

00	ATI	CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	CON	T DATE	: 10/18 OR: P	3/200	16	Corp. N		G EN	169	ATE:	22	9/2006 DATUM	T 3 OF 5 : NAD27 (H) NGVD29 (ND ELEV.(ft): 582.80
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
40		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE Brownish gray, stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, little fine to medium cobbles, clast supported, subangular to subrounded, dense matrix of silly fine to coarse sand, socketed, damp. (GM)			540.8	10	100	A7B-3-40.0-42.0 A7B-3-41.0-41.5	12.6			21.0			
44 44		Medium brown, nonstraffled, fine to Goarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, race silt, subrounded to angular, damp. (GW) 45.0 ft. oxidized clast		GW	42.0	11	100	A7B-3-45.0-46.0							Hole remained dry when left overnight
48	core	Medium brown, stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, little silt, trace fine to medium cobbles, subrounded to subangular, damp. (GW-GM)		GW-GM	535.8 47.0	13	1								broke drill rod while drilling at 46 ft drill string recovered
50	continuous soil core rotosonic	Light brown (2.5Y 5/4), stratified, fine SAND, granular, scattered 1/4-inch thick sitly fine sand layers, damp. (SP) Light brown (2.5Y 5/4), stratified, fine to coarse SAND, little silt, trace to little fine to coarse gravel, damp, (SW-SM)		SP	532.8 50.0 531.8 51.0		1	A7B-3-50.0-50.5							
52 54						14	100	A7B-3-52.5-53.0							
56		54.5 ft. becomes fine SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, trace medium to coarse sand, damp. (SP) 55.5 ft. becomes fine to medium SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, damp. (SP)		SW-SM		15	100								
60 -		Light brown (2.5Y 5/4), stratified: fine to coarse SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, granular, damp. (SW)		sw	523.8 59.0 522.8	16	100								
	PTH S	CONTINUED NEXT PAGE						Golder Associate							LOGGED: JdLC CHECKED: DPF

		CT: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING S ON: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING							ORIN ORTH					/19/2006 DATUM:	NAD27 (H) NGVD29
RC	JEC	CT NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RIG	: Pr	roSonic	Track			EA	ASTIN	IG:	1698	3952.	33		ID ELEV.(ft): 582.80
FEET	BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT(%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENT
60		CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE	Ŭ												
62		Light brown (2.5Y 5/4), stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace fine to medium gravel, trace silt, damp. (SP)		SP	60.0	16	100	A7B-3-60.5-61.0							
		Light gray (2.5Y 7/1), stratified, fine SAND, grading to fine sand with little silt, granular, dry to damp. (SP/SP-SM)		SP/SP-SI	520.3 62.5 518.8	17	100	A7B-3-63.0-64.0							
64		Dark brown (2.5Y 4/3), nonstratified, fine sandy SILT, tittle fine to coarse gravel, trace medium to coarse sand, socketed, matrix supported, rounded to subangular, damp to moist. (ML/GM) Light brown (2.5Y 5/4), stratified, fine to coarse	N N	ML	64.0 517.8 65.0			A7B-3-64.0-64.5							
66		GRAVEL, trace to little fine to medium cobbles, some fine to coarse sand, little silt, subrounded to subangular, granular, damp. (GW/GW-GM)		w/gw-g	516.3 66.5	18	100								
68		Light brown (2.5% S4) grading to gray (Gley 4) , nonstratified fine to cause GRAVEL martix of fine sandy sill, trace medium to coarse sand, socketed, brittle, subangular to subrounded, DIAMICTON, damp. (GM)		GM	66.5	19	100	A7B-3-68.0-68.5							
70	continuous soil core	Light brown, stratified, fine to coarse GRAVEL, some fine to medium sand, trace to little coarse sand, granular, damp. (GW)			513.3 69.5	20	100	A7B-3-71.0-72.0							
72		72.0 ft. becomes mostly gravel, little sand matrix, clast supported. (GW)													
74		74.0 ft. matrix becomes dense and brittle		GW		21	100								
76															
78		Speckled brown, stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace coarse sand, granular, damp, (SP)		SP	504.8 78.0 504.3	22	100	A7B-3-78.0-78.5							
30		Brown, stratified, sifty fine SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, trace medium to coarse sand, damp. (SM)			78.5	23	100								
		CONTINUED NEXT PAGE													

									OREHOL							T 5 OF 5
LO	CA	TIC	T: HDR/CHRLF-Area 7 BORING DN: Maple Valley, WA DRILLING T NUMBER: 063-1088.2503 DRILL RI	CON	ITRACT	OR: P			torp.	BORIN NORT EASTI	HING	: 16	9650.	22		: NAD27 (H) NGVD29 (V) ND ELEV.(ft): 582.80
DEPTH SCALE FEET		BORING METHOD	SOIL PROFILE DESCRIPTION	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS	ELEV. DEPTH (ft)	RUN NUMBER	RECOVERY (%)	GRAB SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	PASSING 200 SIEVE (%)	WATER LEVEL	WATER LEVEL NOTES	DRILLING NOTES/COMMENTS
- 80 - - - - 82	ore		— CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE — Brown, stratified, silty fine SAND, little fine to coarse gravel, trace medium to coarse sand, damp. (SM) Brown, stratified, fine to medium SAND, trace silt, damp. (SP)		SM	501.3 81.5	23	100				<u>a</u>				80
- 82 - - - - 84	contin		Boring terminated at target depth of 83 feet below ground surface. No ground water encountered.		SP	499.8 83.0			A7B-3-82.0-82.5							82
- - - 86																86
- - - 88 -																88
- - 90 -																90
- 92 -																92
- 94 -																94
- 96 -																96
- 98 - - - 100																98
			CALE	<u> </u>			_		F Golder Associat	es				<u> </u>	DAT	LOGGED: JdLC CHECKED: DPF TE CHECKED: 11/30/06

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-1 Page 1 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 594 0 - 2.4: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), olive gray, fine to medium, some fines, little medium to coarse gravel, compacted with 593 loose matrix, moist to wet. (FILL) 592 2.4 - 4.5: SILTY SAND (SM), gray with orange mottles, fine, few fine 591 to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel compacted with loose matrix, moist to wet. (FILL) 590 4.5 - 6.6: SILTY SAND (SM), olive, fine to medium, trace coarse --5 0-10 sand, little fines, few to little fine to medium subrounded to subangular G: PSA gravel. (FILL) 6.6 - 7.7: SILT (ML), gray, trace fine sand, low plasticity, low toughness, firm, moist. (FILL) 7.7 - 14.0: SANDY SILT WITH GRAVEL (ML), gray fines, subrounded to subangular (many are broken), some fine to coarse sand, moist. (FILL) G 582 581 580 14.0 - 15.0: SAND (SP), gray brown, medium, trace fines, trace fine subrounded gravel, moist. (FILL) 10-20 579 -15.0 - 21.5: SAND WITH SILT AND GRAVEL (SP-SM), gray, firm to hard few to little fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, 578 grades to SILT WITH GRAVEL AND SAND (ML), moist to wet. (FILL) -- -17 577 -576 -575 --- -19

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 Page 2 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log (Blow Counts Classification and Description Lab tests) 574 15 - 21.5 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 3/5/9; DS, 573 - -21 USCS 21.5 - 41.6: SILTY SAND AND GRAVEL (SM), gray, fine, some 572 - -22 nonplastic fines, wet (saturated), loose (sloughing), (soils may be liquified due to drilling action). May grade to SANDY SILT AND GRAVEL (ML). Yellow paint flecks on gravels within upper portion of 571 - -23 recovered sample. Sample cores from 24.5 to 30 feet and 35 to 40 feet were lost (sloughed) and not recovered during subsequent 570 - -24 sampling. (FILL) Depth to perched groundwater 21.6 feet at 13:16 on April 16, 2014 - -25 20-30 with casing at 20 feet and borehole open to 25 feet after losing 5 feet - -26 - -27 563 562 561 560 - -35 30-40 559 558 - -37 557 556 - -38 - -39 555

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-1 Page 3 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 554 -40 21.5 - 41.6 feet: See description on previous page. - -41 553 G 40-44 552 - -42 41.6 - 47.3: SILTY GRAVEL WITH SAND (GM), very dark gray to black, fine to about 44 feet, fine to coarse below 44 feet, some fines, few to little fine to medium gravel angular to subangular gravel, trace 551 - -43 G: PSA subrounded flattened cobbles, trace to few boulders, moist to wet, trace fibrous roots at 45'. Upper ~1 foot includes overlying soils 550 --44 settled into and mixed with this deposit. (FILL - former pond?) 549 - -45 548 -46 547 -47 44-50 47.3 - 50.0: SILTY GRAVEL WITH SAND (GP-GM), gray, fine to -48 medium, subangular to subrounded, some fine to course sand. little fines. (FILL?) -49 50.0 - 54.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), light olive brown, fine, few fines, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, moist, loose. 542 G 541 540 54.0-65.5: SILTY GRAVEL WITH SAND (GW-GM), olive, little to G: PSA some fine to coarse sand, few to little fines, trace cobbles to 6" 539 diameter, moist to dry. Generally clast supported. At 56'-60.5': little to some fines with medium plasticity and low toughness. At 56'-57' feet: 538 some cobbles. -57 537 -536 G -59 535 -

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 Page 4 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 169416.23 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Easting: 1699528.13 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Depth Classification and Description 534 -60 54.0 - 65.5 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 37-50/3" 533 - -61 532 -62 531 -- -63 --64 - -65 60-70 65.5 - 68.0: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray with orange staining at -66 basal contact, little nonplastic fines, few to little fine to medium gravel to 66', gravels absent below, trace cobbles, dry to moist. - -67 527 526 68.0 - 73.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SW-SM), olive gray, fine to coarse, subrounded to angular, few fines, few fine to coarse 525 subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles to 4" diameter, rapid dilatency, dry. Below 71': little to some fine to medium gravel. 524 523 70-72.5 -72 522 - -73 521 73.0 - 77.0: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine, few fine to medium gravel to 75 feet, trace gravels below 75'. Core is hot and dry (dusty) - -74 520 due to drilling action. - -75 519 518 - -76 72.5-80 G 517 - -77 77.0 - 85.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), light olive brown, very fine to fine, few fine, trace fine to medium subrounded gravel, 516 - -78 loose, dry to moist, rapid dilatancy, cannot roll thread. At 82 - 82.5: thin horizontal orange (iron?)-stained laminae of SM or ML. 515 -- -79 G

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 Page 6 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 169416.23 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 494 -100 91.5 - 101.5 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 14-14-50/5* 493 - -101 USCS 101.5 - 103.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive, very fine to 492 -102 fine, few nonplastic slightly sticky fines with low toughness, gravels G absent, loose, rapid dilatency, cannot roll thread. At 102.5' - 103': 491 - -103 common horizontal silt (ML) interbeds or laminae, trace laminae or fine orange-stained sand. Core is hot and dry (dusty) due to drilling - -104 ₁₀₀₋₁₁₀ G 103.5 - 104.5: SILTY SAND (SM), olive with orange staining, very fine - -105 to fine, some nonplastic slightly sticky fines with low toughness, gravels absent, loose, rapid dilatency, cannot roll thread, horizontal -106 beds, dry. - -107 104.5 - 107.9: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive to olive gray, very fine to fine, few nonplastic fines, trace subrounded to angular fine to medium gravel (several gravel have surficial orange - -108 staining), dry. At 107' to 107.9', some medium to coarse gravel trace G 107.9 - 111.0: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SM), gray, fine to coarse, -110 some nonplastic to low plasticity fines, dry, matrix supported. At 111', cobble to 6" diameter. 483 111.0 - 117.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), gray, fine to coarse, subrounded to angular, little fine to coarse 482 angular to subrounded sand, few to little low plasticity fines, clast 110-115 supported. At 112', cobble fragment. Core is hot and dry due to - -113 481 drilling action. 480 - -115 479 - -116 478 477 - -117 117.0 - 120.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray, fine to 115-120 medium (trace coarse), some low plasticity fines with medium 476 - -118 toughness, trace clay, some fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, dry, hard (consistency may be affected by drilling, core is hot), - -119 475 matrix supported.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-1 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 7 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 474 -120SB: 5/6"; USCS. 117.0 - 120.5 feet: See description on previous page. -121 473 120.5 - 127.2: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SM), gray, fine to coarse, MC angular to subrounded, little to some low plasticity fines, trace clay, 472 -122 some fine to medium and trace coarse subrounded to subangular coarse gravel, trace cobbles to 5" diameter. At 124', orange staining 471 - -123 as a horizontal layer of weak iron cement. Cobbles at 122.5, 125, 126'. Gravels include grus (weathered granite); clasts break into pieces when core is broken open. 470 - -124 -125 120-130 -126 -127127.2 - 134: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray, fine, some -128 medium plasticity, very hard fines (core was very hot due to drilling action which may have affected consistency of fines), trace clay, little - -129 fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles. At G 130', cobble or boulder. At 132.5' - 133.5', clast supported, few cobbles. At 133.5' - 134', few gravel, cobbles absent, trace iron -130 stains. 463 462 G -133 461 460 134.0 - 135.0: CLAYEY SILT WITH SAND (CL), gray, hard, little fine to coarse sand, few to little clay, dry, possible infill between boulders 459 135.0 - 151.4: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM). - -136 458 olive gray, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, few fines, little fine to coarse sand, trace to few cobbles to 4" diameter, trace - -137 457 boulders, dry, clast supported. Grades to GW. At 135' - 136', boulder. At 144 - 145', matrix supported: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine to -138 136-140 456 coarse, some low plasticity hard to very hard fines (core is very hot, moisture and consistency of fines may be affected by drilling action), some fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, little cobbles to 4" 455 -- -139 diameter. At 150.8 - 151.4', mostly cobbles.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 Page 8 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Easting: 1699528.13 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Ground Elevation: 594.04 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Depth: 280.0 feet Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Sample Type and Depth Elevation (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description SB: 30/4* 454 -140 135.0 - 151.4 feet: See description on previous page. 453 - -141 452 -142 451 -143 450 - -144 - -145 140-150 - -146 - -147 -150 443 151.4 - 159.5: SILTY SAND (SM), gray with brown mottles, fine to 442 medium, some nonplastic to low plasticity hard to very hard fines, little fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, trace coarse 441 gravel. At 154' - 155', trace to few clay, slightly sticky fines. At 156.5: cobbles. At 157.6: cobbles. 4/17/14 End of day: cased + cleared to 160', 160' sample driven (no drive sample recovery). 440 - -155 439 - -156 438 - -157 437 436 - -158 - -159 435 -

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

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159.5 - 160.0 feet: See description on following page.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 9 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Depth Classification and Description 434 -160 159.5 - 160.6: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), SB: 50/2* light olive brown, fine to medium, subrounded to subangular, few 433 - -161 fines, little fine to coarse sand, loose, dry. 432 - -162 160.6 - 161.4: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive with orange (iron?) staining, very fine to fine, trace coarse, trace to few fines, G 431 - -163 gravel absent, trace coal as coarse sand. Thinly laminated. G 161.4 - 163.0: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), olive with orange 430 - -164 (iron?) stains below cobbles at upper contact, fine to medium, some firm to hard fines, little fine to coarse gravel, few cobbles to 162 feet, -165 160-170 dry, loose. 161.4' - 162', clast supported with few cobbles and medium to coarse gravel; matrix supported below 162'. -166 163.0 - 169.3: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SW-SM), olive, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, few to little fines, some fine to -167 coarse gravel, dry, loose. At 166.5' - 167, few coarse gravel and cobbles. At 167', 11/2"-thick interbed of hard SILTY SAND (SM). At -168 168', 1/2-"-thick interbed of hard SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SM) with some gravel. At 168.2' - 168.5', few coarse gravel and cobbles. - -169 425 169.3 - 179.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND (GP), gray to pale olive, gap-G graded, trace fines (very high dry strength), rounded (nearly spherical) to angular, few to little fine to coarse angular sand, some 423 cobble to 4" diameter, dry, clast supported. At 170' - 175': no core recovery in very coarse material. About 1.5' of core barrel and shoe sheared off during drilling and was successfully recovered. Very 422 coarse recovered sample may not be representative; driller is 170-175 injecting copious amounts of water. At 178: gray silt matrix, still clast --173 421 supported. 420 419 -175-180 - -176 418 -- -177 417 -76.5-178 - -178 416 415 -- -179 179.0 - 184.5 feet: See description on following page.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 Page 10 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Depth: 280.0 feet Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Depth Classification and Description Lab tests) 414 -180 SB: 50/6* 179.0 - 184.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), light olive brown, fine to medium, subrounded to angular, few fines, little fine to coarse 413 - -181 subrounded to angular gravel, very weakly indurated, matrix supported. At 180: Sampler contains cobble fragments and few fine to 412 - -182 180-184 medium sand; sample is nonrepresentative because most of the fine fraction was washed out when the borehole was washed to remove settle out prior to sampling. At 181 - 184, olive to yellowish brown, - -183 little fines, little to some fine to medium gravel. G: USCS, MC, 410 -184 184.5 - 188.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive, fine, trace 409 - -185 medium, trace coarse, trace to few fines, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, loose, dry. -186 - -187 184-190 188.0 - 193.0: SAND WITH GRAVEL AND SILTY FINES (SW-SM), olive, few fines, some fine to medium rounded to subangular gravel, loose, dry. -190 404 403 402 401 193.0 - 195.3: SAND (SP), olive, fine, fines absent to trace, trace coarse sand and fine subrounded to subangular gravel, dry, loose. -194 400 190-198.5 -195 399 195.3 - 197.2: SILTY GRAVELLY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine to 398 - -196 medium, trace coarse sand, little fines, some fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, dry, loose, (core is very hot, moisture and consistency of fines may be affected by drilling action). Abrupt 397 - -197 upper contact, gradational basal contact. 308 - -198 197.2 - 200.5: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine, trace coarse sand, little fines, few fine subrounded to subangular gravel, dry, loose, hot SB: 50/5.5* core. At 199.5'-200.0': SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SW-SM), few 395 -199 198.5-200 fines.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

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Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-1 Page 12 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Core Interval Depth (Blow Counts Classification and Description Lab tests) 374 -220 214.3 - 216.7: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive gray, little fines, fine to medium, trace fine to medium subrounded to subangular 373 - -221 gravel, loose, dry. Abrupt upper contact. G 372 --222 216.7 - 217.0: SILTY SAND (SM), dark grayish brown, fine and coarse (gap graded), subrounded to subangular, some nonplastic to -223 low plasticity fines, trace fine gravel, dry. 371 217.0 - 220.0: SAND (SP), yellowish brown, fine, trace fines at upper - -224 370 contact, fines absent below except as clasts of SILTY SAND (SM) which are present throughout, dry, loose. - -225 220-230 220.0 - 223.5: SILTY SAND (SM), yellowish brown with common -226 orange mottles, fine and coarse (gap graded), subrounded to angular, some nonplastic to low plasticity fines, few subrounded to angular fine gravel to ~221', gravels absent below ~221, dry. - -227 223.5 - 226.4: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), light olive brown, fine, trace to few fines, gravel absent, dry, loose. 226.4 - 226.8: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine, little nonplastic fines, dry. -230226.8 - 232.3: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), light olive brown, fine, trace to few fines, gravel absent, dry, loose. At 229' - 230: thin 363 interbedded (<5mm) laminae of fine SAND (SP) and gray SILT (ML). At 230' - 232.3': silt occurs as clasts, possibly disrupted laminae (rip-362 up clasts). 232.3 - 234.8: SILT (ML), brown with orange mottles trace to few very -233 361 fine sand, soft to very soft, slightly spongey, includes possible rootlets. Moist from water added during drilling. Abrupt upper contact. - -234 360 At 232.8': wood (1/2" diameter branch or root). - -235 230-240 359 234.8 - 235.3: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive brown, fine, few fines, gravel absent, loose, dry. 358 - -236 235.3 - 237.5: SILT (ML), brown, little to few fine sand, low plasticity to nonplastic, low toughness, low dry strength, firm to hard, dry. 357 -237 237.5 - 238.7: SILT (ML), light gray with orange laminae and common 356 - -238 orange mottles, dark yellowish brown overall, sand absent except trace to few very fine sand as thin laminae, gravel absent, low 355 --239plasticity, low toughness, slightly sticky, firm to hard. Very thinly (<1mm) laminated. Abrupt upper contact.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age. Logged by AGU

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-1 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 13 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Core Interval Graphic Log Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Classification and Description Lab tests) 354 -240 238.7 - 242.7: SILT (ML), olive brown, sand absent, gravel absent, hard, dry. At 241' - 242.7': common subvertical structures (root 353 - -241 G casts?) infilled with fine sand. 352 -242351 -243 242.7 - 243.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive, very fine to fine, little fines, nonplastic, dry, loose. Abrupt upper contact. 350 -244 Gradational basal contact. 243.5 - 244.5: SILTY SAND (SM), olive, very fine to fine, some fines, 349 - -245 240-250 nonplastic, dry, loose. G - -246 244.5 - 245.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive, very fine to fine, little fines, nonplastic, dry, loose. - -247 245.0 - 248.8: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, very fine to fine, little -248 fines, gravel absent. - -249 345 248.8 - 249.2: SAND (SP), olive gray, very fine to fine, trace fines, gravel absent, dry, loose. -250 249.2 - 251.5: SILTY SAND (SM), light gray to olive gray with orangestained grain-scale sand laminae as weak iron cement, very fine to 343 fine, dry, some nonplastic fines, micaceous, very thin (<1 - 2mm) subhorizontal laminae, transitional to sandy ML, dry. - -252 342 G 251.5 - 257.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), light olive brown -253 341 with orange staining at upper contact, fine, gravel absent, dry, loose. At 255'-257.5': common thin laminae of dark yellowish brown SILTY SAND (SM) and SAND (SP), core breaks along subhorizontal - -254 340 bedding planes, sand occurs as discrete orange-stained grain-thick very thin (<1-2mm) laminae. 250-260 - -255 339 -- -256 338 -- -257 337 -257.5 - 263.5: SAND (SP), olive brown, fine, fines trace to absent - -258 336 -G except as common olive brown SILT (ML) clasts (rip-up clasts or disrupted interbeds to 10mm thickness, nonplastic to low plasticity), 335 -- -259 gravel absent. At 260'-263': silt clasts absent. At 262'-263': fine to medium. At 263'-263.3': dark gray.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Boring A8B-1 Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Page 14 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 169416.23 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Depth Classification and Description Lab tests) 334 -260 257.5 - 263.5 feet: See description on previous page. 333 - -261 332 -262 -263 331 263.5 - 268.7: CLAYEY SILT (ML/CL), black, sand absent, gravel -264 absent, medium to low plasticity, firm to hard (greasy when wetted), dry. Rare very thinly (<1mm) zones. At upper contact (263.3' -- -265 260-270 ~265.5'): common yellowish brown sand apparently as infill (possible root or mud crack structures). -266 Regional aguifer depth measured at 269.8 feet at 10:42 on April 23, -267 327 2014 with borehole cased and cleared to 280 feet. 326 325 268.7 - 275.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), gray fines with G black sand, fine, few to little fines, includes interbeds of SILTY SAND (SM) to 5mm thickness, wet. -270 324 Regional aquifer depth measured at 267.65 feet at 11:10 on April 23, 2014 with borehole cased to 270 feet and open to 273.5 feet. -271 323 -272 322 -273 321 - -274 320 - -275 270-280 319 275.5 - 276.0: SAND (SP), fine, as above but fines trace to absent, 318 - -276 G little subangular fine gravel, wet. Gradational upper contact. 317 - -277 276.0 - 276.3: SILTY SAND (SM), black, fine, little nonplastic fines, trace fine to medium subangular gravel, trace wood, wet. 316 - -278 lG 276.3 - 277.5; SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SW-SM), gray, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, trace to few fine gravel, wet. 315 -- -279

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

277.5 - 280.0 feet: See description on following page

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-1 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 15 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169416.23 Start and End Dates: April 16, 2014 - April 23, 2014 Easting: 1699528.13 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 140 feet, 6" 140 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 594.04 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 314 -280 277.5 - 280.0: SAND (SP), fine to 280', fine to medium below 280', gravel absent to 280', few medium subrounded to subangular gravel -281 313 below 280' (overall fines upward), wet. - -282 312 -Boring backfill: 0 - 2 feet: Concrete - -283 311 2 - 10 feet: Soil cuttings 10 - 280.0 feet: 3/4* Baroid Wyo-ben bentonite chips hydrated -284 310 concurrent with placement. 309 - -285 -286 308 307 - -287 306 -288 305 -289 304 - -290 303 -291 302 - -292 - -293 - -295 -296 - -297

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 150 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 1 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 0 - 6.0: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), gray with brown mottles, fine, trace medium to coarse, some low plasticity fines, little to some fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, matrix supported, hard, moist. At 6': 6" cobble. (FILL) 0-10 G 6.0 - 10.0: SANDY SILT WITH GRAVEL (ML), gray with common orange mottles, low to medium plasticity, firm, few to little fine to medium sand, trace coarse sand, few fine to coarse gravel, moist. At 9': little gravel. (FILL) 10.0 - 14.5: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GM), gray, well graded, some low plasticity fines, some fine to coarse sand, trace to few cobbles, trace boulders, clast supported, firm to hard, moist. At 13.5' - 14.5': mostly cobbles and boulders. (FILL) 14.5 - 25.0: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray, fine, few fine to 10-20 medium subrounded to subangular gravel, trace coarse gravel, matrix supported, hard, hot and moist to ~15°, very hot and dry hard core below 15'. Dry below ~15', core disaggregated to dust when pressed. Hot from drilling. At 20-25': very slow drilling. (FILL) G: PSA 568 567

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 2 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Easting: 1699528.95 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Depth: 280.0 feet Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -20 566 14.5 - 25.0 feet: See description on previous page. 565 -22 564 -23563 -24562 20-30 25.0 - 27.0: GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GP-GM), brown, medium to coarse subrounded to subangular, few fines, few fine to coarse sand, clast supported, dry (warm from coring). (FILL) 27.0 - 29.0: SILTY SAND (SM), brown with orange mottles, fine to coarse, little low plasticity fines, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, matrix supported, firm, dry. (FILL) G 29.0 - 36.8: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to medium, little fines with low plasticity, little to some fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, dry, matrix supported except clast supported at 29.5 - 29.8, firm, dry. At 30.5'-31.3': Few gravel. At 34'-34.5': some gravel, trace cobbles, clast supported, trace organic matter (sticks). At 36'-36.8', cobbles and boulder to 8". (FILL) 30-40 550 36.8 - 42.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), brown with orange 549 mottles, fine to medium, little nonplastic to low plasticity fines, little fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, soft, dry, abundant organic matter (peat, sticks), possible former pond. (FILL) 547

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 3 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Backfill Depth Classification and Description 36.8 - 42.5 feet: See description on previous page. 546 545 -42544 42.5 - 45.5: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to coarse, little nonplastic to low plasticity fines with low toughness, few gravel to 44', little fine to coarse gravel below 44', trace cobbles to 7" at 44', hard, dry. G: PSA 40-50 45.5 - 54.5: SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine to coarse, some low plasticity fines with medium toughness and high dry strength, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles to 6", dry to 53', wet below 53'. SB: 18-100/4.5* 535 G 534 -53 533 532 50-60 54.5 - 58.5: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine to coarse, 531 some fines, some fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, moist to wet. At 55.5'-56': Clast supported interbed of GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GP-GM). Depth to perched groundwater 55.5 feet at 530 11:35 on 4/10/14, borehole cased to 50 feet and cored to 60 feet. G 529 528 58.6 - 69.0 feet: See description on following page. -59 527

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

G: PSA

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 4 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 168950.10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Core (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Depth Classification and Description -60 58.6 - 69.0: SILTY GRAVEL WITH SAND (GM), olive gray with trace 526 SB: 10-100/3" orange mottling, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, some fines with low plasticity, medium toughness, and high dry strength to ~67', little to some fine to coarse sand, trace subrounded cobbles, clast supported, hard, dry. At 60'-67': core is so hot that PVC soil bags melt on contact. 60-67 67-70 69.0 - 76.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray with trace orange (iron?) stains at gravel point contacts, some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and low dry strength, little fine to coarse SS: 9-39-50/3* subrounded to subangular gravel, trace subrounded cobbles, matrix supported with some gravels in point contact, hard, dry. Very hot 514 513

76.5 - 78.0: SANDY SILT (ML), gray, low plasticity, low toughness, and low dry strength, some fine sand, few fine to coarse gravel, subrounded cobble at 77°, dry to moist.

78.0 - 81.0: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to coarse, some low plasticity fines with medium toughness and high dry strength, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, dry. Uncertain basal contact.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 5 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Depth Classification and Description 506 78.0 - 81.0 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 100/6* -81 81.0 - 82.0: SAND (SM), gray, fine, trace coarse, little fines, trace fine G 505 subangular gravel, wet. -82 82.0 - 83.0: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), gray, trace fines, medium to coarse, subrounded to subangular, some very fine to fine sand, trace cobbles, wet. Fining upward sequence, gradational upper contact. 83.0 - 88.0: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine, some fines with low plasticity, little to some fine to medium subrounded to subangular 80-90 gravel, trace coarse gravel, hard to very hard, dry, very hot core. 88.0 - 89.3: SAND (SP), gray, fine, trace coarse, trace fines, trace fine subangular gravel, wet. Includes common interbeds of SILTY G SAND (SM), brown gray, fine, some fines. 497 89.3 - 91.2: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), fine, yellowish brown, some fines, thinly (<5mm) laminated, moist to wet. At 90.4: yellowish brown to brown with orange stains, very fine to fine, very SB: 10-20-100/4 thin (1-2mm) horizontal SILT (ML) laminations, trace coal. USCS, MC, PSA 495 91.2 - 92.5: SILT (ML), gray, low to medium plasticity, trace clay, few 494 fine to medium sand, trace coarse sand, trace fine gravel, very thinly (<2mm) laminated, soft to firm. At 92.0'- 92.5': SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine, few to little nonplastic to low plasticity fines with very high 493 V dry strength, trace clay, moist. 92.5 - 102.5: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), gray to 100 feet, olive G 492 brown below 100 feet, fine to medium, some fines with high to very 90-100 high dry strength, some fine to coarse subrounded to subangular 491 gravel, matrix supported, hard to very hard, dry to ~101', wet below. At 95.5: cobble to 9". No core recovery 95.5-100' (dropped core). 490 Depth to perched groundwater 93.5 feet at 16:15 on 4/10/14, borehole cased to 90 feet, cored to 100 feet, and clear to 94 feet. Depth to perched groundwater 101.0 feet at 8:40 on 4/11/14, 489 borehole cased to 100 feet, cored to 110 feet, and clear to 103.5 feet. 488 487

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 6 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 168950.10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Depth (Blow Counts Classification and Description Lab tests) -100 92.5 - 102.5 feet: See decription on previous page. 486 SB: 17-38-50/3* ¥ -101 485 PSA -102484 G 102.5 - 103.5: SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine, trace subrounded to -103 rounded medium to coarse gravel, matrix supported, wet. G 483 103.5 - 105.0: SANDY GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GW-GM), -104G 482 subrounded, few fines as ±1"-thick clods (possible pore infill) and as coatings on gravel, some well graded sand, coarse sand is rounded 100-110 -105 to angular, wet, gradational basal contact. At 105': cobble. 105.0 - 109.0: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), yellow brown, fine to medium, trace fines, some well graded subrounded to subangular sand, wet. At 107.5': fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, fine gravel -107 appear freshly fractured with sharply flaked edges (not due to drill action); silt occurs as thick coatings on gravel and has low dry G: PSA 109.0 - 110.0: SAND (SP), gray to gray-brown, fine, trace fines, trace subrounded fine gravel, moist to wet. G -110 110.0 - 115.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray, fine, some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and high dry strength, little SB: 4-16-19 fine subrounded to subangular gravel, trace to few cobbles to 5°, firm USCS, MC, PSA to hard, moist. Gradational to GM (clast supported). Basal 0.5': GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), brown with orange (iron?) straining, well graded, subrounded to angular, some fines, some fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, matrix supported, hard to very hard, dry. -115 115.5 - 120.0: SILTY SAND (SM), dark grayish brown with orange 470 (iron?) stains, fine to medium, some fines, some fine to coarse G angular gravel, dry. At 117': 6" cobble underlain by 3" thick layer of -117 gray SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM) then orange-stained SILTY 469 SAND (SM). -119G 467

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 7 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -120466 120.0 - 124.5: SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine, trace coarse, little fines, trace fine gravel, few medium to coarse subrounded to SB: 4-12-16 -121465 subangular gravel. -122464 USCS, MC G 124.5 - 127.0: SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine, trace coarse, some -125 120-130 low plasticity fines, trace clay, trace fine gravel, few medium to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, some fines. Gradational upper contact. 127.0 - 131.0: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray with orange stains at upper contact, fine, little fine to medium gravel, hard, moist. G: PSA, OC At basal contact: SAND (SP), fine, trace fines, in sampler shoe. Rad SB: 50/6* 131.0 - 132.0: SILTY SAND (SM), gray with common orange-brown mottles, fine, some low to medium plasticity fines with low toughness and medium dry strength, soft to very soft, moist, possible soil 455 132.0 - 138.5: SAND (SP), brown, fine, trace fines, trace fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, loose, wet (water likely 454 G 453 derived from 124-foot perched zone), includes silty interbeds to 133', common coal. 452 130-140 G -135 451 450 -137449 -138 G 448 138.5 - 139.2: SAND (SP), gray, very fine to fine, trace fines, gravels absent, thinly laminated, moist to wet. -139G: PSA, ATT, OC 447 139.2 - 139.5 feet: See description on following page.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 8 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 168950.10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Backfill Depth (Blow Counts Classification and Description Lab tests) -140 139.2 - 139.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM) and SILT (ML). 446 gray grading downhole to brown, trace clay, some subrounded SB: 0-10-75/5* -141medium gravel, SILT is very thinly laminated, low plasticity, low 445 PSA, OC, toughness, low dry strength, slightly sticky when wetted, hard. Hyd Cond -142139.8 - 148.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GP-GM), 444 olive to yellowish brown, fine to medium, trace coarse, few fines, -143some fine to coarse sand, trace subrounded cobbles to 5", loose, 443 moist to wet. -144442 140-150 -145 145.0 - 148.0: SAND WITH GRAVEL AND SILTY FINES (SW-SM), olive to yellowish brown with orange-brown stains at 147 feet, few fine to medium gravel, trace coarse gravel, cobbles absent, loose, moist to wet. -147 -148 148.0 - 150.0: SAND (SP), olive, fine to medium, subangular to angular, trace subrounded to subangular coarse, trace fines, trace fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, moist. At 149.7: 2"thick bed of SP-SM, as above with few silty fines. SB: 20-100/5" 150.0 - 156.0: GRAVELLY SAND (SW), olive gray with common orange staining, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, trace fines, some fine to coarse rounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, moist, loose. 434 433 432 -155 150-160 431 156.0 - 156.8: SAND (SP), light olive brown, fine, trace fines, gravel G 430 absent, wet. -157 156.8 - 159.6: SAND (SW), fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, 429 trace fines, few fine to coarse rounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, moist to wet. 42R -159427

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

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159.6 - 162.5: See description on following page.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-2 Page 9 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Depth Lab tests) Classification and Description -160 159.6 - 162.5: SILTY SAND (SM), olive, fine to medium, few to little 426 fines to 161', little to some fines below 161', little fine to medium SB: 39-59-50 -161 subrounded to subangular gravel, matrix supported, hard. 425 -162424 162.5 - 163.6: GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GP-GM), olive, fine to ~163.2', coarse below, rounded to subrounded, few to little fines, clast-supported, loose, moist to wet. G 163.6 - 189.5: SAND (SP), olive, fine, trace coarse, trace fines, trace fine gravel, loose, moist to dry. At 163.6'- 164.0': coarse sand and gravels absent. -165 160-170 At 164.0'- 164.3': little subrounded to subangular fine gravel. At 164.3-169.5: Includes 1/2" - 3/4"-thick interbeds of SILTY SAND (SM). At 169.5'-169.8': mostly medium to coarse gravel (GP) underlain by SILTY SAND (SM). SB: 100/6" At 170'-171': few to little medium to coarse gravel. At 171'-175': rare 416 silty interbeds to 1/2" thick. 415 413 412 170-180 -175 411 410 409 At 178'-178.4': some medium to coarse subrounded gravel. 408 At 178.4'-178.8': SM, olive brown, fine, trace clay, some fines with very high dry strength, laminated, moist. At 179'-179.2': SP-SM, olive, few fines, otherwise as above, moist. -179 407

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 10 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Depth Classification and Description -180 406 163.6 - 189.5 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 60-100/5* -181 At 181': 1"-thick interbed of SILTY SAND (SM). 405 At 181.1'-185.3': fine to medium, trace coarse, trace fine to medium -182-183 403 G -184 -185 180-190 At 185.3'-186': interbed of SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), few nonplastic fines. At 186'-189.5': fine to medium, few fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel. -187 397 189.5 - 190.8: SILTY SAND (SM), olive, very fine to fine, moist, some nonplastic to low plasticity fines with low toughness and low dry strength, slightly sticky when wetted, gravels absent, very soft, moist. SB: 50-100/5* -191 190.8 - 191.1: SAND (SP), olive, fine, trace fines, loose, moist. 191.1 - 193.8: SAND (SP), brown, fine to medium, trace coarse, trace 394 fine subrounded to subangular gravel, moist. -193 393 193.8 - 194.3: SAND WITH GRAVEL (SP), brown, fine to medium, trace fines, few fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, 190-200 -195 194.3 - 197.9: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive, very fine to fine, few fines, loose, moist. At 195.7'-196.3': little to some fines (gradational to SM) -197197.9 - 198.8: SILT (ML), brownish gray with light gray laminae, trace clay, low plasticity, very high dry strength, slightly sticky when wetted, trace fine sand as laminae, gravels absent, moist, hard, thinly laminated, abrupt upper contact. 198.8 - 201.8: See description on following page

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-2 Page 11 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Depth Lab tests) Classification and Description -200 386 198.8 - 201.8: SILTY SAND (SM), grayish brown with orange staining SB: 40-44-100/3 below 198.8', very fine to fine, little to some low plasticity fines with -201 low dry strength, moist. Upper contact has subvertical tubules infilled 385 with clayey silt or clay (possible former soil) G -202 201.8 - 202.6: GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GP-GM), gray brown, G fine to medium, subrounded to angular, few fines, some fine to coarse rounded to angular sand, loose, clast-supported. 202.6 - 205.0: SAND (SP), gray brown, fine, trace coarse, trace fines, trace to few fine to medium gravel, gravel content increases and coarsen downhole loose, moist, gradational basal contact. -205 200-210 205.0 - 209.5: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), gray brown with orange staining on gravels, medium to coarse, subrounded to angular trace G fines, some fine to coarse subrounded to angular sand with weak iron cementation, trace to few cobbles, clast-supported. 209.5 - 214.5: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GP-GM), 376 gray, fine to medium, subrounded to subangular, few fines, little fine to coarse sand, trace cobbles, clast supported. At 213.5': Cobble with weak red mud coating. 375 G 374 -213 373 -214214.5 - 215.4: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine to coarse 372 subrounded to angular, little nonplastic fines with low dry strength, 210-220 G little fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, firm to hard, dry. -215 371 215.4 - 218.8: SAND (SP), olive gray with trace orange (iron?) staining, fine to medium, trace coarse, subrounded to angular, trace fine gravel, loose. At 216.5'-218.8': little fine to medium gravel, trace 370 -217coarse gravel. 369 -218 368 218.8 - 220.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), gray brown, fine -219 to very fine, little fines, gravels absent, dry, loose, abrupt upper 367 contact.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-2 Page 12 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Northing: 168950.10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Core Backfill Depth (Blow Counts Classification and Description Lab tests) -220 366 220.0 - 223.3: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), olive with brown and red mottles, fine to medium, some fines, little to some fine to coarse -221365 subrounded to angular gravel, trace cobbles, hard, dry. -222G 223.3 - 224.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive brown, very -223fine to fine, few nonplastic fines, gravels absent, rapid dilatancy, loose, dry. At 224-224.5: Cobble or boulder. -224G 224.0 - 228.8: GRAVELLY SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SW-SM), olive brown, subangular to angular, few fines, some fine to coarse -225 220-230 subrounded to subangular gravel, trace to few cobbles, loose, dry, gradational basal contact. -226 -227 G -228 228.8 - 230.0: SANDY GRAVEL (GW), fine to coarse, subrounded and subangular, trace fines, some fine to coarse sand, clast supported, sand is weakly cemented (iron?), clast-supported, dry. 230.0 - 237.7: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), olive with trace orange stains, fine to medium, some nonplastic fines with no dry strength, little fine to medium subrounded gravel, trace cobbles, soft, moist. At 235': gravels coated with weak red silt or clay. 353 G -235 230-240 -236 350 -237 349 -238237.7 - 239.5: SANDY GRAVEL (GP), brown, medium to coarse, 348 G subrounded to subangular, trace fines, some fine to medium sand, trace coarse sand, wet, loose. -239 347

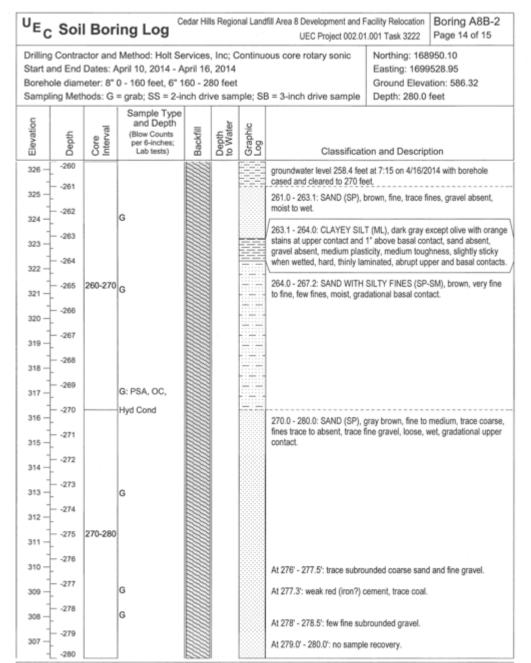
Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. No water added during drilling.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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239.5 - 245.0: See description on following page.

UE_C Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-2 Page 13 of 15 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -240239.5 - 245.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), dark yellow 346 G brown with trace orange stains, very fine to fine, few to little -241 nonplastic fines with no dry strength, rapid dilatancy, loose, dry. 345 Includes numerous 2mm - 5mm-thick interbeds of SILT (ML). Possible former soil. At 241.8': interbed of SILT (ML), 1/2" thick, dark -242344 yellowish brown, sand absent, high to very high dry strength, low plasticity, low toughness. NOTE: sample from 241.8-250 feet was dropped during coring and the disturbed sample was subsequently recovered. -244-245 240-250 245.0 - 250.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), light olive brown, very fine to fine, few to little fines, gravel absent, very rapid dilatancy, loose, dry. At 247'-247.5': trace rounded coarse sand and fine gravel, trace gray ML as thin interbeds. At 249': SAND (SP), very fine to fine, light olive brown, trace fines, loose, dry, uncertain upper and basal -249 G -250 250.0 - 252.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), brown, very fine to fine, few fines, rapid dilatancy, loose, moist to dry. -251 335 G 334 252.2 - 257.8: SAND (SP), yellowish brown with trace orange stains, -253 fine, trace medium, fines trace to absent, gravel absent, loose, wet. 333 G 332 250-260 -255 331 330 -257329 257.8 - 261.0: SILTY SAND (SM), yellowish brown, fine, some fines, -258 gravels absent, soft to firm, moist to dry. At -259.7: interbed of 328 V G SANDY SILT (ML), light olive brown, trace coarse sand and fine -259 gravel, firm to hard. Regional aquifer groundwater level: 257.8 feet at 327 17:02 on 4/15/2014 with borehole cased and cleared to 270 feet;



U_{EC} Soil Boring Log UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3222 Page 15 of 15 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168950.10 Start and End Dates: April 10, 2014 - April 16, 2014 Easting: 1699528.95 Borehole diameter: 8" 0 - 160 feet, 6" 160 - 280 feet Ground Elevation: 586.32 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 280.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -280 Boring backfill: 0 - 1 feet: Concrete 1 - 8 feet: Soil cuttings -281 305 8 - 280.0 feet: 3/4" Baroid Wyo-ben bentonite chips hydrated concurrent with placement. 304 303 -284 -285 301 300 -290

Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation

Boring A8B-2

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-4 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 1 of 6 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169452.83 Easting: 1698505.84 Start and End Dates: May 1, 2014 - May 5, 2014 Borehole diameter: 6" Ground Elevation: 552.64 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 100.2 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 0 - 2.5: SILTY SAND (SM), dark grayish brown, fine to medium, some 552 fines with low plasticity and low toughness, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, firm where moist, very soft where wet, wet from 1.5' - 2.5', moist elsewhere, trace organic material as -2 twigs and roots. FILL. 0-5 550 2.5 - 5.0: SILTY SAND (SM), dark grayish brown, fine to medium, some fines with low to medium dry strength, little fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, hard to very hard where moist, very G soft where wet, wet to 3.5', moist below 3.5'. FILL 548 5.0 - 7.0: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to coarse, some fines with G 547 medium plasticity, medium toughness, and low dry strength, little fine G to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, trace coarse 546 subrounded to angular gravel, trace cobbles, very hard, moist. FILL. 5-10 7.0 - 8.4: SILTY SAND (SM), olive brown, fine to medium, little to 545 some fines, trace to few fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, very soft, moist. FILL 544 8.4 - 12.0: SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray, fine to coarse, some fines 543 with low plasticity, low toughness, and low to very low dry strength, few fine to coarse subrounded to angular gravel, trace cobbles, loose, SB: 50/6* 542 moist FILL 541 12.0 - 14.5: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), 540 dark gray, subrounded to angular, little fines with low plasticity, low -13 toughness, and rapid dilatancy, little fine to medium sand, trace 539 coarse sand, trace cobbles to 31/2" diameter, loose, moist to wet. FILL. 10-18 538 ∇ 14.5 - 23.0: SAND WITH SILT (SM), gray, fine to medium, little fines -15 with low plasticity, low toughness, and low dry strength, few fine to 537 coarse subrounded to angular gravel, trace cobbles, hard where dry, -16 soft where moist to wet, wet at upper contact, dry below contact to 18', moist to wet at 18' - 18.5', moist at 18.5' - 20' -17G Depth to perched groundwater 14.95 feet at 7:47 on May 2, 2014 with borehole cased and cleared to 20 feet. 535 At 21.5': 5" cobble. Water added when coring from 20' - 30' to recover broken drill rod. 18-20 -19

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 20 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification, MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-4 Page 2 of 6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169452.83 Start and End Dates: May 1, 2014 - May 5, 2014 Easting: 1698505.84 Borehole diameter: 6" Ground Elevation: 552.64 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 100.2 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -20 14.5 - 23 feet: See description on previous page. 532 SB: 1-1-5 531 Depth to perched groundwater 22.55 feet at 11:37 on May 2, 2014 with borehole cased to 50 feet and open to 60.4 feet. ∇ 530 23.0 - 42.0: SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray to 27', dark gray, very dark 529 gray, and black below 27', fine to coarse, some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, low dry strength at 23' and 28', very high dry strength at 33', trace clay, little fine to medium gravel, trace coarse 528 gravel, trace to few cobbles, very hard, dry. Water added when coring from 20' - 30' to recover broken drill rod. At 24.5' - 25.5': mostly 527 cobbles to 5" diameter. At 40': trace orange (iron?) stains. -26 20-29 526 -27G: USCS, MC, 525 -28 524 PSA -29 -30 SB: 50/5.5* 522 30-32 520 -33 518 32-39 517 516 515 514

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 20 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-4 Page 3 of 6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169452.83 Start and End Dates: May 1, 2014 - May 5, 2014 Easting: 1698505.84 Borehole diameter: 6" Ground Elevation: 552.64 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 100.2 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 23 - 42 feet: See description on previous page. 512 -41 SS: 33-50/2* 511 41-43 -4242.0 - 43.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), dark gray, subrounded to angular, few slightly sticky fines with low -43 plasticity and very high dry strength occurring as infill in open-work gravel, some fine to medium sand, trace coarse sand, trace to few -44 cobbles, gravels and cobbles are in point contact, hard, dry. 508 -45 43.0 - 46.0: SILTY SAND (SM), very dark gray to black, fine to coarse, some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and very high 507 dry strength, trace clay, little fine to medium gravel, trace coarse -46 gravel, trace to few cobbles, very hard, dry. 506 43-50.5 -47 46.0 - 50.5: SILTY SAND (SM), black, fine to coarse, subrounded to angular, few fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and very high 505 dry strength, few fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, trace coarse gravel, very hard, dry. 504 503 SB: 50/2* 502 50.5 - 52.2: SILT (ML), black, medium plasticity, medium toughness, low dry strength, slow dilatancy, trace clay, trace coarse sand, trace 501 G: ATT fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, very hard, dry, micaceous. 500 50.5-55 52.2 - 57.8: GRAVEL (GW), gray brown, subrounded to subangular, trace fines to fines absent, some fine to coarse subrounded to 400 angular sand, few cobbles to 4", loose, wet. Orange staining and weak iron cement at upper contact. 498 497 G -57 495 55-60.5 57.8 - 58.4: SAND (SP), gray, coarse, trace fine to medium, trace 494 G fines, some fine gravel, wet, loose. 58.4 - 60 feet: See description on next page. 493

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-4 Page 4 of 6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169452.83 Start and End Dates: May 1, 2014 - May 5, 2014 Easting: 1698505.84 Borehole diameter: 6* Ground Elevation: 552.64 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 100.2 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -60 SB: 50/6* 58.4 - 60.0: GRAVEL (GP), olive, fine, subrounded to subangular, 492 trace fines to fines absent, some fine to coarse sand, few cobbles to 4*, loose, wet. Depth to perched groundwater 22.55 feet at 11:37 on 491 5/2/14, borehole cased to 50 feet and cleared to 60.4 feet. 60.0 - 60.5: SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray, very fine to fine, little 490 60.5-68 nonplastic fines with low toughness, rapid dilatancy, little fine to medium gravel, trace subrounded to subangular coarse sand, trace 489 subrounded to subangular fine gravel, wet. -64 488 60.5 - 65.0: SILT WITH GRAVEL (ML), dark gray, medium plasticity, -65 medium toughness, low dry strength, trace fine sand, few fine to medium gravel, trace cobbles to 4" diameter, hard to very hard, dry. 487 -66 65.0 - 65.8: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), gray brown, fine, 486 trace fines, trace subrounded to subangular coarse sand, trace -67 subrounded to subangular fine gravel, wet, loose. 65-70 485 -68 65.8 - 66.4: SAND (SW), gray brown, subrounded to angular, fines 484 absent, trace subrounded to subangular fine gravel, wet, loose. -69 66.4 - 67.5: GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GP-GM), gray, medium to coarse, subrounded to angular, few fines, some fine to coarse sand, -70 SB: 33-50/2*: clast supported, wet. 482 USCS, MC 67.5 - 100.2: SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray with orange stains at 481 upper contact, fine to medium, trace coarse, some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and low dry strength, few to little fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, hard to very 480 hard, dry. 478 477 476 75-80 475 474 473 -

U_{EC} Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-4 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 5 of 6 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169452.83 Start and End Dates: May 1, 2014 - May 5, 2014 Easting: 1698505.84 Borehole diameter: 6" Ground Elevation: 552.64 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 100.2 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Backfill Depth Classification and Description SS: 16-50/3* 472 67.5 - 100.2 feet: See description on previous page. -81 80-83 471 -82 470 -83 83-90 466 -87 465 G: PSA 464 463 SB: 47-50/3" 462 461 460 459 458 90-100 457 456 455 454 453 SB: 50/2*

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-4 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 6 of 6 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 169452.83 Start and End Dates: May 1, 2014 - May 5, 2014 Easting: 1698505.84 Borehole diameter: 6* Ground Elevation: 552.64 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 100.2 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description SB: 50/2° -100 452 -101 Boring backfill: 0 - 1 feet: Concrete 451 1 - 5 feet: Soil cuttings -102 5 - 100.2 feet: 3/4" Baroid Wyo-ben bentonite chips hydrated 450 concurrent with placement. 449 448 -105 447 -106 446 445 -108 -109 -110 440 -113 439 438 437 436 435 434

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 Page 1 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Easting: 1698719.30 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Backfill (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 0 - 3.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND (GP), brown, fine to medium, trace 530 fines, little fine to coarse sand, trace cobbles to 3.5" diameter. loose. wet to .5', moist below. FILL/ROAD BED. 529 -2 0-5 528 3.0 - 3.7: SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine to medium, some fines, few 527 G fine to coarse gravel, trace cobbles to 4" diameter, soft, moist. Trace plastic bags. Reworked soil/FILL 526 3.7 - 4.0: ORGANIC SILT (OH/MH), dark reddish brown, medium 525 plasticity, low toughness, little fine to medium sand, trace fine to coarse gravel, common fibrous roots, spongey, wet. Former pond. 524 4.0 - 5.0: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray, fine to medium, some fines, few fine to coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, 5-10 5.0 - 6.5: GRAVELLY SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), olive, fine, 522 few fines, some fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles to 5", loose, moist. 521 G 10-10.5: ATT 6.5 - 9.8: GRAVEL (GP), brown, fine and coarse (gap-graded), 520 SB: 7-45-50/5" subrounded to subangular, trace fines, some fine to coarse subrounded to angular sand, few cobbles to 6", loose, moist. 519 9.8 - 11.0: GRAVELLY SILT (ML), grayish brown, trace clay, few fine 10-15 to coarse sand, few fine gravel, slightly sticky, hard, moist. 518 11.0 - 20.0: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), grayish brown, fine to 517 medium, some fines, few fine gravel, trace cobbles to 4", loose, moist. At 19.3' - 20': mostly cobbles to 6" diameter, dry to wet. 516 Uncertain basal contact. Matrix supported. -15 515 514 -17 15-20 513 -18 Depth to perched groundwater could not be measured with borehole cased and cleared to 20.0 feet; however, soils in sampler driven from 512 20.0 to 20.5 feet were saturated at the contact between the silty sand -19 and underlying silt.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age. Logged by AGU

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 2 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -20 SB: 50/3* 20.0 - 31.9: GRAVELLY SILT WITH SAND (ML), dark gray to ~22.5', dark grayish brown from 22.5'- 30' except greenish gray to olive gray at 24.6, gray below 30', orange staining at upper and basal contacts, 509 trace clay, few fine to coarse sand, little fine to coarse gravel, trace cobbles to 6", slightly sticky when wetted, hard, dry. Gravel are randomly oriented in matrix, matrix supported. At 27.5' - 30': 508 20-25.5 subhorizontal laminae, alternating gray/olive brown, to 5mm thick. 507 506 505 -26 504 -27 503 25.5-30 502 -29 G 29-29.3: PSA 501 SB: 30-50/1* 500 -31 499 -32 31.9 - 39.0: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), dark gray, fine to 30-35 G 498 coarse, some fines with medium plasticity, low toughness, and medium dilatency, few fine to coarse gravel, trace to few cobbles, dry, -33497 hard. At 33': 5" diameter flattened rounded cobble. At 35.7' - 36': yellow precipitate, (weak cement?) overlies bed of mostly cobbles at 36' - 36.5'. At 38': few cobbles. At 39: trace clay, trace gravel. 35-40

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet.

Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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39.0 - 52.5 feet: See description on following page.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 Page 3 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description SB: 50/2" -40 39.0 - 52.5: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, very fine to fine and coarse 490 (gap-graded), some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and -41 medium distancy, trace clay at upper contact, few fine subrounded to angular gravel, trace subrounded to angular cobbles to 4" diameter, hard, dry, hot core. At 41.7 - 43: trace fine to medium gravel, 489 -42 40-45 488 -43 487 -44486 -45 485 -46 484 -47 45-50 483 482 G 481 -50 SB: 50/2* 478 52.5 - 67.5: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), dark gray, very fine to fine and coarse (gap-graded), some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, and medium dilatancy, little fine subrounded to angular 477 gravel, trace to few subrounded to angular cobbles to 4" diameter, hard, dry, matrix supported, hot core. At 60' - 67.5: silt content 476 increases downhole. 50-60 475 474 473 472 471

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 4 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -60 SB: 50/5" 52.5 to 67.5 feet: See description on previous page. 470 G ¥ Depth to perched groundwater: 61.6 feet at 7:15 on 5/6/14, borehole 469 cased to 60 feet, open to 64.4 feet. 60-65 468 467 466 G 465 464 -67 65-70 463 67.5 - 80.0: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), gray, very fine to coarse, some nonplastic fines with low toughness, little fine to 462 G 68.5-68.8: PSA medium subrounded to subangular gravel, hard, dry, matrix supported, gravels are randomly oriented. 461 SB: 50/3* 460 -71 459 -72 70-74 458 455 454 74-79.7 453 452 451 -

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age. Logged by AGU

SB: 50/4"

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 6 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -100 SB: 50/3* 95.0 - 96.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM). 430 olive to olive brown, little fines as pore infill, little fine to coarse sand, few cobbles to 5", clast supported with nearly-complete infilling of 429 pores, hard to very hard, dry. -102 96.0 - 101.2: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SW-SM), light olive brown, 428 loose to firm, moist. At 98': orange iron stains on dark yellowish -103 brown highly weathered cemented clay. 427 101.2 - 102.8: GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GW-GM), light olive brown, subrounded to subangular, few fines, little fine to coarse sand, 426 moist, clast supported, gradational upper contact. 100-110 -105 425 102.8 - 104.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), gray, fine to -106 medium, trace coarse, little fines at upper contact, fines content decreases downhole, few medium to coarse gravel, gravel content 424 -107 decreases downhole, trace cobbles to 31/2", loose, moist. Abrupt upper contact, gradational basal contact. 423 -108 104.5 - 117.8 SAND (SP), olive brown, fine to medium, trace fines, 422 trace fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, loose, moist. -109 At 109'-110.5': SAND (SW) fine to coarse, few fine to medium gravel. 421 At 110': driven sample is non-representative, fines were washed -110 away during drilling. SB: 40-50/3* At 110.5'-115': gravels absent. At 115'-115.8': SAND (SW), gray 420 brown, subrounded to angular, trace fines, few fine to medium -111 subrounded to subangular gravel, loose, wet. 419 -112 110-115 418 -113 -114 -115 At 115.8'-116.4': SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), gray brown, 415 fine, few fines, trace fine gravel and coarse sand, moist, -116 G -117 115-120 117.8 - 119.5: SAND (SW), gray brown with orange stains at basal 412 contact, trace fines as orange brown nonplastic to medium plasticity -119 rip-up clasts and as gray brown coating on gravels, few fine to medium subrounded to angular gravel, moist. 411

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 Page 7 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -120 119.5 - 122.5: SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine to coarse, some SB: 40-50/5' 410 fines with low plasticity and low toughness, slightly sticky when -121 wetted, trace clay, little fine to medium gravel, very hard, dry. 409 -122 408 122.5 - 140.0: SAND (SP), brown, trace (<2%) fines, fine to medium, -123 trace subrounded to subangular coarse sand and fine gravel, loose, 407 G -124 406 120-130 -125 405 -126 At 126.4' - 126.8': few fine to coarse gravel. 404 - -127 At 127.4' - 127.7': fine to coarse sand, few fine to coarse gravel. 403 -128 At 128.2: 3/4" thick interbed of SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), 402 olive, fine to medium few fines, moist, lG -129 401 --130 At ~130': dry. 400 SB: 130.1-131.6: -131 USCS, MC At 131.5' - 131.8': armored mud balls covered with silty sand, gray, -132 medium to coarse. -133 At 132.5' - 132.9': little medium to coarse gravel. -134 At 133.8' - 134.6': 1/2"- to 1/4"-thick weakly indurated beds of SAND (SP), fine to medium, trace fines. 396 -135 130-140 At ~135: trace to few subrounded to angular fine to medium gravel, trace subrounded to angular coarse sand, loose, moist, trace muscovite 393 392 At 139': cobble fragment. At 139.2' - 140': thin interbeds of SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine to medium, some fines with low plasticity, 391 low toughness, and very high dry strength, hard to very hard, moist.

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 8 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Easting: 1698719.30 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -140 140.0 - 149.8: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), 390 SB: 50/5" olive, subrounded to angular, few fines, trace fine to medium sand -141 and some coarse sand to ~143.5', some medium to coarse sand 389 below 143.5', clast supported, open work to ~143.5', wet, loose. -142At 142.5 - 143: few cobbles to 4" including weathered red volcanic 140-145 388 with red mud coating. -143 At 143.6', 148', and 148.7': Interbeds or rip-up clasts of GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), olive with trace orange staining on embedded 387 grains, fine to coarse, little fines, little fine to medium gravel, hard, -144386 -145 At 145' - 147': mostly cobbles to 4" diameter. -146 384 -147145-150 383 -148 382 -149 -150 149.8 - 151.4: SAND (SP), grayish-brown, fine, trace fines, few fine to coarse subrounded gravel, trace cobbles to 4*, fines, loose, moist. -151 SB: 50/5* 151.4 - 154.7: GRAVEL (GW), olive gray, subrounded to angular, mostly angular, trace fines, few fine to coarse sand, few cobbles to 4", 150-155 trace SILTY SAND (SM) matrix as hard infill between large clasts, -153 dry, loose. 376 -155 154.7 - 155.3: GRAVEL (GP), gray, fine to medium, trace fines as coatings on gravel, coarse gravel trace to absent, cobbles trace to 375 G absent, open work, dry, loose. 374 155.3 - 159.2: SAND (SP), olive, medium to coarse, trace fines as coatings on coarse sand and fine gravel, some fine to medium gravel, 155-160 373 open - work, loose, wet. -158 372 -159 159.2 - 160.0 feet: See description on following page.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age. Logged by AGU

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 Page 9 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Backfill (Blow Counts Core per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -160 SB: 50/4" 159.2 - 160.0: SILTY SANDY GRAVEL (GM), olive, fine to coarse, 370 little fines, some fine to coarse subrounded to angular sand, few cobbles to 5" diameter, soft, moist. 369 160.0 - 167.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), -162 olive gray, few fines, little fine to coarse sand, few cobbles to 5", clast 160-165 368 supported, almost open work, loose, moist to dry. -163 367 -164 366 -165 At 165': washed casing to 170, collected drive sample at 175 to 365 minimize influence of drilling water. -166 364 -167 165-170 G 167.0 - 169.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND CLAYEY FINES (GP-GC), 363 olive brown with reddish brown mottles, fine to medium, subrounded -168 to rounded, few fines, fines are sticky when wetted, few fine to coarse 362 sand, some cobbles at basal contact, loose, open work -169 361 169.0 - 170.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SW-SM), light olive brown, -170 angular, few fines, little fine to coarse subrounded to angular gravel, open work, loose, moist to dry. 360 -171 170.0 - 171.5: SANDY GRAVEL (GW), brown, little fine to coarse 359 sand, trace fines, loose, NOTE: 170 - 175 core was dropped and -172 recovered. 170-175 G 358 171.5 - 173.0: SAND (SP), reddish brown, fine to medium, trace -173 coarse, trace fines, little to some fine to medium subrounded to 357 -174 subangular gravel, loose, gradational basal contact. 173.0 - 174.5: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), fine to medium, -175 SB: 5-35-50 trace coarse, strong brown, few fines, few fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel, loose. 174.5 - 180: SAND (SP), strong brown with orange (iron?) stains, fine, trace medium, subangular to angular, trace fines, coarse sand absent, gravel absent, loose, moist. Gravel absent. 175-180 353 352 351

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-5 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 10 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168812.17 Start and End Dates: May 5, 2014 - May 8, 2014 Easting: 1698719.30 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 10 feet; 6" for 10 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 530.6 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 180.4 feet Sample Type and Depth Backfill (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description -180 SB: 50/5* 180 - 180.4: SILTY SAND (SM), dark olive gray, fine to medium, trace 350 coarse, some fines with medium plasticity and low toughness, slightly sticky when wetted, trace clay, very hard, dry. 349 -182 Boring backfill: 0 - 1 feet: Concrete 348 1 - 7 feet: Soil cuttings -183 7 - 180.1 feet: 3/4" Baroid Wyo-ben bentonite chips hydrated 347 concurrent with placement. -184 346 -185 345 -186 344 -187 343 -188 342 -189 341 -190 340 -191 339 -192 338 -193 337 -194 -195 334 -197 332

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 1 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Easting: 1699198.57 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Depth: 181.0 feet Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 0 - 12.0: SANDY SILTY GRAVEL (GM), olive gray to brown, fine and coarse, subangular to subrounded, little to some nonplastic fines, some fine to medium sand, trace cobbles, firm to hard (compacted), 544 moist, matrix supported. (FILL) 543 0-4 542 At 4' - 4.5': SILTY SAND (SM), olive gray, fine to medium, some low plasticity fines, little fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravel. 4-10 537 536 At 9.5': trace cobbles, locally wet. 535 SB: 2-5-7 534 533 12.0 - 19.5: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), olive to brown with brown staining at gravel contacts, medium to coarse, subrounded to subangular 532 some fines with no to low plasticity, matrix is firm, moist, matrix supported. 531 530 10-20 529 528 -17 527 526

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification, MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

19.5 - 37.5 feet: See description on following page

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 Page 2 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 525 -20 SB: 100/6"; 19.5 - 37.5: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), yellowish brown to 37.5', fine to medium, some fines, some fine to coarse angular to 524 USCS, MC subrounded gravel, trace to few subrounded to angular cobbles, dry, very hot core, matrix supported. Possible breaks reflecting internal 523 -22 layering at about 23.5', 27', 29' 34', and 37.5'. 522 521 -24 520 20-30 -25 G 519 -26 518 -27 517 -28 516 -29 515 -30 SB: 9/6"-100/12" - -31 USCS, MC - -32 -33 30-37 509 508 -37 507 37.5: - 50.0: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), light gray, fine to medium, some fines with low plasticity, low toughness, low dry 37-40 strength, and slow dilatancy, little fine to medium subrounded to 506 subangular gravel, dry, hot core.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 Page 3 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 505 -40 SB: 20-100/4" 37.5 - 50.0: See description on previous page. 504 USCS, MC -41 503 - -42 502 -43 40-47 501 -44 500 -45 At 45'- 46': gradational to sandy gravelly SILT ML --46 - -47 At 47.7'-48.7': SILT (CL-ML), gray, trace to few clay, medium plasticity and toughness, slow dilatancy, very high dry strength, few -48 fine sand, trace fine to medium subrounded gravel, dry. 47-50 - -50 50.0 - 51.3: SANDY SILT (ML), brownish gray with trace orange-SB: 7-35-100/4* stained sand grains, some fine sand, few fine to medium gravel, soft, USCS, MC sand content increases down hole. 493 51.3 - 57.2: SANDY SILT (ML), brownish gray, no to slow dilatency, low plasticity, low dry strength, little fine to medium sand, trace 492 angular to subrounded gravel, hard, moist. At 57: thin sand bed (SP). Depth to perched groundwater in developed piezometer A8P-1 = 491 51.85 feet below top of casing (elevation 492.72 feet) at 13:24 on 4/14/2014. 490 50-60 489 488 57.2 - 64.0: GRAVELLY SANDY SILT (ML), gray to dark gray, low plasticity, medium to low dry strength, few to little fine to medium 487 G sand, little to some fine to subrounded to angular coarse gravel, gravel content increase downhole, hard to very hard, moist, thinly 486 laminated. At 60': blow counts biased, coarse gravel fragment in sample catcher.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet.

Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear.

OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 4 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Depth to Water Graphic Log Backfill Core Interval Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 485 -60 57.2 - 64.0 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 29-100/6* 484 G 483 -62 482 -63 481 -64 64.0 - 68.0: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray, fine, some fines, some fine to medium subrounded to subangular gravels, includes ~1"-thick bed of SP - SM at upper contact, wet. Contact 480 60-70 -65 G: PSA, elevations uncertain (core disturbed when extracted). Hyd Cond 479 Depth to perched groundwater 65.9 feet at 8:42 on 4/3/2014 with the borehole cased to 60 feet and sampled to 70, with open hole at 68.7 478 -67 477 -68 68.0 - 77.7: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), dark gray with brown 476 mottles, fine to medium, little to some fines, some fine to coarse -69 angular to rounded gravel, trace cobbles, hard to very hard, dry to G 475 - -70 SB: 55/6* - -71 - -72 472 - -73 70-77 - -74 470 - -75 469 468 467 77.7 - 78.5: SILT WITH GRAVEL (ML), gray, trace to few clay, trace 77-80 fine sand, medium plasticity, high dry strength, few subangular fine 466 gravel, very hard, dry.

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet.

Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear.

OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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78.5 - 84.5 feet: See description on following page

U_{EC} Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 5 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill (Blow Counts per 6-inches: Classification and Description 465 -80 78.5 - 84.5: GRAVELLY SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to medium, SB: 40-100/5* little to some fines with low plasticity, some fine to coarse angular to 464 -- -81 USCS, MC subrounded gravel, hard, dry to moist. 463 462 461 460 80-90 84.5 - 87.0: SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), gray, fine to medium, trace coarse, few fines with no to low plasticity, firm, moist. At 87" - 88": cobbles 459 458 457 - -88 88.0 - 95.0: SILTY SAND (SM), light gray, fine to medium, some fines 456 with no to low plasticity, trace coarse gravel, firm, moist. Gradational basal contact, contact position uncertain. 455 - -90 SB: 100/4* 454 -91 453 - -92 G --93 90-100 - .95 95.0 - 100.0: SANDY SILT (ML), light gray, some fine to medium sand, no to low plasticity, trace coarse gravel, firm, moist. 449 G 448 446 -99

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet.

Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear.

OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 6 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 445 -100 100.0 - 105.1: SILTY SAND WITH GRAVEL (SM), grayish brown with SB: 35-60-100/1° trace orange staining on gravels, some fines with no to low plasticity, 444 USCS, MC fines content increases downhole, little to some subrounded to subangular fine to coarse gravels, firm, wet to ~101.5', moist below. 443 442 441 440 100-110 -105 105.1 - 106.0: SILTY SAND (SM), gray, fine to medium, little fines 439 with no to low plasticity, trace fine gravel, soft to very soft, moist. -106 106.0 - 108.5: SILT (ML), gray at upper contact grading downhole to brown, no dilatency, trace fine sand, gravel absent, hard to very hard, 438 - -107 437 -108 436 108.5 - 110.0: SILTY SAND (SM), brown, fine to medium, little - -109 nonplastic fines, few fine gravel, trace coarse gravel, very soft, moist 435 - -110 110.0 - 122.0 SANDY GRAVEL (GP), brown, fine to medium, trace SB: 11/35/42 coarse, subrounded to subangular, trace to few fines, some fine to - -111 coarse subangular to angular sand, loose, moist. At 112'-112.5', 117'-117.5', 119'-119.5', and 120.0 - 122.0: Interbeds of SAND (SP/SP-433 - -112 SM), brown, fine to medium, trace to few nonplastic fines, trace fine to medium gravel. Basal contact position uncertain. - -113 431 - -114 - -115 110-120 429 428 - -117 427 426

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 Page 7 of 10 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core (Blow Counts Backfill per 6-inches Lab tests) Classification and Description 425 -120 110.0 - 122.0 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 25-57-60 424 - -121 423 122.0 - 130.0: SAND WITH GRAVEL (SW), dark brown and brown, fine to coarse, trace nonplastic fines including trace thin silty sand 422 interbeds or rip-up clasts, few subrounded to angular fine to coarse gravel, loose, moist. 421 -124 At 124.5' - 126.0': SAND (SP), fine to medium, trace fines, gravel 420 120-130 - -125 absent, dry to moist. 419 -- -126 418 -- -127 417 - -128 416 - -129 415 --130 130.0 - 152.0: SAND (SP), brown, fine to medium, trace coarse, trace SB: 34-100/6* silt except as thin silty sand (SM) interbeds which occur throughout, -131 trace fine subangular to subrounded gravels, trace cobbles to 135', cobbles absent below 135', loose, moist. 413 - -132 130-135 At 133.0' - 134.0': SILTY SAND (SM), trace subangular fine gravels, -133 dry (powdery) with 3-inch-thick interbed of very hard dry SILT (ML). -134 410 --- -135 At 135'-135.5' and 138' - 138.5': interbeds of SILTY SAND (SM) brown, fine to medium, trace coarse, some low plasticity fines, dry, very soft. 409 - -136 408 -137 135-140 G 407 - -138 406 -139

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

U_{EC} Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 8 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Easting: 1699198.57 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core (Blow Counts per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 405 -140 130.0 - 152.0 feet: See description on previous page. SB: 35-47-100/6 At 140' - 148.5': Orange staining on some gravels, layer of strong iron 404 cementation at 145'. 403 402 401 400 140-150 -145 -146 -147 397 At 148.5' - 150.0': SAND WITH SILTY FINES (SP-SM), brown, fine to -148 medium, trace coarse, few nonplastic fines, few fine subrounded gravel. -149 - -150 At 150 - 152: common thin interbeds of brown SILT (ML), moist, very SB: 47-58-100/2 soft. - -151 - -152 152.0 - 154.0: GRAVEL WITH SAND AND SILTY FINES (GW-GM), brown with orange staining, fine to coarse, subrounded to subangular, -153 few nonplastic fines, some medium to coarse sand, trace cobbles, loose, moist. Gradational basal contact. 391 -154 154.0 - 160.5: SANDY GRAVEL (GW), brown with trace orange staining along gravel surfaces, fine to coarse, subrounded to -155 150-160 subangular, trace fines, some medium to coarse sand, trace subrounded to subangular cobbles, loose, moist except wet with weak iron staining and cementation at 156-157". Strong iron cementation at 155' and 160'. 388 -157 387 386 -159

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age. Logged by AGU

UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation | Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 9 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Graphic Log Core Interval Backfill Depth (Blow Counts per 6-inches: Classification and Description 385 -160 SB: 62-100/1* 154.0 - 160.5 feet: See description on previous page 384 -161 160.5 - 168.5: SAND (SP), brown, sand fines downhole from medium to coarse to fine to medium, trace silt except as silty sand (SM) rip-up 383 clasts or interbeds which occur throughout, few subrounded to subangular fine gravels, trace subrounded to subangular coarse 160-165 gravels, loose, moist. 382 381 G 380 -165 379 -166 378 -167 165-170 377 -168 376 168.5 - 171.5: GRAVEL WITH SILTY FINES (GP-GM), brown, fine -169 G and coarse, angular to subangular fine, few silt as pore infill, hard to very hard, moist to dry. 375 - -170 SB: 25-62-100/0° 374 - -171 373 171.5 - 173.5: SAND (SP), brown, fine, trace silt except as silty sand - -172 170-175 G (SM) interbeds, loose, moist. 372 - -173 173.5 - 177.5: SAND WITH GRAVEL AND SILTY FINES (SP-SM), - -174 strong brown sand, fine to medium, few fines, little coarse subrounded to subangular gravel, trace cobbles, moist. - -175 - -176 -177 175-180 367 177.5 - 180: SILTY GRAVEL (GM), olive gray, fine to coarse, - -178 subrounded to subangular, few fines with low plasticity, some fine to medium sand, few cobbles, dry. 366 -179

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet.

Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear.

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UEC Soil Boring Log Cedar Hills Regional Landfill Area 8 Development and Facility Relocation Boring A8B-6 UEC Project 002.01.001 Task 3221 Page 10 of 10 Drilling Contractor and Method: Holt Services, Inc; Continuous core rotary sonic Northing: 168737.07 Start and End Dates: April 2, 2014 - April 7, 2014 Easting: 1699198.57 Borehole diameters: 8" for 0 - 50 feet; 6" for 50 - 180 feet Ground Elevation: 544.9 Sampling Methods: G = grab; SS = 2-inch drive sample; SB = 3-inch drive sample Depth: 181.0 feet Sample Type and Depth Elevation Depth to Water Graphic Log Core Backfill (Blow Counts Depth per 6-inches; Lab tests) Classification and Description 365 -180 Piezometer A8P-1 construction details: SB: 24-58-100/2 0 - 1 feet: Concrete with flush-grade monument. 364 1 - 61 feet: 3/4" Baroid Wyo-ben bentonite chips hydrated concurrent with placement 363 61 - 70 feet: 20 x 40 Colorado silica sand surrounding pre-packed well screen 362 7 - 180.1 feet: 3/4" Baroid Wyo-ben bentonite chips hydrated concurrent with placement 361 0.3 - 63.7 feet: 2-inch diameter flush-threaded Schedule 40 PVC casing 360 -185 63.7 - 68.3 feet: Pre-packed 2-inch diameter flush-threaded Schedule 40 PVC screen with 0.010-inch machined slots surrounded by 20x40 359 silica sand encased by 60-mesh external screen - -186 68.3 - 68.6 feet: 2-inch diameter flush-threaded Schedule 40 PVC sump 358 - -187 357 -188 356 -189355 -190 -191 - -192 - -193 351 -194 350 -195 349 348 -197 347 346

Notes: See General Remarks. All depths and elevations are in feet. Water added during drilling below 60 feet. Borehole was completed as piezometer A8P-1. Top of monument = 544.99 feet; top of PVC casing = 544.57 feet elevation. Abbreviations for laboratory testing: USCS = Visual UCSC classification. MC = Moisture content and density. PSA = Particle size analysis. ATT = Atterberg limits. Hyd Cond = Hydraulic Conductivity. DS = Direct Shear. OC = Organic Carbon. Rad = Radiometric age.

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